OFFICIAL RECORDS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

ANNEXES

Volume I

(of two volumes)

AGENDA ITEMS 3-90
15 September-23 December 1992,
19 January, 11 February, 16 March,
8, 15, 20 and 29 April, 6, 10 and 28 May,
15, 22 and 25 June, 28 July, 17 August
and 14-17 and 20 September 1993

UNITED NATIONS
New York, 1997

NOTE

Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of capital letters combined with figures. Mention of such a symbol indicates a reference to a United Nations document.

ANNEXES OF THE FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

The agenda items for which annex fascicles exist are listed below.

Agenda item	*Title*
3.	Credentials of representatives to the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly:
	(*a*) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
	(*b*) Report of the Credentials Committee.
7.	Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations.
8.	Adoption of the agenda and organization of work: reports of the General Committee.
10.	Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization.
12.	Report of the Economic and Social Council.[a]
14.	Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency.
15.	Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:
	(*a*) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;
	(*b*) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council;
	(*c*) Election of a member of the International Court of Justice.
16.	Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:
	(*a*) Election of twelve members of the World Food Council;
	(*b*) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;
	(*c*) Election of the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme;
	(*d*) Election of a member of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme;
	(*e*) Election of a member of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law.
17.	Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:
	(*a*) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;
	(*b*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;
	(*c*) Appointment of a member of the Board of Auditors;
	(*d*) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;
	(*e*) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal;
	(*f*) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission;
	(*g*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences;
	(*h*) Appointment of a member of the Joint Inspection Unit;
	(*i*) Confirmation of the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development;
	(*j*) Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee;
	(*k*) Confirmation of the appointment of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme.
18.	Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.[b]
19.	Admission of new Members to the United Nations.
20.	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Committee.
21.	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States.

[a] See also fascicle for items 18, 98, 99, 100 and 12, and 101.
[b] See fascicle for items 18, 98, 99, 100 and 12, and 101.

Agenda item	*Title*
22.	The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti.
23.	Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte.
24.	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System.
25.	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference.
26.	Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic.
27.	Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity.
29.	Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States.
30.	Question of Palestine.
31.	Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.
32.	Law of the sea.
33.	Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa.[c]
34.	United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa.[c]
35.	The situation in the Middle East.
36.	The situation in Central America: procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace and progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development.
37.	Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian emergency assistance of the United Nations.
39.	Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba.
40.	Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council.
49.	Reduction of military budgets.[d]
50.	Scientific and technological developments and their impact on international security.[d]
51.	Science and technology for disarmament.[d]
52.	Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification.[d]
53.	Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water.[d]
54.	Comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty.[d]
55.	Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East.[d]
56.	Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia.[d]
57.	Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons.[d]
58.	Prevention of an arms race in outer space.[d]
59.	Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa.[d]
60.	Chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons.[d]
61.	General and complete disarmament:[d]
	(*a*) Notification of nuclear tests;
	(*b*) Further measures in the field of disarmament for the prevention of an arms race on the seabed and the ocean floor and in the subsoil thereof;
	(*c*) Conventional disarmament;
	(*d*) Nuclear disarmament;
	(*e*) Defensive security concepts and policies;
	(*f*) Relationship between disarmament and development;
	(*g*) Prohibition of the production of fissionable material for weapons purposes;
	(*h*) Prohibition of the development, production, stockpiling and use of radiological weapons;
	(*i*) International arms transfers;

[c] See fascicle for items 33 and 34.

[d] See fascicle for items 49 to 65, 68 and 142.

Agenda item	*Title*
	(*j*) Regional disarmament;
	(*k*) Prohibition of the dumping of radioactive wastes;
	(*l*) Transparency in armaments;
	(*m*) Conventional disarmament on a regional scale;
	(*n*) Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons: 1995 Conference and its preparatory committee.
62.	Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly:[d]
	(*a*) World Disarmament Campaign;
	(*b*) Regional confidence-building measures;
	(*c*) Nuclear-arms freeze;
	(*d*) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons;
	(*e*) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services programme;
	(*f*) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa, United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific and United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean.
63.	Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session:[d]
	(*a*) Report of the Disarmament Commission;
	(*b*) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;
	(*c*) Status of multilateral disarmament agreements;
	(*d*) Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters;
	(*e*) United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research;
	(*f*) Disarmament Week;
	(*g*) Implementation of the guidelines for appropriate types of confidence-building measures;
	(*h*) Comprehensive programme of disarmament;
	(*i*) Transfer of high technology with military applications.
64.	Israeli nuclear armament.[d]
65.	Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects.[d]
66.	Question of Antarctica.
67.	Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region.[e]
68.	Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace.[d]
69.	Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security.[e]
70.	Science and peace.
71.	Effects of atomic radiation.
72.	International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space.
73.	United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.
74.	Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories.
75.	Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects.
76.	Questions relating to information.
77.	Question of the composition of the relevant organs of the United Nations.
78.	Development and international economic cooperation:
	(*a*) Trade and development;
	(*b*) Food and agricultural development;

[e] See fascicle for items 67 and 69.

Agenda item	*Title*
	(*c*) New and renewable sources of energy;
	(*d*) Development of the energy resources of developing countries;
	(*e*) International cooperation to mitigate the environmental consequences on Kuwait and other countries in the region resulting from the situation between Iraq and Kuwait.
79.	Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development.
80.	Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind.
81.	International cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries.
82.	External debt crisis and development.
83.	Operational activities for development:
	(*a*) Operational activities of the United Nations system;
	(*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
	(*c*) United Nations Population Fund;
	(*d*) United Nations Children's Fund;
	(*e*) World Food Programme.
84.	International cooperation for economic growth and development:
	(*a*) Implementation of the commitments and policies agreed upon in the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of the Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries;
	(*b*) Implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade.
85.	Industrial development cooperation and the diversification and modernization of productive activities in developing countries.
86.	International conference on the financing of development.
87.	Special economic and disaster relief assistance:[f]
	(*a*) Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Coordinator;
	(*b*) Special programmes of economic assistance.
88.	International assistance for the economic rehabilitation of Angola.[f]
89.	Training and research:
	(*a*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
	(*b*) United Nations University.
90.	Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster.
91.	Elimination of racism and racial discrimination.[g]
92.	Right of peoples to self-determination.[g]
93.	Social development:
	(*a*) Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;
	(*b*) Crime prevention and criminal justice.
94.	Advancement of women.
95.	Narcotic drugs.
96.	Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions:
	(*a*) Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
	(*b*) Questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons;
	(*c*) Humanitarian questions.
97.	Human rights questions:[h]
	(*a*) Implementation of human rights instruments;
	(*b*) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;
	(*c*) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives.

[f] See fascicle for items 87, 88 and 144.
[g] See fascicle for items 91 and 92.
[h] See fascicle for items 97 and 149.

Agenda item	*Title*
98.	Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations.[b]
99.	Activities of those foreign economic and other interests which impede the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa.[b]
100.	Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations.[b]
101.	Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories.[b]
102.	Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:
	(*a*) United Nations;
	(*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
	(*c*) United Nations Children's Fund;
	(*d*) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;
	(*e*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
	(*f*) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
	(*g*) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;
	(*h*) United Nations Population Fund;
	(*i*) United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation.
103.	Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations.[i]
104.	Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993.[i]
105.	Programme planning.
106.	Current financial crisis of the United Nations.[j]
107.	Financial emergency of the United Nations.[j]
108.	Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency.
109.	Joint Inspection Unit.
110.	Pattern of conferences.
111.	Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations.
112.	Personnel questions:
	(*a*) Composition of the Secretariat;
	(*b*) Respect for the privileges and immunities of officials of the United Nations and the specialized agencies and related organizations;
	(*c*) Other personnel questions.
113.	United Nations common system.
114.	United Nations pension system.
115.	Financing of the United Nations peace-keeping forces in the Middle East:
	(*a*) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;
	(*b*) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.
116.	Financing of the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group.
117.	Financing of the United Nations Angola Verification Mission.
118.	Financing of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group.
119.	Financing of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America.[k]
120.	Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 687 (1991):
	(*a*) United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission;
	(*b*) Other activities.

[i] See fascicle for items 103 and 104.
[j] See fascicle for items 106 and 107.
[k] See fascicle for items 119 and 122.

Agenda item	*Title*
121.	Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.
122.	Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador.[k]
123.	Financing of the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia.
124.	Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations.
125.	Observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States.
126.	Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts.
127.	Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives.
128.	United Nations Decade of International Law.
129.	Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its forty-fourth session.
130.	Convention on jurisdictional immunities of States and their property.
131.	Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its twenty-fifth session.
132.	Consideration of the draft articles on the status of the diplomatic courier and the diplomatic bag not accompanied by diplomatic courier and of the draft optional protocols thereto.
133.	Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization.
134.	Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country.
135.	Additional protocol on consular functions to the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations.
136.	Protection of the environment in times of armed conflict.
137.	Financing of the United Nations Protection Force.
138.	Observer status for the International Organization for Migration in the General Assembly.
139.	Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States.
140.	Coordination of the activities of the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe.
141.	Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan.
142.	Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean.[d]
143.	The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.
144.	International cooperation and assistance to alleviate the consequences of war in Croatia and to facilitate its recovery.[f]
145.	Financing of the United Nations Operation in Somalia.
146.	Emergency assistance to Pakistan.
147.	Programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991.
148.	Emergency assistance to the Philippines.
149.	The situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia.[h]
150.	International assistance for the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Nicaragua: aftermath of the war and natural disasters.
151.	Request for an advisory opinion from the International Court of Justice.
152.	Convening of an international conference on Somalia.
153.	Financing of the United Nations operation in Mozambique.
154.	Emergency assistance to Cuba.
155.	Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.
156.	Election of judges of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.
157.	Financing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus.

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 3

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 3: Credentials of representatives to the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly:*

(*a*) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;

(*b*) Report of the Credentials Committee

CONTENTS

Page

Document A/47/517: First report of the Credentials Committee 1

Document A/47/517/Add.1: Second report of the Credentials Committee 2

Action taken by the General Assembly 3

*For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, 1st and 3rd meetings.

DOCUMENT A/47/517

First report of the Credentials Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*9 October 1992*]

1. At its 1st and 3rd plenary meetings, on 15 September 1992 and 18 September 1992, respectively, the General Assembly, in accordance with rule 28 of its rules of procedure, appointed a credentials committee for its forty-seventh session consisting of the following Member States: Argentina, Barbados, Burundi, China, Kenya, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Russian Federation and United States of America.

2. The Credentials Committee held its 1st meeting on 8 October 1992.

3. Mr. E. Besley Maycock (Barbados) was unanimously elected Chairman.

4. The Committee had before it a memorandum by the Secretary-General, dated 7 October 1992, on the status of credentials of representatives to the forty-seventh session. The memorandum indicated that, as at 7 October 1992, credentials issued by the head of State or Government or by the Minister for Foreign Affairs, as provided in rule 27 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, had been submitted by 131 Member States (Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Canada, Chad, China, Colombia, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominica, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Paraguay, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, San Marino, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zaire, Zambia and Zimbabwe). The Legal Counsel informed the Committee that, subsequent to the preparation of the memorandum, additional credentials in due form had been received in respect of the representatives of one Member State (Latvia).

5. The Legal Counsel explained to the Committee that the Secretary-General's memorandum related solely to the Member States participating in the work of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly that had submitted formal credentials for their representatives in accordance with rule 27 of the rules of procedure of the Assembly. As Yugoslavia shall not participate in the work of the forty-seventh session pursuant to Assembly resolution 47/1 of 22 September 1992, credentials submitted by Yugoslavia were not presented to the Committee. The Legal Counsel indicated also that at a later stage the Secretary-General would report to the Committee on the credentials of representatives of Member States participating in the forty-seventh session

whose formal credentials had not yet been received at the time of the Committee's 1st meeting.

6. The Chairman proposed that the Committee should adopt the following draft resolution:

"*The Credentials Committee,*

"*Having examined* the credentials of the representatives to the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly of the Member States referred to in the memorandum of the Secretary-General dated 7 October 1992,

"*Accepts* the credentials of the representatives of the Member States concerned."

7. The draft resolution proposed by the Chairman was adopted without a vote.

8. The Chairman then proposed that the Committee should recommend to the General Assembly the adoption of a draft resolution (see para. 10 below). The proposal was adopted without a vote.

9. In the light of the foregoing, the present report is submitted to the General Assembly.

Recommendation of the Credentials Committee

10. The Credentials Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

CREDENTIALS OF REPRESENTATIVES TO THE FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly

Approves the first report of the Credentials Committee.

DOCUMENT A/47/517/ADD.1

Second report of the Credentials Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*14 December 1992*]

1. The Credentials Committee held its 2nd meeting on 9 December 1992.

2. The Committee had before it a memorandum by the Secretary-General, dated 8 December 1992, concerning the credentials of representatives of Member States participating in the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, other than the credentials of the representatives accepted by the Credentials Committee at its 1st meeting, on 8 October 1992 (see document A/47/517 above, para. 4).

3. A statement relating to the memorandum by the Secretary-General was made by the representative of the Secretary-General, the Legal Counsel.

4. As noted in paragraph 3 of the memorandum, since the 1st meeting of the Committee, formal credentials in the form required by rule 27 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly were received from 29 Member States (Argentina, Austria, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chile, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Fiji, Guatemala, Guyana, India, Ireland, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Rwanda, Samoa, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, United States of America and Vanuatu).

5. As noted in paragraph 4 of the memorandum, information concerning the appointment of their representatives to the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly had been communicated to the Secretary-General by means of a facsimile communication from the head of State or Government or the Minister for Foreign Affairs, or by means of a letter or note verbale from the Permanent Mission concerned, by 15 Member States (Benin, Cambodia, Comoros, Ecuador, Gambia, Georgia, Italy, Kyrgyzstan, Lebanon, Mali, Marshall Islands, Peru, Tajikistan, Uganda and Uzbekistan).

6. The Chairman proposed that the Committee accept the credentials of representatives of the Member States referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Secretary-General's memorandum, on the understanding that formal credentials for representatives of the Member States referred to in paragraph 4 of the memorandum would be communicated to the Secretary-General as soon as possible. The following draft resolution was proposed by the Chairman for adoption by the Committee:

"*The Credentials Committee,*

"*Having examined* the credentials of the representatives to the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly of the Member States referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the memorandum by the Secretary-General dated 8 December 1992,

"*Accepts* the credentials of the representatives of the Member States concerned."

7. The draft resolution was adopted by the Committee without a vote.

8. The Chairman proposed that the Committee should recommend to the General Assembly the approval of the report of the Committee (see para. 10 below). The proposal of the Chairman was adopted without a vote.

9. In the light of the foregoing, the present report is submitted to the General Assembly.

Recommendation of the Credentials Committee

10. The Credentials Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

CREDENTIALS OF REPRESENTATIVES TO THE FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly

Approves the second report of the Credentials Committee.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 1st plenary meeting, on 15 September 1992, the General Assembly, in accordance with rule 28 of its rules of procedure, appointed the following eight Member States as members of the Credentials Committee: Argentina, Barbados, Burundi, China, Kenya, New Zealand, Russian Federation and United States of America (decision 47/301 A[1]).

At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly appointed Papua New Guinea as a member of the Credentials Committee (decision 47/301 B[1]).

The Assembly concluded its work without taking action on the first (A/47/517) and second (A/47/517/Add.1) reports of the Credentials Committee.

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[1]See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 7

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 7: Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations*

CONTENTS

	Page
Document A/47/436: Note by the Secretary-General	1
Action taken by the General Assembly	5

*For the record of the relevant meeting, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, 43rd meeting.

DOCUMENT A/47/436**

Note by the Secretary-General

[Original: English]
[15 September 1992]

1. In accordance with the provisions of Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations and with the consent of the Security Council, the Secretary-General has the honour to notify the General Assembly of matters relative to the maintenance of international peace and security that are being dealt with by the Security Council and of matters with which the Council has ceased to deal.

2. The matters relative to the maintenance of international peace and security that have been discussed during the period since the notification to the forty-sixth session of the General Assembly[1] are as follows:

1. Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

   Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

   Letter dated 20 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Hungary to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

   Letter dated 24 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
2. Central America: efforts towards peace.
3. Letter dated 30 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Haiti to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
4. The situation between Iraq and Kuwait.
5. The situation in Cyprus.
6. The situation in Cambodia.
7. Letter dated 24 November 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council.

   Letter dated 21 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

   Letter dated 26 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
8. The situation in the Middle East.
9. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991).
10. The situation concerning Western Sahara.
11. The situation in the occupied Arab territories.
12. Oral report of the Secretary-General pursuant to his report of 5 and 7 January 1992.
13. Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991).
14. Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991.
15. Letter dated 20 January 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
16. The responsibility of the Security Council in the maintenance of international peace and security.

    The Council concluded its consideration of this item on 31 January 1992.
17. (*a*) The situation between Iraq and Kuwait.

    (*b*) Letter dated 2 April 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 4 April 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 5 March 1992 from the Charge d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
18. The situation in Somalia.
19. Further report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission II.
20. (*a*) Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991.

    (*b*) Report by the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992).

    (*c*) Further report by the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 731 (1992).

**Incorporating document A/47/436/Corr.1 dated 4 February 1993.

[1] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 7, document A/46/479.

21. Letter dated 2 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Venezuela to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
22. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 743 (1992).
23. Letter dated 23 April 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 24 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
24. The situation in Liberia.
25. The situation relating to Nagorny-Karabakh.
26. Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 749 (1992).
27. Letter dated 27 April 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    The Council concluded its consideration of this item on 21 May 1992.
28. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 752 (1992).

    Letter dated 26 May 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 27 May from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the President of the Security Council.
29. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 757 (1992).
30. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 15 of Security Council resolution 757 (1992) and paragraph 10 of Security Council resolution 758 (1992).
31. Oral reports of the Secretary-General on 26 and 29 June 1992 pursuant to Security Council resolution 758 (1992).
32. Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 752 (1992).
33. An agenda for peace: preventive diplomacy, peacemaking and peace-keeping.
34. Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolutions 757 (1992), 758 (1992) and 761 (1992).
35. The question of South Africa.
36. Letter dated 11 July 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Croatia addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 12 July 1992 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Croatia addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 13 July 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 13 July 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Slovenia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 17 July 1992 from the Permanent Representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
37. Report of the Secretary-General on the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.
38. Letter dated 4 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 4 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Venezuela to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
39. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 762 (1992).
40. Letter dated 7 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Belgium to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 7 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 7 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 7 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
41. Letter dated 10 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 10 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 10 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 11 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 11 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Senegal to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 11 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Saudi Arabia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 10 August 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Kuwait to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 11 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Pakistan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 12 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 13 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of the United Arab Emirates to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 13 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Bahrain to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 13 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of the Comoros to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 13 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Qatar to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
42. Letter dated 28 August 1992 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council.
43. Letter dated 24 August 1992 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council.
44. The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

3. During the same period, the Security Council has not discussed the following matters of which it remains seized:

1. Special agreements under Article 43 of the Charter and the organization of the armed forces to be made available to the Security Council.
2. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations.
3. The Egyptian question.
4. The Palestine question.
5. The India-Pakistan question.
6. The Czechoslovak question.
7. The Hyderabad question.
8. Identical notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America to the Secretary-General.
9. International control of atomic energy.
10. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa).
11. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China.

12. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons.
13. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare.
14. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
15. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister for External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council.
16. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
17. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China; letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China.
18. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal, which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888.
19. Actions against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom, which constitute a danger to international peace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations.
20. The situation in Hungary.
21. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria.
22. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council.
23. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General.
24. Complaint of the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft, armed with atomic and hydrogen bombs, in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union".
25. Report by the Secretary-General on the letter received from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos, transmitted on 4 September 1959 by a note from the Permanent Mission of Laos to the United Nations.
26. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, the Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council.
27. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council.
28. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council.
29. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
30. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.
31. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Affairs of Cuba.
32. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroon, the Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, the Congo (Brazzaville), the Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, the Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, the United Arab Republic, the Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia.
33. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security.
34. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council.
35. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council.
36. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti to the President of the Security Council.
37. Reports of the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen.
38. Question concerning the situation in Territories under Portuguese administration.
39. The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa.
40. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council.
41. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yemen, Chargé d'affaires a.i., addressed to the President of the Security Council.
42. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia.
43. Letter dated 4 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
44. Letter dated 5 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council and letter dated 8 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council.
45. Letter dated 6 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council.
46. Letter dated 1 December 1964 addressed to the President of the Security Council from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, the Central African Republic, the Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Indonesia, Kenya, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Somalia, the Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, the United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia and Zambia.
47. Letter dated 9 December 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Democratic Republic of the Congo addressed to the President of the Security Council.
48. Letter dated 1 May 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council.
49. Letter dated 31 January 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
50. Letter dated 2 August 1966 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the President of the Security Council.
51. The situation in Namibia.
52. Letter dated 25 January 1968 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
53. Letter dated 21 May 1968 from the Permanent Representative a.i. of Haiti addressed to the President of the Security Council.
54. Letter dated 12 June 1968 from the Permanent Representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of

Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.

55. Letter dated 21 August 1968 from the representatives of Canada, Denmark, France, Paraguay, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.
56. Complaint by Zambia.
57. Complaint by Guinea.
58. The situation created by increasing incidents involving the hijacking of commercial aircraft.
59. The situation in the India/Pakistan subcontinent.
60. Letter dated 3 December 1971 from the Permanent Representatives of Algeria, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
61. Consideration of questions relating to Africa with which the Security Council is currently seized and implementation of its relevant resolutions.
62. Consideration of measures for the maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security in Latin America in conformity with the provisions and principles of the Charter.
63. Complaint by Cuba.
64. Complaint by Iraq concerning incidents on its frontier with Iran.
65. Relationship between the United Nations and South Africa.
66. The situation in Timor.
67. The Middle East problem, including the Palestinian question.
68. The situation in the Comoros.
69. Communications from France and Somalia concerning the incident of 4 February 1976.
70. Request by the Libyan Arab Republic and Pakistan for consideration of the serious situation arising from recent developments in the occupied Arab territories.
71. Complaint by Kenya, on behalf of the African Group of States at the United Nations, concerning the act of aggression committed by South Africa against the People's Republic of Angola.
72. The question of the exercise by the Palestinian people of its inalienable rights.
73. Situation in South Africa: killings and violence by the apartheid regime in South Africa in Soweto and other areas.
74. Complaint by the Prime Minister of Mauritius, current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity, of the "act of aggression" by Israel against the Republic of Uganda.
75. Complaint by Zambia against South Africa.
76. Complaint by Greece against Turkey.
77. Complaint by Lesotho against South Africa.
78. Complaint by Benin.
79. Complaint by Angola against South Africa.
80. Telegram dated 3 January 1979 from the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the President of the Security Council.
81. The situation in South-East Asia and its implications for international peace and security. [Letter dated 22 February 1979 from the representatives of Norway, Portugal, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council.]
82. Letters dated 13 June 1979 and 15 June 1979 from the Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
83. Letter dated 25 November 1979 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council.
84. Letter dated 22 December 1979 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
85. Letter dated 3 January 1980 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Australia, the Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Denmark, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Fiji, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malaysia, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Portugal, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Thailand, Turkey, Uganda, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Uruguay and Venezuela.
86. Letter dated 1 September 1980 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
87. The situation between Iran and Iraq.
88. Complaint by Iraq.
89. Complaint by Seychelles.
90. Letter dated 19 March 1982 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.
91. Letter dated 1 April 1982 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
92. Letter dated 31 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Kenya addressed to the President of the Security Council enclosing the letter dated 18 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council.
93. Question concerning the situation in the region of the Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas).
94. Letter dated 19 February 1983 from the Permanent Representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
95. Letter dated 16 March 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
96. Letter dated 22 March 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council.
97. Letter dated 5 May 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council.
98. Letter dated 2 August 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
99. Letter dated 8 August 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
100. Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Observer of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 2 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of Australia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
101. Letter dated 12 September 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council.
102. The situation in Grenada.
103. Letter dated 3 February 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
104. Letter dated 18 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
105. Letter dated 22 March 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
106. Letter dated 29 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
107. Letter dated 21 May 1984 from the representatives of Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates addressed to the President of the Security Council.

108. Letter dated 4 September 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
109. Letter dated 3 October 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
110. Letter dated 9 November 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
111. Letter dated 28 January 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
112. Letter dated 6 May 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
113. Letter dated 17 June 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
114. Letter dated 26 September 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
115. Letter dated 1 October 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
116. Letter dated 6 December 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
117. Letter dated 16 December 1985 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
118. Letter dated 4 February 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
119. The situation in southern Africa.
120. Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 26 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
121. Letter dated 12 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
122. Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Burkina Faso to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Oman to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
123. Letter dated 27 June 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
124. Letter dated 22 July 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
125. Letter dated 17 October 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
126. Letter dated 13 November 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
127. Letter dated 9 December 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
128. Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Observer of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
129. Letter dated 11 March 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Argentina to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
130. Letter dated 17 March 1988 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
131. Letter dated 19 April 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
132. The situation relating to Afghanistan.
133. Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Angola to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.

    Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.
134. Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Bahrain addressed to the President of the Security Council.
135. Letter dated 25 April 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Panama to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
136. The question of hostage-taking and abduction.
137. Letter dated 27 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

    Letter dated 28 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
138. The situation in Panama.
139. Letter dated 2 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.
140. United Nations peace-keeping operations.
141. Letter dated 7 December 1990 from the President of the Trusteeship Council addressed to the President of the Security Council.
142. Letter dated 17 May 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Angola to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.

    Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 43rd plenary meeting, on 21 October 1992, the General Assembly took note of the note by the Secretary-General (A/47/436) (see decision 47/404[2]).

[2]Ibid., *Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 8

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 8: Adoption of the agenda and organization of work:* reports of the General Committee

CONTENTS

	Page
Document A/47/150: Provisional agenda of the forty-seventh session	1
Document A/47/200: Supplementary list of items proposed for inclusion in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	7
Document A/BUR/47/1: Organization of the forty-seventh session, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: memorandum by the Secretary-General	7
Document A/47/250: First report of the General Committee	18
Document A/47/250/Add.1: Second report of the General Committee	24
Document A/47/250/Add.2: Third report of the General Committee	24
Document A/47/250/Add.3: Fourth report of the General Committee	24
Document A/47/250/Add.4: Fifth report of the General Committee	25
Document A/47/250/Add.5: Sixth report of the General Committee	25
Document A/47/250/Add.6: Seventh report of the General Committee	25
Document A/47/456: Letter dated 19 September 1992 from the President of the Security Council to the President of the General Assembly	26
Document A/47/933: Letter dated 28 April 1993 from the President of the Security Council to the President of the General Assembly	26
Document A/47/L.1 and Add.1: Afghanistan, Albania, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Comoros, Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Italy, Jordan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Mauritania, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Portugal, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution	27
Document A/47/L.57 and Add.1: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Comoros, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Italy, Kuwait, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, San Marino, Senegal, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution	28
Action taken by the General Assembly	28
List of other documents pertaining to the item	31

*For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, General Committee*, 1st to 7th meetings, and corrigendum; and ibid., *Plenary Meetings*, 2nd, 3rd, 7th, 13th, 19th, 26th, 40th, 68th, 69th, 90th, 94th to 98th, 101st, 104th to 106th and 112th meetings.

DOCUMENT A/47/150

Provisional agenda of the forty-seventh session

[*Original: English*]
[*17 July 1992*]

1. Opening of the session by the Chairman of the delegation of Saudi Arabia (rule 30 of the rules of procedure).
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation (rule 62).
3. Credentials of representatives to the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly (rule 28):
   (*a*) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (*b*) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly (rule 31).
5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees (rule 31).
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly (rule 31).
7. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations (rule 49).
8. Adoption of the agenda and organization of work: reports of the General Committee (rule 21).
9. General debate.
10. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization (rules 13 (*a*) and 48).
11. Report of the Security Council (rule 13 (*b*)).

12. Report of the Economic and Social Council (rule 13 (*b*); General Assembly resolutions 39/229 of 18 December 1984 and 46/199, 46/201 to 46/203 and 46/206 of 20 December 1991 and decision 45/436 of 21 December 1990; and Council decision 1982/112 of 26 April 1982).
13. Report of the International Court of Justice (rule 13 (*b*)).
14. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency (rule 13 (*b*); resolution 46/16 of 13 November 1991).
15. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:
    (*a*) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council (rule 142; decision 46/305 of 16 October 1991);
    (*b*) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council (rule 145; decision 46/310 of 4 November 1991).
16. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:
    (*a*) Election of twelve members of the World Food Council (resolution 3348 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974 and decision 46/307 of 24 October 1991);
    (*b*) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (Economic and Social Council resolution 2008 (LX) of 14 May 1976 and decision 46/308 of 24 October 1991);
    (*c*) Election of the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme (resolution 2997 (XXVII) of 15 December 1972 and decision 43/314 of 2 December 1988).
17. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:
    (*a*) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (rule 155; decision 46/317 of 20 December 1991);
    (*b*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions (rule 158; decision 46/318 of 20 December 1991);
    (*c*) Appointment of a member of the Board of Auditors (resolution 74 (I) of 7 December 1946 and decision 46/319 of 20 December 1991);
    (*d*) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee (resolution 155 (II) of 15 November 1947 and decision 46/320 of 20 December 1991);
    (*e*) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal (resolution 351 A (IV) of 24 November 1949 and decision 46/321 of 20 December 1991);
    (*f*) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission (resolution 3357 (XXIX) of 18 December 1974 and decisions 45/324 of 21 December 1990, 46/323 A of 14 February 1992 and 46/323 B of 2 March 1992);
    (*g*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences (resolution 43/222 B of 21 December 1988 and decision 46/312 A of 13 November and 46/312 B of 20 December 1991);
    (*h*) Appointment of a member of the Joint Inspection Unit (resolution 31/192 of 22 December 1976 and decision 43/326 of 22 December 1988);
    (*i*) Confirmation of the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.
18. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (resolutions 46/63 to 46/67, 46/68 A and B and 46/69 to 46/72 of 11 December 1991 and 46/181 of 19 December 1991 and decisions 46/402 of 20 September 1991, 46/406 of 13 November 1991 and 46/419 to 46/422 of 11 December 1991).
19. Admission of new Members to the United Nations (rule 136).
20. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Committee (resolution 45/4 of 16 October 1990).
21. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States (resolution 45/10 of 25 October 1990).
22. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti (resolution 46/7 of 11 October 1991).
23. Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte (resolution 46/9 of 16 October 1991).
24. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System (resolution 46/12 of 28 October 1991).
25. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference (resolution 46/13 of 28 October 1991).
26. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic (resolution 46/19 of 25 November 1991).
27. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity (resolution 46/20 of 26 November 1991).
28. The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security (resolution 46/23 of 5 December 1991).
29. Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States (resolution 46/24 of 5 December 1991).
30. Question of Palestine (resolutions 46/74 A to C, 46/75 and 46/76 of 11 December 1991).
31. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (resolution 46/77 of 12 December 1991).
32. Law of the sea (resolution 46/78 of 12 December 1991).
33. Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa (resolutions 46/79 A to F of 13 December 1991 and decision 46/409 of 2 December 1991).
34. United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa (resolution 46/80 of 13 December 1991).
35. The situation in the Middle East (resolutions 46/82 A and B of 16 December 1991).
36. The situation in Central America: procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace and progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development (resolutions 46/109 A and B of 17 December 1991).

37. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian emergency assistance of the United Nations (resolution 46/182 of 19 December 1991).
38. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) (decision 46/406 of 13 November 1991).
39. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba (decision 46/407 of 13 November 1991).
40. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council (decision 46/418 of 11 December 1991).
41. Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986 (decision 46/436 of 18 December 1991).
42. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security (decision 46/442 of 20 December 1991).
43. Launching of global negotiations on international economic cooperation for development (decision 46/443 of 20 December 1991).
44. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations (decision 46/444 of 20 December 1991).
45. Question of Cyprus.[1]
46. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait.
47. Restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields (resolution 46/235 of 13 April 1992).
48. Commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the United Nations in 1995 (decision 46/472 of 13 April 1992).
49. Reduction of military budgets (resolution 40/91 B of 12 December 1985).
50. Scientific and technological developments and their impact on international security (resolution 45/60 of 4 December 1990).
51. Science and technology for disarmament (resolution 45/61 of 4 December 1990).
52. Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification (resolution 45/65 of 4 December 1990).
53. Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water (resolution 46/28 of 6 December 1991).
54. Comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty (resolution 46/29 of 6 December 1991).
55. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East (resolution 46/30 of 6 December 1991).
56. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia (resolution 46/31 of 6 December 1991).
57. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons (resolution 46/32 of 6 December 1991).
58. Prevention of an arms race in outer space (resolution 46/33 of 6 December 1991).
59. Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa (resolutions 46/34 A of 6 December 1991 and 46/34 B of 9 December 1991).
60. Chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons (resolutions 46/35 A to C of 6 December 1991).
61. General and complete disarmament (resolutions 42/38 C of 30 November 1987, 44/116 O of 15 December 1989, 45/58 C, D and O of 4 December 1990, 46/36 A to K of 6 December 1991 and 46/36 L of 9 December 1991 and decisions 46/412 and 46/413 of 6 December 1991):
    (*a*) Notification of nuclear tests (resolution 42/38 C);
    (*b*) Further measures in the field of disarmament for the prevention of an arms race on the seabed and the ocean floor and in the subsoil thereof (resolution 44/116 O);
    (*c*) Conventional disarmament (resolution 45/58 C);
    (*d*) Nuclear disarmament (resolution 45/58 D);
    (*e*) Defensive security concepts and policies (resolution 45/58 O);
    (*f*) Relationship between disarmament and development (resolution 46/36 C);
    (*g*) Prohibition of the production of fissionable material for weapons purposes (resolution 46/36 D);
    (*h*) Prohibition of the development, production, stockpiling and use of radiological weapons (resolution 46/36 E);
    (*i*) International arms transfers (resolution 46/36 H);
    (*j*) Regional disarmament (resolution 46/36 I);
    (*k*) Prohibition of the dumping of radioactive wastes (resolution 46/36 K);
    (*l*) Transparency in armaments (resolution 46/36 L);
    (*m*) Conventional disarmament on a regional scale (decision 46/412);
    (*n*) Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons: 1995 Conference and its preparatory committee (decision 46/413).
62. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly (resolutions 46/37 A to E of 6 December 1991 and 46/37 F of 9 December 1991):
    (*a*) World Disarmament Campaign (resolution 46/37 A);
    (*b*) Regional confidence-building measures (resolution 46/37 B);
    (*c*) Nuclear-arms freeze (resolution 46/37 C);
    (*d*) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons (resolution 46/37 D);
    (*e*) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services programme (resolution 46/37 E);

[1] This item, which has not been considered by the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session, is included in the provisional agenda of its forty-seventh session subject to any action that the Assembly might take on it at its forty-sixth session.

(*f*) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa, United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific and United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean (resolution 46/37 F).

63. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session (resolutions 36/92 H of 9 December 1981, 38/183 O of 20 December 1983, 39/148 H of 17 December 1984, 44/119 G of 15 December 1989, 45/62 F and G of 4 December 1990 and 46/38 A to D of 6 December 1991):
   (*a*) Report of the Disarmament Commission (resolution 46/38 A);
   (*b*) Report of the Conference on Disarmament (resolution 46/38 C);
   (*c*) Status of multilateral disarmament agreements (resolution 36/92 H);
   (*d*) Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters (resolution 38/183 O);
   (*e*) United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research (resolution 39/148 H and 45/62 G);
   (*f*) Disarmament Week (resolution 44/119 G);
   (*g*) Implementation of the guidelines for appropriate types of confidence-building measures (resolution 45/62 F);
   (*h*) Comprehensive programme of disarmament (resolution 46/38 B);
   (*i*) Transfer of high technology with military applications (resolution 46/38 D).
64. Israeli nuclear armament (resolution 46/39 of 6 December 1991).
65. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects (resolution 46/40 of 6 December 1991).
66. Question of Antarctica (resolutions 46/41 A and B of 6 December 1991).
67. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region (resolution 46/42 of 6 December 1991).
68. Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace (resolution 46/49 of 9 December 1991).
69. Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security (decision 46/414 of 6 December 1991).
70. Science and peace (resolution 45/70 of 11 December 1990).
71. Effects of atomic radiation (resolution 46/44 of 9 December 1991).
72. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space (resolution 46/45 of 9 December 1991).
73. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (resolutions 46/46 A to K of 9 December 1991).
74. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories (resolutions 46/47 A to G of 9 December 1991).
75. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects (resolution 46/48 of 9 December 1991).
76. Questions relating to information (resolutions 46/73 A and B of 11 December 1991).
77. Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India (decision 46/402 of 20 September 1991).
78. Question of the composition of the relevant organs of the United Nations (decision 46/415 of 9 December 1991).
79. Development and international economic cooperation (General Assembly resolutions 42/186 and 42/187 of 11 December 1987, 44/227 of 22 December 1989, 45/184, 45/192 and 45/193 of 21 December 1990, 46/161 and 46/164 of 19 December 1991 and 46/215 of 20 December 1991 and decisions 46/438 of 19 December 1991 and 46/461 of 20 December 1991; and Economic and Social Council resolution 1991/73 of 26 July 1991):
   (*a*) Trade and development (resolutions 1995 (XIX) of 30 December 1964, 45/200 and 45/202 of 21 December 1990, 45/261 of 3 May 1991 and 46/207 and 46/214 of 20 December 1991);
   (*b*) Food and agricultural development (resolutions 3348 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974, 45/207 of 21 December 1990 and 46/200 of 20 December 1991 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1991/53 of 26 July 1991);
   (*c*) New and renewable sources of energy (resolutions 37/250 of 21 December 1982 and 45/208 of 21 December 1990);
   (*d*) Development of the energy resources of developing countries (resolution 45/209 of 21 December 1990);
   (*e*) International cooperation to mitigate the environmental consequences on Kuwait and other countries in the region resulting from the situation between Iraq and Kuwait (resolution 46/216 of 20 December 1991).
80. Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (resolution 46/168 of 19 December 1991).
81. Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind (resolution 46/169 of 19 December 1991).
82. International cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries (resolution 46/141 of 17 December 1991).
83. External debt crisis and development (resolution 46/148 and decision 46/433 of 18 December 1991).
84. Operational activities for development:
   (*a*) Operational activities of the United Nations system (resolutions 35/81 of 5 December 1980, 41/171 of 5 December 1986, 44/211 of 22 December 1989 and 46/219 of 20 December 1991);
   (*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
   (*c*) United Nations Population Fund;

(*d*) United Nations Children's Fund (resolution 45/217 of 21 December 1990);

(*e*) World Food Programme.

85. International cooperation for economic growth and development:

(*a*) Implementation of the commitments and policies agreed upon in the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of the Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries (resolution 46/144 of 17 December 1991);

(*b*) Implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade (resolution 45/199 of 21 December 1990).

86. Industrial development cooperation and the diversification and modernization of productive activities in developing countries (resolutions 45/196 of 21 December 1990 and 46/146 of 17 December 1991).

87. International conference on the financing of development (resolution 46/205 of 20 December 1991).

88. Special economic and disaster relief assistance:

(*a*) Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Coordinator (resolutions 2816 (XXVI) of 14 December 1971 and 45/221 of 21 December 1990);

(*b*) Special programmes of economic assistance (resolutions 45/227 and 45/230 of 21 December 1990, 46/147 of 17 December 1991, 46/171 to 46/178 of 19 December 1991, 46/234 of 13 April 1992 and 46/239 of 22 May 1992).

89. International assistance for the economic rehabilitation of Angola (resolution 46/142 of 17 December 1991).

90. Training and research:

(*a*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research (resolutions 1934 (XVIII) of 11 December 1963 and 46/180 of 19 December 1991);

(*b*) United Nations University (resolution 3081 (XXVIII) of 6 December 1973 and 45/220 of 21 December 1990).

91. Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster (resolution 46/150 of 18 December 1991).

92. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination (General Assembly resolutions 2106 A (XX) of 21 December 1965, 3380 (XXX) of 10 November 1975, 45/84 and 45/89 of 14 December 1990 and 46/83 to 46/85 of 16 December 1991; and Economic and Social Council decision 1991/237 of 31 May 1991).

93. Right of peoples to self-determination (resolutions 46/87 to 46/89 of 16 December 1991).

94. Social development:

(*a*) Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family (resolutions 44/58 of 8 December 1989, 45/103 of 14 December 1990, 46/91 and 46/94 to 46/96 of 16 December 1991 and 46/139 of 17 December 1991);

(*b*) Crime prevention and criminal justice (resolutions 44/71 of 8 December 1989, 45/123 of 14 December 1990 and 46/152 and 46/153 of 18 December 1991).

95. Advancement of women (resolutions 45/124 of 14 December 1990 and 46/97, 46/98 and 46/100 of 16 December 1991).

96. Narcotic drugs (resolutions 45/146 of 18 December 1990 and 46/101 to 46/104 of 16 December 1991).

97. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions:

(*a*) Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (resolutions 428 (V) of 14 December 1950, 42/108 of 7 December 1987 and 46/106 of 16 December 1991);

(*b*) Questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons (resolutions 46/107 and 46/108 of 16 December 1991);

(*c*) Humanitarian questions (resolutions 45/100 and 45/101 of 14 December 1990).

98. Human rights questions:

(*a*) Implementation of human rights instruments (resolutions 39/46 of 10 December 1984, 44/25 of 20 November 1989, 45/152 of 18 December 1990 and 46/111, 46/112 and 46/114 of 17 December 1991 and decision 46/428 of 17 December 1991);

(*b*) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms (resolutions 45/98 and 45/99 of 14 December 1990, 45/155 and 45/167 to 45/169 of 18 December 1990 and 46/115 to 46/118, 46/121, 46/123, 46/127, 46/128, 46/130, 46/131 and 46/137 of 17 December 1991 and decisions 45/427 of 14 December 1990, 45/433 of 18 December 1990 and 46/473 of 6 May 1992);

(*c*) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives (resolutions 46/132 to 46/134 and 46/136 of 17 December 1991).

99. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations (resolution 46/63 of 11 December 1991).

100. Activities of foreign economic and other interests which are impeding the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa (resolution 46/64 and decision 46/419 of 11 December 1991).

101. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations (resolution 46/65 of 11 December 1991).

102. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories (resolution 46/66 of 11 December 1991).
103. Question of East Timor (decision 46/402 of 20 September 1991).
104. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors (resolution 46/183 of 20 December 1991):
    (*a*) United Nations;
    (*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
    (*c*) United Nations Children's Fund;
    (*d*) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;
    (*e*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
    (*f*) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
    (*g*) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;
    (*h*) United Nations Population Fund;
    (*i*) United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation.
105. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations (resolutions 42/211 of 21 December 1987, 45/255 of 21 December 1990, 46/220 of 20 December 1991 and 46/232 of 2 March 1992 and decision 46/467 of 20 December 1991).
106. Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 (resolutions 45/248 A of 21 December 1990 and 46/185 A to C, 46/186 A to C, 46/187 and 46/188 of 20 December 1991 and decisions 46/450 and 46/451 of 20 December 1991).
107. Programme planning (resolutions 45/253 of 21 December 1990 and 46/189 of 20 December 1991).
108. Current financial crisis of the United Nations.
109. Financial emergency of the United Nations.[1]
110. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency (decisions 45/450 of 21 December 1990 and 46/445 of 20 December 1991).
111. Joint Inspection Unit (resolution 45/237 of 21 December 1990 and decision 46/446 of 20 December 1991).
112. Pattern of conferences (resolutions 45/238 B of 21 December 1990 and 46/190 of 20 December 1991).
113. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations (resolutions 46/221 A to D of 20 December 1991).
114. Personnel questions (resolutions 45/239 A and B of 21 December 1990):[1]
    (*a*) Composition of the Secretariat (resolution 45/239 A);
    (*b*) Respect for the privileges and immunities of officials of the United Nations and the specialized agencies and related organizations;
    (*c*) Other personnel questions (resolution 45/239 B).
115. United Nations common system (resolutions 45/241 of 21 December 1990 and 46/191 of 20 December 1991).
116. United Nations pension system (resolution 46/192 of 20 December 1991).
117. Financing of the United Nations peace-keeping forces in the Middle East:
    (*a*) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (resolution 46/193 of 20 December 1991);
    (*b*) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (resolution 46/194 of 20 December 1991).
118. Financing of the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group.[1]
119. Financing of the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (resolution 46/195 of 20 December 1991).
120. Financing of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group.[1]
121. Financing of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (resolution 46/196 of 20 December 1991).
122. Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 687 (1991):
    (*a*) United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission (resolution 46/197 of 20 December 1991);
    (*b*) Other activities.
123. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (resolution 45/266 of 17 May 1991).
124. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (resolution 46/240 of 22 May 1992).
125. Financing of the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (resolutions 46/222 A of 14 February 1992 and 46/222 B of 22 May 1992).
126. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations (resolution 45/258 of 3 May 1991).[1]
127. Observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States (resolution 45/37 of 28 November 1990).
128. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts (resolution 45/38 of 28 November 1990).
129. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives (resolution 45/39 of 28 November 1990).
130. United Nations Decade of International Law (resolution 46/53 of 9 December 1991).
131. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its forty-fourth session (resolution 46/54 of 9 December 1991).
132. Convention on jurisdictional immunities of States and their property (resolution 46/55 of 9 December 1991).
133. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its twenty-fifth session (resolutions 46/56 A and B of 9 December 1991).

134. Consideration of the draft articles on the status of the diplomatic courier and the diplomatic bag not accompanied by diplomatic courier and of the draft optional protocols thereto (resolution 46/57 of 9 December 1991).

135. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization (resolution 46/58 of 9 December 1991).

136. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country (resolution 46/60 of 9 December 1991).

137. Additional protocol on consular functions to the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations (resolution 46/61 of 9 December 1991).

138. Protection of the environment in times of armed conflict (decision 46/417 of 9 December 1991).

139. Financing of the United Nations Protection Force (resolution 46/233 of 19 March 1992).

140. Observer status for the International Organization for Migration in the General Assembly (item proposed by Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bolivia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Honduras, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Latvia, Luxembourg, Morocco, the Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, the Republic of Korea, Romania, the Russian Federation, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Turkey, Uruguay, Venezuela and Viet Nam (A/47/141)).

DOCUMENT A/47/200

Supplementary list of items proposed for inclusion in the agenda of the forty-seventh session

[*Original: English*]
[*20 August 1992*]

1. Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States (item proposed by Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania (A/47/191)).
2. Coordination of the activities of the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (item proposed by Czechoslovakia (A/47/192)).
3. Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan (item proposed by Afghanistan (A/47/193)).

DOCUMENT A/BUR/47/1

Organization of the forty-seventh session, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: memorandum by the Secretary-General

[*Original: English*]
[*14 September 1992*]

1. The Secretary-General has the honour to place before the General Committee, for its consideration, the following observations and proposals in connection with the report to be made to the General Assembly by the General Committee regarding the organization of the forty-seventh regular session and future sessions of the Assembly, the adoption of the agenda and the allocation of items.

2. Over the years, the General Assembly has adopted a number of provisions aimed at rationalizing the procedures and organization of the Assembly. These provisions are reproduced in the annexes to the rules of procedure of the General Assembly (A/520/Rev.15 and Amend.1, annexes I, II, IV-VIII). Although some of these provisions have already been implemented, many of them have not yet been or have been only partly implemented. Some of them have acquired an increasing importance in view of the efforts being undertaken in the process of renewal and reform of the Organization.

3. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to the provisions reproduced in annexes V, VI, VII and VIII to its rules of procedure, in particular to those provisions reproduced below under the relevant headings.

Organization of the session

General Committee

4. The Secretary-General wishes to draw the General Committee's attention to rule 40 of the rules of procedure as well as General Assembly decision 34/401 (ibid., annex VI, paras. 1 and 2), Assembly resolution 39/88 B (ibid., annex VII, para. 4) and the annex to resolution 45/45 (ibid., annex VIII, para. 3) pertaining to the functions of the Committee.

Rationalization of work

5. The Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to General Assembly resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986, whereby the Assembly decided that the recommendations as agreed upon and as contained in the report of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts to Review the Ef-

ficiency of the Administrative and Financial Functioning of the United Nations[2] should be implemented by the Secretary-General and the relevant organs and bodies of the United Nations.

6. In this connection, the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the measures he has undertaken in pursuance of the goal of renewal and reform, in particular to recommendations 2, 3 and 7 of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts,[2] as reflected in his progress reports on the implementation of General Assembly resolution 41/213[3] as well as a supplementary report submitted to the forty-fifth session of the Assembly.[4] The Secretary-General also wishes to draw the General Committee's attention to Assembly resolutions 46/232 of 2 March 1992 on the revitalization of the United Nations Secretariat, and 46/235 of 13 April 1992 on the restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields.

7. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 5 of the annex to resolution 45/45 (A/520/Rev.15 and Amend.1, annex VIII), which reads as follows:

> "5. The General Committee should consider, at the beginning of each session of the General Assembly, recommending that certain Main Committees should meet in sequential order, taking into account such matters as the number of meetings required for the consideration of the questions with which they are charged at that session, the organization of the work of the whole session and the problem of participation of smaller delegations."

In this connection, the Committee may wish to recommend to the Assembly that, as at recent sessions, the holding of concurrent meetings of the Special Political Committee and the Fourth Committee should be avoided, to the extent possible and with the necessary flexibility, during the forty-seventh session.

8. Furthermore, the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the fact that measures introduced to reduce costs relating to overtime continue to be in effect. Therefore, the Committee may wish to remind Member States that, as a result of these curtailments, the Secretariat will not be able to provide all the services rendered prior to 1986.

Closing date of the session

9. In accordance with the provisions of rule 2 of the rules of procedure, the General Assembly should fix a closing date for the forty-seventh session. The General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that the forty-seventh session should recess not later than Friday, 18 December 1992, and close on Monday, 20 September 1993.

Schedule of meetings

10. Following the practice since the forty-first session, the General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that morning meetings should start at 10 a.m. promptly for all plenary meetings and meetings of the Main Committees during the forty-seventh session.

11. In view of the practice at recent sessions, the General Committee may wish to recommend that, in order to avoid the late start of meetings, the General Assembly should waive the requirement of the presence of at least one third of the members to declare a plenary meeting open and permit the debate to proceed and one quarter of the members to declare a meeting of a Main Committee open and permit the debate to proceed. This recommendation would be made on the understanding that it does not involve any permanent change in the provisions of rules 67 and 108 of the rules of procedure which pertain, as well as to the opening of meetings, to the requirement of the presence of a majority of the members for any decision to be taken.

12. Furthermore, the General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that delegations should be reminded of the utmost importance of punctuality in the interest of ensuring an effective and orderly organization of work and achieving economies for the United Nations.

General debate

13. In accordance with recent practice, the Secretary-General suggests that the general debate should begin on Monday, 21 September, and end on Thursday, 8 October 1992.

14. The Secretary-General also suggests that the list of speakers in the general debate should be closed on Wednesday, 23 September, at 6 p.m.

15. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to the decision taken by the Assembly at previous sessions, namely that the practice of expressing congratulations inside the General Assembly Hall itself after a speech had been delivered was prohibited.

Explanations of vote, right of reply, points of order and length of statements

16. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 of its decision 34/401 (ibid., annex VI), which read as follows:

> "6. Explanations of vote should be limited to ten minutes.
>
> "7. When the same draft resolution is considered in a Main Committee and in plenary meeting, a delegation should, as far as possible, explain its vote only once, i.e., either in the Committee or in plenary meeting, unless that delegation's vote in plenary meeting is different from its vote in the Committee.
>
> "8. Delegations should exercise their right of reply at the end of the day whenever two meetings have been scheduled for that day and whenever such meetings are devoted to the consideration of the same item."

17. The Secretary-General wishes to suggest that, in line with time-limits for explanation of vote and right of reply, the General Committee recommend to the General Assembly limiting points of order to five minutes.

18. With a view to streamlining the procedures of the General Assembly and as another cost-saving measure, the General Committee, in connection with the length of statements, may wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly, as it did at recent sessions, to rules 72 and 114 of the rules of procedure and paragraph 22 of annex VI thereto for appropriate action in plenary meeting and the Main Committees.

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[2] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-first Session, Supplement No. 49.*

[3] A/42/234, A/43/286 and A/44/222.

[4] A/45/226.

Records of meetings

19. As at past sessions, verbatim records will continue to be provided during the forty-seventh session for the plenary meetings of the General Assembly and meetings of the First Committee, and summary records will be provided to the General Committee, the Credentials Committee and the Main Committees of the Assembly. In accordance with the recommendation of the Special Committee on the Rationalization of the Procedures and Organization of the General Assembly (ibid., annex V, para. 108 (*b*)), the General Committee may wish to recommend that the General Assembly should maintain for the forty-seventh session the practice whereby the Special Political Committee may obtain, on specific request, transcriptions of the debates of some of its meetings, or portions thereof. These transcriptions, which would not be part of the official records of the Committee, would be provided as the required services became available. Furthermore, the General Committee may wish to draw the Assembly's attention to paragraphs 8 and 9 of its resolution 38/32 E of 25 November 1983, which read as follows:

"8. *Decides* that the practice of reproducing statements *in extenso* as separate documents shall be discontinued for all its subsidiary organs that are entitled to summary records;

"9. *Decides further* that any exceptions to this rule may be made by the body concerned only if the statements are to serve as bases for discussion and if, after hearing a statement of the relevant financial implications, the body decides that one or more statements *in extenso* may be included in the summary record, or reproduced as separate documents or as annexes to authorized documents;".

In this connection, the General Committee may also wish to recommend to the Assembly that the practice not to reproduce *in extenso* statements made in a Main Committee should be maintained for the forty-seventh session.

Seating arrangements

20. In accordance with established practice, the Secretary-General has drawn lots for the purpose of choosing the Member State to occupy the first desk on the General Assembly floor from which the alphabetical seating order will begin. The name drawn was Poland. Consequently, the delegation of that country will sit at the first desk at the right of the President and the other countries will follow in the English alphabetical order. The same order will be observed in the Main Committees.

Concluding statements

21. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 17 of its decision 34/401 (ibid., annex VI), which reads as follows:

"17. To save time at the end of the session, the practice of making concluding statements in the General Assembly and its Main Committees should be dispensed with except for statements by the presiding officers."

Resolutions

22. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 32 of its decision 34/401, which reads as follows:

"32. Whenever possible, resolutions requesting the discussion of a question at a subsequent session should not call for the inclusion of a separate new item and such discussion should be held under the item under which the resolution was adopted."

23. The General Committee may also wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to recommendation 3 (*f*) of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts,[2] which reads as follows:

"(*f*) Efforts should be made to reduce the number of resolutions adopted by the General Assembly. Resolutions should request reports of the Secretary-General only in cases where that would be indispensable for facilitating the implementation of these resolutions or the continued examination of the question."

24. In this connection, the General Committee may further wish to draw the attention of the General Assembly to paragraphs 1 and 10 of the annex to resolution 45/45 (A/520/Rev.15 and Amend.1, annex VIII).

Questions related to the programme budget

25. The Secretary-General would like to draw the attention of the General Committee to rule 153 of the rules of procedure, which reads as follows:

"No resolution involving expenditure shall be recommended by a committee for approval by the General Assembly unless it is accompanied by an estimate of expenditures prepared by the Secretary-General. No resolution in respect of which expenditures are anticipated by the Secretary-General shall be voted by the General Assembly until the Administrative and Budgetary Committee (Fifth Committee) has had an opportunity of stating the effect of the proposal upon the budget estimates of the United Nations."

In this connection, the General Committee may wish to draw the Assembly's attention to paragraph 12 of its decision 34/401 (ibid., annex VI), which reads as follows:

"12. It is imperative that Main Committees should allow sufficient time for the preparation of the estimate of expenditures by the Secretariat and for its consideration by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions and the Fifth Committee and that they should take this requirement into account when they adopt their programme of work."

Furthermore, the General Committee may wish to draw the attention of the Assembly to paragraph 6 of its resolution 35/10 A of 3 November 1980, which reads as follows:

"6. *Decides* that all proposals affecting the schedule of conferences and meetings made at sessions of the General Assembly shall be reviewed by the Committee on Conferences when administrative implications are being considered under the requirements of rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the Assembly."

The General Committee may also wish to draw the Assembly's attention to regulation 4.9 of the Regulations Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation (resolution 37/234, annex), which reads as follows:

"*Regulation 4.9.* No Council, Commission or other competent body shall take a decision involving either a change in the programme budget approved by the General Assembly or the possible requirement of expenditure unless it has received and taken account of a report from the Secretary-General on the programme budget implications of the proposal."

26. The General Committee may also wish to recall paragraph 13 of decision 34/401 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI), which reads as follows:

"13. Furthermore:

"(*a*) A mandatory deadline, not later than 1 December, should be established for the submission to the Fifth Committee of all draft resolutions with financial implications;

"(*b*) The Fifth Committee should, as a general practice, consider accepting without debate the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the financial implications of draft resolutions up to a prescribed limit, namely, $25,000 on any one item;

"(*c*) Firm deadlines should be set for the early submission of the reports of subsidiary bodies which require consideration by the Fifth Committee;

"(*d*) A minimum period of forty-eight hours should be allowed between the submission and the voting of a proposal involving expenditure in order to allow the Secretary-General to prepare and present the related statement of administrative and financial implications."

27. In connection with subparagraph 13 (*d*) of decision 34/401 quoted above, experience has shown that, depending on the type and complexity of the proposals involving changes in the work programme and additional expenditures, the preparation of a statement of programme budget implications by the Secretary-General may take a few days. In addition, the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions and the Fifth Committee need adequate time to review the programme budget implications of a draft resolution before the latter can be acted on by the Assembly.

28. It is thus desirable that Member States submit proposals involving statements of programme budget implications sufficiently in advance to avoid the cancellation of meetings and the postponement of consideration of items.

Documentation

29. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 28 of its decision 34/401, which reads as follows:

"28. The General Assembly, including its Main Committees, should merely take note of those reports of the Secretary-General or subsidiary organs which do not require a decision by the Assembly and should neither debate nor adopt resolutions on them, unless specifically requested to do so by the Secretary-General or the organ concerned."

30. The Secretary-General feels obliged to emphasize yet again that the provisions adopted by the General Assembly to control and limit documentation have not succeeded in decreasing the volume. Indeed the volume of pre-session documentation has consistently increased in recent years, without any strengthening of resources, thus contributing to serious delays in the issuance of documentation. Given the limited capacity of the documentation processing services, it is essential that documentation requirements be met according to established priorities. Of necessity, pre- and in-session documents must take precedence over meeting records. The translation of summary records, in particular, must be delayed if demand exceeds capacity. Waiving the simultaneous distribution requirement in this case will ensure that some language versions of summary records will appear in a timely manner. The General Committee may wish to examine this question further.

Observances and commemorative meetings

31. Observances and commemorative meetings held in plenary meeting have for the most part followed a well-defined pattern. Considering past practice, and allowing for the necessary flexibility, the General Committee may wish to recommend that with the exception of the anniversary of the United Nations, the Assembly adopt the following format for commemorative meetings: statements by the President of the General Assembly and the Secretary-General and statements by the chairmen of the five regional groups and by the representative of the host country. The Secretary-General also suggests that consideration be given to limiting each statement to 15 minutes.

32. It is further suggested that observances and commemorative meetings take place, as far as possible, immediately following the general debate. The advantage of such a procedure is that it may facilitate the participation of dignitaries attending the general debate. This procedure would also allow advance planning of the Assembly's work.

Special conferences

33. The General Committee may wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to recommendation 6 of the Committee on Conferences, adopted by the Assembly in paragraph (*b*) of its decision 34/405, which reads as follows:

"(*b*) The Committee, taking into account difficulties encountered in ensuring adequate preparation of meetings, including timely distribution of documentation, as well as the ability of Member States to participate fully, recommends that the General Assembly should instruct the Main Committees to review the number of special conferences of the United Nations already proposed and scheduled in their respective fields of activity prior to deciding upon the scheduling of new and additional special conferences, thus bearing in mind the relevant portions of General Assembly resolution 33/55."

The General Committee may also wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to recommendation 2 (*d*) of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts,[2] which reads as follows:

"(*d*) Until 1978, a number of resolutions had requested that only one major conference be scheduled annually. The decision of the General Assembly that no more than five special conferences should take place in a given year and that no more than one special conference should be convened at the same time should be strictly implemented."

34. In this connection, the General Committee may further wish to draw the General Assembly's attention to the relevant provisions of recommendation 4 of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts,[2] which reads as follows:

"The existing principle that United Nations bodies should meet at their respective established headquarters, as provided for in General Assembly resolution 40/243 of 18 December 1985, should be strictly enforced. Whenever the Assembly accepts an invitation from the Government of a Member State to hold a conference or meeting away from established headquarters, the additional cost should be borne in full by that Government. The methods of budget-

ing these costs should be improved so as to ensure that all additional costs are accounted for."

Meetings of subsidiary organs

35. In accordance with paragraph 7 of section I of General Assembly resolution 40/243, no subsidiary organ of the Assembly should be permitted to meet at United Nations Headquarters during a regular session of the Assembly, unless explicitly authorized by the Assembly. In this connection, the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to two letters dated 27 and 28 August 1992 (A/47/409 and Add.1) in which the Chairman of the Committee on Conferences informed the President of the Assembly that, in view of special circumstances, the Committee had recommended that the following subsidiary organs should be authorized to meet during the forty-seventh session:

(*a*) Advisory Committee on the United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa;

(*b*) Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(*c*) Committee of Trustees of the United Nations Trust Fund for South Africa;

(*d*) Committee on Relations with the Host Country;

(*e*) Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People;

(*f*) Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund;

(*g*) Intergovernmental Group to Monitor the Supply and Shipping of Oil and Petroleum Products to South Africa;

(*h*) Special Committee against Apartheid;

(*i*) Working Group on the Financing of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.

OBSERVATIONS AND PROPOSALS ON THE ORGANIZATION OF FUTURE SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

36. The provisional agenda of the General Assembly reflects the concern of Member States with a myriad of issues spanning political, economic, social and financial fields. The growing complexity of many global issues and their increasingly interdisciplinary nature pose a challenge to the Organization's ability to respond swiftly.

37. The Assembly is faced with many items that require timely and purposeful consideration, often under stringent deadlines. It is therefore imperative that it continue to improve its operating procedures so as to organize its work effectively and make optimum use of the time available.

38. The following are some observations and proposals that the General Committee may wish to refer to the Assembly for discussion at its forty-seventh session with a view to adopting measures for their implementation at future sessions.

Programme of work of the General Assembly

39. During the past few years, the General Assembly has met frequently between January and August. Most recently, during the forty-sixth session, it met every month, with the exception of January and June. These meetings were not envisaged in the calendar of meetings and therefore ad hoc arrangements had to be made to continue to provide adequate Secretariat services at the expense of other requirements. It may be worthwhile for the Assembly to consider whether the rationalization of Assembly meetings between January and August is possible to allow advance planning for delegations and the Secretariat.

Main Committees

40. In the light of the experience gained in scheduling the work of the Assembly, and making allowances for the required flexibility, the General Committee may wish to examine the possibility of fixing staggered target dates for the completion of work of the Main Committees. This would allow for better planning of meetings and processing of the reports of the Main Committees.

41. The General Committee may wish to undertake a review of the structure and mandates of the Main Committees with a view to making recommendations to the General Assembly on possible improvements in that regard, including merging the mandates of some Committees or changing their responsibilities in the light of the evolving agenda of the General Assembly.

Adoption of the agenda

42. All proposals for the inclusion of items in the agenda of the forty-seventh session have been communicated to Member States in the following documents:

(*a*) Provisional agenda of the forty-seventh session (A/47/150);

(*b*) Supplementary list (A/47/200);

(*c*) Requests for the inclusion of additional items (A/47/241 and A/47/242).

The items proposed for inclusion are listed in the draft agenda, which appears in paragraph 44 below.

43. Bearing in mind the need to rationalize the General Assembly's procedures, and in view of the large number of items on the draft agenda, the Secretary-General wishes to recall the recommendation of the Special Committee on the Rationalization of the Procedures and Organization of the General Assembly that Member States should examine the agenda with a view to eliminating items which have lost their urgency or relevance, are not ripe for consideration or could be dealt with and even disposed of equally well by subsidiary organs of the Assembly, and to referring specific items to other United Nations organs or to specialized agencies, taking into account the nature of the question (A/520/Rev.15, annex V, paras. 19 and 22; and ibid., annex VII, paras. 1 and 2). The Secretary-General wishes also to recall paragraph 4 of the annex to resolution 45/45 (A/520/Rev.15 and Amend.1, annex VIII), which reads as follows:

> "4. The agenda of the General Assembly should be simplified by grouping or merging, to the extent possible, related items and, where it is appropriate for discussion of a particular item, by setting an interval of more than a year between the discussions on it. For this purpose, the Chairman of the Main Committee concerned or, as appropriate, the President of the Assembly, should undertake consultations with delegations."

In this connection, the General Committee may wish to recommend that the Assembly direct its Main Committees to review their agenda with a view to streamlining their programme of work. In particular, the Main Committees should consider:

(*a*) The grouping of related items under a single heading;

(*b*) The staggering of items over two or more years.

44. Subject to the recommendations of the General Committee regarding paragraphs 42 and 43 above, the draft agenda of the forty-seventh session would consist of the following items:[5]

[*Same text as the provisional agenda in document A/47/150 above, with the exception of the items listed below.*]

45. Question of Cyprus (P.45).[6]

46. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait (P.46).[6]

100. Activities of those foreign economic and other interests which impede the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa (P.100).[7]

108. Current financial crisis of the United Nations (P.108).[6]

114. Personnel questions (P.114):[6]

(*a*) Composition of the Secretariat;

(*b*) Respect for the privileges and immunities of officials of the United Nations and the specialized agencies and related organizations;

(*c*) Other personnel questions.

118. Financing of the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (P.118).[6]

120. Financing of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group (P.120).[6]

123. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (P.123).[6]

126. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations (P.126).[6]

141. Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States (S.1).

142. Coordination of the activities of the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (S.2).

143. Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan (S.3).

144. Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (A.1).

145. The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.[8]

146. International cooperation and assistance to alleviate the consequences of war in Croatia and to facilitate its recovery (A.2).

Allocation of items

45. The allocation of items described in paragraph 59 below is based on the pattern adopted by the General Assembly for those items in previous years. However, the Secretary-General trusts that delegations will consider allotting items in a manner which will best enhance the effectiveness and the impact of the Assembly's work. In this connection, the General Committee may wish to draw the Assembly's attention to paragraph 4 of its decision 34/401 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI), which reads as follows:

"4. Substantive items should normally be discussed initially in a Main Committee and, therefore, items previously allocated to plenary meetings should henceforth be referred to a Main Committee unless there are compelling circumstances requiring their continued consideration in plenary meeting."

The Secretary-General wishes to draw the General Committee's attention to the relevant paragraphs of resolution 39/88 B and resolution 45/45 (A/520/Rev.15 and Amend.1, annexes VII and VIII). Paragraph 5 of the annex to resolution 39/88 B reads as follows:

"5. The Chairmen of the Main Committees should take the initiative, in the light of past experience, to propose the grouping of similar or related items and the holding of a single general debate on them."

Paragraph 6 of the annex to resolution 45/45 reads as follows:

"6. In making recommendations as to how agenda items should be allocated to the Main Committees and to the plenary Assembly, the General Committee should ensure the best use of the expertise of the Committees."

46. The following items of the draft agenda have not been considered previously by the General Assembly:

140. Observer status for the International Organization for Migration in the General Assembly (P.140).

141. Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States (S.1).

142. Coordination of the activities of the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (S.2).

143. Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan (S.3).

144. Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (A.1).

146. International cooperation and assistance to alleviate the consequences of war in Croatia and to facilitate its recovery (A.2).

The sponsors of the requests for the inclusion of these items have suggested that they should be allocated as follows:

Item 140	Plenary meetings;
Item 141	Plenary meetings;
Item 142	Plenary meetings;
Item 143	Second Committee;
Item 144	First Committee;
Item 146	Second Committee.

47. In connection with item 12 of the draft agenda (Report of the Economic and Social Council), the Secretary-General proposes that, as in previous years, the various parts of the report should be assigned to the Main Committees in accordance with their respective fields of competence or to plenary meetings, on the understanding that administrative, programme and budgetary aspects should be dealt with by the Fifth Committee. Bearing that consideration in mind, the Secretary-General recommends the following allocation for the various parts of the report:[9]

Chapter I	Matters calling for action by the General Assembly or brought to its attention	Plenary meetings, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees;
Chapter II	High-level segment of the Economic and Social Council . . .	Second Committee;
Chapter III	Coordination segment of the Council	Second Committee;
Chapter IV	Operational activities segment of the Council	Second Committee;

[5] Abbreviations used in the paragraph:

(P.): item on the provisional agenda or on the draft agenda (A/47/150 and A/47/250);

(S.): item on the supplementary list (A/47/200);

(A.): additional items (A/47/241 and A/47/242).

[6] The inclusion of this item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session was subject to any decision that the General Assembly might take at its forty-sixth session (see decisions 46/474 to 46/481).

[7] See decision 46/402 D.

[8] See resolution 46/242, para. 16.

[9] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 3.*

Chapter V	Other questions considered directly in plenary meeting . . .	
Section A	Technical cooperation among developing countries as a modality in the formulation, preparation, execution and evaluation of the projects implemented by the specialized agencies and other bodies of the United Nations system in the economic, social and related fields	Second Committee;
Section B	Coordination questions	Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees;
Section C	Revitalization of the Economic and Social Council	Plenary meetings, Second, Third and Fifth Committees;
Section D	Programme and related questions	Fifth Committee;
Section E	Special economic, humanitarian and disaster relief assistance . .	Second and Third Committees;
Section F	Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees . .	Third Committee;
Section G	Establishment of new subsidiary bodies of the Council	Plenary meetings;
Section H	Human rights questions	Third Committee;
Chapter VI	Questions considered by the Economic Committee	Second Committee;
Chapter VII	Questions considered by the Social Committee	Third Committee;
Chapter VIII	Elections and appointments to subsidiary and related bodies of the Council, confirmation of representatives on the functional commissions and nominations	Plenary meetings;
Chapter IX	Organizational and other matters	Plenary meetings, Second, Third and Fifth Committees.

48. With regard to item 18 of the draft agenda (Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples), the General Committee may wish to consider referring to the Fourth Committee, as was done at previous sessions, chapters of the report of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples[10] relating to specific Territories; this would again enable the General Assembly to deal in plenary meeting with the question of the implementation of the Declaration as a whole.

49. In connection with item 33 of the draft agenda (Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa), the Secretary-General wishes to remind the General Committee that at previous sessions the General Assembly decided to consider this item directly in plenary meeting, on the understanding that the representatives of the Organization of African Unity and of national liberation movements recognized by that organization would be permitted to participate in the discussion in plenary meeting and that organizations and individuals having a special interest in the question would be permitted to be heard by the Special Political Committee.

50. With regard to item 38 of the draft agenda (Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)), the Secretary-General wishes to remind the General Committee that at previous sessions the General Assembly decided to consider this item directly in plenary meeting, on the understanding that bodies and individuals having an interest in the question would be heard in the Fourth Committee in conjunction with the consideration of the item in plenary meeting.

51. With regard to item 45 of the draft agenda (Question of Cyprus), the General Committee will recall that at its forty-second session[11] the General Assembly decided to consider this item directly in plenary meeting, on the understanding that it would, when considering the item, invite the Special Political Committee to meet for the purpose of affording representatives of the Cypriot communities an opportunity to take the floor in the Committee in order to express their views, and that the Assembly would then resume its consideration of the item, taking into account the report of the Special Political Committee.

52. In connection with item 61 of the draft agenda (General and complete disarmament), the Secretary-General wishes to draw the attention of the General Committee to the fact that some portions of the report of the International Atomic Energy Agency for 1991,[12] which is to be considered directly in plenary meeting under item 14, deal with the subject-matter of this item. The General Committee may therefore wish to recommend that the relevant paragraphs of the report should be drawn to the attention of the First Committee in connection with its consideration of item 61.

53. With regard to item 94 (*a*) of the draft agenda (Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 14 of resolution 46/96 of 16 December 1991 whereby the General Assembly, *inter alia*, decided "to devote four plenary meetings at its forty-seventh session to mark, at the appropriate global level, the conclusion of the United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons". The General Committee may wish to recommend to the Assembly that the meetings to mark the conclusion of the Decade should be held on Monday and Tuesday, 12 and 13 October 1992.

54. Also with regard to item 94 (*a*) of the draft agenda, the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 4 of resolution 46/91 of 16 December 1991 whereby the General Assembly, *inter alia*, decided to "devote four plenary meetings, that is, two working days, at its forty-seventh session to an international conference on ageing to consolidate a set of targets on ageing for the year 2001 and to celebrate on an appropriate global scale the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the International Plan of Action on Ageing". The General Committee may wish to recommend to the Assembly that the meetings to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the Plan of Action should be held on Thursday and Friday, 15 and 16 October 1992.

55. In connection with item 95 of the draft agenda (Advancement of women), the Secretary-General wishes to recall paragraph 16 of the annex to General Assembly resolution 39/125 of 14 December 1984 concerning the United

[10] Ibid., *Supplement No. 23.*

[11] This item has not been discussed since the thirty-seventh session.

[12] International Atomic Energy Agency, *The Annual Report for 1991* (Austria, July 1992) (GC(XXXVI/1004)); transmitted to the members of the General Assembly by a note by the Secretary-General (A/47/374).

Nations Development Fund for Women, which reads as follows:

"16. Taking into account the advice of the Consultative Committee, the Administrator shall submit to the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme an annual report on the operations, management and budget of the Fund. He shall submit a similar report to the General Assembly, to be referred to the Second Committee for consideration of its technical co-operation aspects and also to the Third Committee."

The General Committee may therefore wish to recommend that the report should be referred to the Second Committee for consideration under item 84 of the draft agenda (Operational activities for development).

56. With regard to item 98 (*b*) of the draft agenda (Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms), the Secretary-General wishes to recall resolution 46/128 of 17 December 1991 on the International Year for the World's Indigenous People whereby the General Assembly, in paragraph 8 (*c*), decided "to conduct the opening ceremonies for the Year at its forty-seventh session in 1992". The General Committee may wish to recommend to the Assembly that the opening ceremonies for the Year should be held in plenary meeting on Thursday, 10 December 1992, in the afternoon.

57. With regard to item 107 of the draft agenda (Programme planning), the General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be allocated, as was done at previous sessions, to the Fifth Committee, on the understanding that, in accordance with resolutions 36/228 A of 18 December 1981, 45/253 of 21 December 1990 and 46/189 of 20 December 1991, each programme of the proposed revisions to the medium-term plan[13] should be submitted to the appropriate Main Committee of the Assembly for review. In this connection, the views and recommendations of the Main Committees should be submitted to the Fifth Committee before 20 November 1992 so as to enable the Fifth Committee to finalize its recommendations to the plenary Assembly on the item. Bearing that consideration in mind, the Secretary-General recommends the following allocation of the revised programmes:

Programmes

1 to 6, 37 and 45	Plenary meetings;
1, 2 and 7	First Committee;
1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 35, 36 and 38	Special Political Committee;
11 to 24, 30 to 34, 37 and 45	Second Committee;
11, 12, 25 to 36	Third Committee;
1 and 4	Fourth Committee;
39 to 44	Fifth Committee.

58. In connection with item 111 of the draft agenda (Joint Inspection Unit), the General Committee may wish to recommend to the General Assembly, as was done at previous sessions, that the item should be allocated to the Fifth Committee, on the understanding that the reports of the Joint Inspection Unit dealing with subject-matters assigned to other Main Committees would be referred also to those Committees.

[13] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 6.*

59. Subject to changes that may be made by the General Committee in the light of paragraphs 45 to 58 above, the allocation of the items of the draft agenda, as based on previous practice, would be the following:[5]

Plenary meetings

1. Opening of the session by the Chairman of the delegation of Saudi Arabia (P.1).
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation (P.2).
3. Credentials of representatives to the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly (P.3):
   (*a*) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (*b*) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly (P.4).
5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees (P.5).
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly (P.6).
7. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations (P.7).
8. Adoption of the agenda and organization of work: reports of the General Committee (P.8).
9. General debate (P.9).
10. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization (P.10).
11. Report of the Security Council (P.11).
12. Report of the Economic and Social Council (chapters I, V (sections C and G), VIII and IX) (P.12).[14]
13. Report of the International Court of Justice (P.13).
14. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency (P.14).[15]
15. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs (P.15):
   (*a*) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;
   (*b*) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council.
16. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections (P.16):
   (*a*) Election of twelve members of the World Food Council;
   (*b*) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;
   (*c*) Election of the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme.
17. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments (P.17):[16]
   (*g*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences;
   (*h*) Appointment of a member of the Joint Inspection Unit;
   (*i*) Confirmation of the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.
18. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (P.18).[17]
19. Admission of new Members to the United Nations (P.19).
20. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Committee (P.20).
21. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States (P.21).
22. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti (P.22).
23. Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte (P.23).

[14] The chapters of the report listed below would be referred also to the Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees, as follows:

(*a*)	Chapter I	Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees;
(*b*)	Chapters V (section C) and IX	Second, Third and Fifth Committees.

For further details, see para. 47 of the present document.

[15] See para. 52 of the present document.

[16] For sub-items (*a*) to (*f*), see "Fifth Committee", item 26.

[17] See para. 48 of the present document.

24. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System (P.24).
25. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference (P.25).
26. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic (P.26).
27. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity (P.27).
28. The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security (P.28).
29. Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States (P.29).
30. Question of Palestine (P.30).
31. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (P.31).
32. Law of the sea (P.32).
33. Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa (P.33).[18]
34. United Nations Educational and Training Programme for Southern Africa (P.34).
35. The situation in the Middle East (P.35).
36. The situation in Central America: procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace and progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development (P.36).
37. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian emergency assistance of the United Nations (P.37).
38. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) (P.38).[19]
39. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba (P.39).
40. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council (P.40).
41. Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986 (P.41).
42. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security (P.42).
43. Launching of global negotiations on international economic cooperation for development (P.43).
44. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations (P.44).
45. Question of Cyprus (P.45).[20]
46. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait (P.46).[6]
47. Restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields (P.47).
48. Commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the United Nations in 1995 (P.48).
49. The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.[8]
50. Programme planning (programmes 1 to 6, 37 and 45) (P.107).[21]

First Committee

1. Reduction of military budgets (P.49).
2. Scientific and technological developments and their impact on international security (P.50).
3. Science and technology for disarmament (P.51).
4. Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification (P.52).
5. Amendment of the Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and under Water (P.53).
6. Comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty (P.54).
7. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East (P.55).
8. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia (P.56).
9. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons (P.57).
10. Prevention of an arms race in outer space (P.58).
11. Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa (P.59).
12. Chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons (P.60).
13. General and complete disarmament (P.61):[15]
    (*a*) Notification of nuclear tests;
    (*b*) Further measures in the field of disarmament for the prevention of an arms race on the seabed and the ocean floor and in the subsoil thereof;
    (*c*) Conventional disarmament;
    (*d*) Nuclear disarmament;
    (*e*) Defensive security concepts and policies;
    (*f*) Relationship between disarmament and development;
    (*g*) Prohibition of the production of fissionable material for weapons purposes;
    (*h*) Prohibition of the development, production, stockpiling and use of radiological weapons;
    (*i*) International arms transfers;
    (*j*) Regional disarmament;
    (*k*) Prohibition of the dumping of radioactive wastes;
    (*l*) Transparency in armaments;
    (*m*) Conventional disarmament on a regional scale;
    (*n*) Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons: 1995 Conference and its preparatory committee.
14. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly (P.62):
    (*a*) World Disarmament Campaign;
    (*b*) Regional confidence-building measures;
    (*c*) Nuclear-arms freeze;
    (*d*) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons;
    (*e*) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services programme;
    (*f*) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa, United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific and United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean.
15. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session (P.63):
    (*a*) Report of the Disarmament Commission;
    (*b*) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;
    (*c*) Status of multilateral disarmament agreements;
    (*d*) Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters;
    (*e*) United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research;
    (*f*) Disarmament Week;
    (*g*) Implementation of the guidelines for appropriate types of confidence-building measures;
    (*h*) Comprehensive programme of disarmament;
    (*i*) Transfer of high technology with military applications.
16. Israeli nuclear armament (P.64).
17. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects (P.65).
18. Question of Antarctica (P.66).
19. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region (P.67).
20. Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace (P.68).
21. Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security (P.69).
22. Programme planning (programmes 1, 2 and 7) (P.107).[21]

Special Political Committee

1. Science and peace (P.70).
2. Effects of atomic radiation (P.71).

[18] See para. 49.
[19] See para. 50.
[20] See para. 51.
[21] See para. 57.

3. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space (P.72).
4. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (P.73).
5. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories (P.74).
6. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects (P.75).
7. Questions relating to information (P.76).
8. Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India (P.77).
9. Question of the composition of the relevant organs of the United Nations (P.78).
10. Programme planning (programmes 1, 2, 4 to 6, 8, 35, 36 and 38) (P.107).[21]

Second Committee

1. Report of the Economic and Social Council (chapters I to IV, V (sections A to C and E), VI and IX) (P.12).[22]
2. Development and international economic cooperation (P.79):
   (*a*) Trade and development;
   (*b*) Food and agricultural development;
   (*c*) New and renewable sources of energy;
   (*d*) Development of the energy resources of developing countries;
   (*e*) International cooperation to mitigate the environmental consequences on Kuwait and other countries in the region resulting from the situation between Iraq and Kuwait.
3. Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (P.80).
4. Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind (P.81).
5. International cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries (P.82).
6. External debt crisis and development (P.83).
7. Operational activities for development (P.84):[23]
   (*a*) Operational activities of the United Nations system;
   (*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
   (*c*) United Nations Population Fund;
   (*d*) United Nations Children's Fund;
   (*e*) World Food Programme.
8. International cooperation for economic growth and development (P.85):
   (*a*) Implementation of the commitments and policies agreed upon in the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of the Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries;
   (*b*) Implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade.
9. Industrial development cooperation and the diversification and modernization of productive activities in developing countries (P.86).
10. International conference on the financing of development (P.87).
11. Special economic and disaster relief assistance (P.88):
    (*a*) Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Coordinator;
    (*b*) Special programmes of economic assistance.
12. International assistance for the economic rehabilitation of Angola (P.89).
13. Training and research (P.90):
    (*a*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
    (*b*) United Nations University.
14. Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster (P.91).
15. Programme planning (programmes 11 to 24, 30 to 34, 37 and 45) (P.107).[21]

Third Committee

1. Report of the Economic and Social Council (chapters I, V (sections B, C, E, F and H), VII and IX) (P.12).[24]
2. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination (P.92).
3. Right of peoples to self-determination (P.93).
4. Social development (P.94):
   (*a*) Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;[25]
   (*b*) Crime prevention and criminal justice.
5. Advancement of women (P.95).[26]
6. Narcotic drugs (P.96).
7. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions (P.97):
   (*a*) Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
   (*b*) Questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons;
   (*c*) Humanitarian questions.
8. Human rights questions (P.98):
   (*a*) Implementation of human rights instruments;
   (*b*) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;[27]
   (*c*) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives.
9. Programme planning (programmes 11, 12, 25 to 36) (P.107).[21]

Fourth Committee

1. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations (P.99).
2. Activities of those foreign economic and other interests which impede the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa (P.100).[7]
3. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations (P.101).

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[22]The chapters of the report listed below would also be considered in plenary meetings and/or referred to the Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees, as follows:

(*a*)	Chapter I	Plenary meetings and Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees;
(*b*)	Chapter V (section B)	Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees;
(*c*)	Chapters V (section C) and IX . .	Plenary meetings and Third and Fifth Committees;
(*d*)	Chapter V (section E)	Third Committee.

For further details, see para. 47 of the present document.

[23]See para. 55 of the present document.

[24]The chapters of the report listed below would also be considered in plenary meetings and/or referred to the Second, Fourth and Fifth Committees, as follows:

(*a*)	Chapter I	Plenary meetings and Second, Fourth and Fifth Committees;
(*b*)	Chapter V (section B)	Second, Fourth and Fifth Committees;
(*c*)	Chapters V (section C) and IX . .	Plenary meetings and Second and Fifth Committees;
(*d*)	Chapter V (section E)	Second Committee.

For further details, see para. 47 of the present document.

[25]See paras. 53 and 54 of the present document.

[26]See para. 55.

[27]See para. 56.

4. Report of the Economic and Social Council (chapters I and V (section B)) (P.12).[28]
5. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories (P.102).
6. Question of East Timor (P.103).
7. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (P.18).[17]
8. Programme planning (programmes 1 and 4) (P.107).[21]

Fifth Committee

1. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors (P.104):
   (*a*) United Nations;
   (*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
   (*c*) United Nations Children's Fund;
   (*d*) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;
   (*e*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
   (*f*) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
   (*g*) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;
   (*h*) United Nations Population Fund;
   (*i*) United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation.
2. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations (P.105).
3. Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 (P.106).
4. Programme planning (P.107).[21]
5. Current financial crisis of the United Nations (P.108).
6. Financial emergency of the United Nations (P.109).
7. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency (P.110).
8. Joint Inspection Unit (P.111).[29]
9. Pattern of conferences (P.112).
10. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations (P.113).
11. Personnel questions (P.114):[6]
    (*a*) Composition of the Secretariat;
    (*b*) Respect for the privileges and immunities of officials of the United Nations and the specialized agencies and related organizations;
    (*c*) Other personnel questions.
12. United Nations common system (P.115).
13. United Nations pension system (P.116).
14. Financing of the United Nations peace-keeping forces in the Middle East (P.117):
    (*a*) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;
    (*b*) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.
15. Financing of the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (P.118).[6]
16. Financing of the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (P.119).
17. Financing of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group (P.120).[6]
18. Financing of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (P.121).
19. Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 687 (1991) (P.122):
    (*a*) United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission;
    (*b*) Other activities.
20. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (P.123).[6]
21. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (P.124).
22. Financing of the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (P.125).
23. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations (P.126).
24. Financing of the United Nations Protection Force (P.139).
25. Report of the Economic and Social Council (chapters I, V (sections B to D) and IX) (P.12).[30]
26. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments (P.17):[31]
    (*a*) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;
    (*b*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;
    (*c*) Appointment of a member of the Board of Auditors;
    (*d*) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;
    (*e*) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal;
    (*f*) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission.

Sixth Committee

1. Observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States (P.127).
2. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts (P.128).
3. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives (P.129).
4. United Nations Decade of International Law (P.130).
5. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its forty-fourth session (P.131).
6. Convention on jurisdictional immunities of States and their property (P.132).
7. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its twenty-fifth session (P.133).
8. Consideration of the draft articles on the status of the diplomatic courier and the diplomatic bag not accompanied by diplomatic courier and of the draft optional protocols thereto (P.134).
9. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization (P.135).
10. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country (P.136).
11. Additional protocol on consular functions to the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations (P.137).
12. Protection of the environment in times of armed conflict (P.138).

[28] The chapters of the report listed below would also be considered in plenary meetings and/or referred to the Second, Third and Fifth Committees, as follows:

(*a*)	Chapter I	Plenary meetings and Second, Third and Fifth Committees;
(*b*)	Chapter V (section B)	Second, Third and Fifth Committees.

For further details, see para. 47 of the present document.

[29] See para. 58 of the present document.

[30] The chapters of the report listed below would also be considered in plenary meetings and/or referred to the Second, Third and Fourth Committees, as follows:

(*a*)	Chapter I	Plenary meetings and Second, Third and Fourth Committees;
(*b*)	Chapter V (section B)	Second, Third and Fourth Committees;
(*c*)	Chapters V (section C) and IX	Plenary meetings and Second and Third Committees.

For further details, see para. 47 of the present document.

[31] For sub-items (*g*) and (*h*), see "Plenary meetings", item 17.

DOCUMENT A/47/250

First report of the General Committee

[Original: English]
[16 September 1992]

1. At its 1st meeting, on 16 September 1992, the General Committee considered the memorandum by the Secretary-General (document A/BUR/47/1 above). A summary of the General Committee's discussion appears in the summary record of that meeting.

2. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General in paragraph 3 of his memorandum (ibid.), the General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to the provisions reproduced in annexes V, VI, VII and VIII of its rules of procedure.

Organization of the session

General Committee

3. The General Committee took note of the General Assembly decisions relevant to its work which were brought to the Committee's attention by the Secretary-General in paragraph 4 of his memorandum (ibid.).

Rationalization of work

4. The General Committee took note (ibid., paras. 5 and 6) of the measures undertaken by the Secretary-General in pursuance of the goal of renewal and reform, in particular to recommendations 2, 3 and 7 of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts to Review the Efficiency of the Administrative and Financial Functioning of the United Nations[2] as reflected in his progress reports on the implementation of General Assembly resolution 41/213,[3] as well as a supplementary report submitted to the forty-fifth session of the Assembly.[4] The Committee also took note of Assembly resolution 46/232 of 2 March 1992 on the revitalization of the United Nations Secretariat and resolution 46/235 of 13 April 1992 on the restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields.

5. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 7), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 5 of the annex to resolution 45/45. In this connection, the Committee recommends to the Assembly that, as at recent sessions, the holding of concurrent meetings of the Special Political Committee and the Fourth Committee should be avoided, to the extent possible and with the necessary flexibility, during the forty-seventh session.

6. Furthermore, the General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to the fact that measures introduced to reduce costs relating to overtime continue to be in effect. As a result of these curtailments, the Secretariat will not be able to provide all the services rendered prior to 1986.

Closing date of the session

7. In accordance with the provisions of rule 2 of the rules of procedure, the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that the forty-seventh session should recess not later than Friday, 18 December 1992, and close on Monday, 20 September 1993. The Committee wishes to inform the Assembly that, in accordance with an appeal by its Chairman, all the Main Committees should start their work as soon as possible and make every effort to complete their work by a target date of Friday, 27 November 1992.

Schedule of meetings

8. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 10), the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that morning meetings should start at 10 a.m. promptly for all plenary meetings and meetings of the Main Committees during the forty-seventh session.

9. Also at the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 11), the General Committee recommends that, in order to avoid the late start of meetings, the General Assembly should waive the requirement of the presence of at least one third of the members to declare a plenary meeting open and permit the debate to proceed and one quarter of the members to declare a meeting of the Main Committee open and permit the debate to proceed. This recommendation would be made on the understanding that such a waiver would not imply any permanent change in the provisions of rules 67 and 108 of the rules of procedure. Furthermore, such a waiver would not affect the provision of the rules concerning the requirement of the presence of a majority of the members for any decision to be taken.

10. In this connection, the General Committee also recommends to the General Assembly that delegations should be reminded of the utmost importance of punctuality in the interest of ensuring an effective and orderly organization of work and achieving economies for the United Nations.

General debate

11. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., paras. 13 and 14), the General Committee recommends that:

(*a*) The general debate should begin on Monday, 21 September, and end by Thursday, 8 October 1992;

(*b*) The list of speakers in the general debate should be closed on Wednesday, 23 September, at 6 p.m.

12. On the proposal of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 15), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to the decision taken by the Assembly at previous sessions, namely that the practice of expressing congratulations inside the General Assembly Hall itself after a speech had been delivered was prohibited. The General Committee decided to recommend to the Assembly that the provision should also apply at the forty-seventh session. In this connection, the General Committee recommends to the Assembly that speakers in the general debate, after delivering their statements, should leave the Assembly Hall through room GA-200 located behind the podium before returning to their seats.

Explanations of vote, right of reply, points of order and length of statements

13. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 16), the General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 of its decision 34/401.

14. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 17), the General Committee, in line with time-limits for explanations of vote and right of reply, recommends to the General Assembly that points of order should be limited to five minutes.

15. Furthermore, in connection with the length of statements, with a view to streamlining the procedures of the General Assembly and as a cost-saving measure, the General Committee draws the attention of the Assembly, as it did at recent sessions, to rules 72 and 114 of the rules of procedure and paragraph 22 of annex VI thereto for appropriate action in plenary meeting and the Main Committees.

Records of meetings

16. As at past sessions (ibid., para. 19), verbatim records will continue to be provided during the forty-seventh session for the plenary meetings of the Assembly and meetings of the First Committee, and summary records will be provided to the General Committee, the Credentials Committee and the other Main Committees of the Assembly. In accordance with the recommendation of the Special Committee on the Rationalization of the Procedures and Organization of the General Assembly (A/520/Rev.15, annex V, para. 108 (*b*)), the General Committee recommends that the Assembly should maintain for the forty-seventh session the practice whereby the Special Political Committee may obtain, on specific request, transcriptions of the debates of some of its meetings, or portions thereof. These transcriptions, which would not be part of the official records of the Committee, would be provided as the required services became available. Furthermore, the General Committee wishes to draw the Assembly's attention to paragraphs 8 and 9 of its resolution 38/32 E. In this connection, the General Committee also recommends to the Assembly that the practice not to reproduce *in extenso* statements made in a Main Committee should be maintained for the forty-seventh session.

Concluding statements

17. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (see document A/BUR/47/1 above, para. 21), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 17 of its decision 34/401.

Resolutions

18. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 22), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 32 of its decision 34/401.

19. Furthermore, at the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., paras. 23 and 24), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to recommendation 3 (*f*) of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts[2] and to paragraphs 1 and 10 of the annex to resolution 45/45.

Questions related to the programme budget

20. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., paras. 25 and 26), who referred to rule 153 of the rules of procedure, the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to paragraphs 12 and 13 of its decision 34/401 and to paragraph 6 of its resolution 35/10 A of 3 November 1980.

21. Also at the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 25), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to regulation 4.9 of the Regulations Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation, contained in the annex to Assembly resolution 37/234.

22. In connection with subparagraph 13 (*d*) of decision 34/401, mentioned in paragraph 20 above, the General Committee wishes to draw the attention of the General Assembly to the observations of the Secretary-General (ibid., paras. 27 and 28), regarding the fact that, depending on the type and complexity of proposals involving changes in the work programme and additional expenditures, the preparation of a statement of programme budget implications by the Secretary-General may take a few days. In addition, the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions and the Fifth Committee need adequate time to review the programme budget implications of a draft resolution before the latter can be acted on by the Assembly. The Secretary-General thus considers it desirable that Member States submit proposals involving statements of programme budget implications sufficiently in advance to avoid the cancellation of meetings and the postponement of consideration of items.

Documentation

23. On the proposal of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 29), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 28 of its decision 34/401.

24. Furthermore, the General Committee took note of the proposal by the Secretary-General that the Committee should examine further the question of how to respond to the increasing volume of documentation (ibid., para. 30). Given the limited capacity of the documentation processing services, it is essential that documentation requirements be met according to established priorities. Of necessity, pre- and in-session documents must take precedence over meeting records. The translation of summary records, in particular, must be delayed if demand exceeds capacity. Waiving the simultaneous distribution requirement in this case will ensure that some language versions of summary records will appear in a timely manner.

Observances and commemorative meetings

25. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., paras. 31 and 32), the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that, allowing for the necessary flexibility and with the exception of the anniversary of the United Nations, the Assembly adopt the following format for commemorative meetings: statements by the President of the General Assembly and the Secretary-General and statements by the chairmen of the five regional groups and by the representative of the host country. The Committee also recommends that consideration be given to limiting each statement to 15 minutes.

26. The General Committee further recommends that observances and commemorative meetings should take place, as far as possible, immediately following the general debate. The advantage of such a procedure is that it may facilitate the participation of dignitaries attending the general debate. This procedure would also allow advance planning of the Assembly's work.

Special conferences

27. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 33), the General Committee draws the General As-

sembly's attention to recommendation 6 of the Committee on Conferences,[32] adopted by the Assembly in paragraph (*b*) of its decision 34/405, and to recommendation 2 (*d*) of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts.[2]

28. Furthermore, at the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 34), the General Committee draws the Assembly's attention to the relevant provisions of recommendation 4 of the Group of High-level Intergovernmental Experts.[2]

Meetings of subsidiary organs

29. The General Committee, in the light of recommendations submitted by the Committee on Conferences (A/47/409 and Add.1), recommends to the General Assembly that the following subsidiary organs should be authorized to meet during the forty-seventh session:

[*See the list of subsidiary organs in paragraph 35 of document A/BUR/47/1 above.*]

Observations and proposals on the organization of future sessions

30. The General Committee took note of the views of the Secretary-General (document A/BUR/47/1 above, paras. 36 and 37). The provisional agenda of the General Assembly reflects the concern of Member States with a myriad of issues spanning political, economic, social and financial fields. The growing complexity of many global issues and their increasingly interdisciplinary nature pose a challenge to the Organization's ability to respond swiftly. The Assembly is faced with many items that require timely and purposeful consideration, often under stringent deadlines. It is therefore imperative that it continue to improve its operating procedures so as to organize its work effectively and make optimum use of the time available.

Programme of work of the General Assembly

31. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 39), the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that it consider the possibility of rationalizing its meetings between January and August of each year to allow advance planning for delegations and the Secretariat. During the past few years, the Assembly has met frequently between January and August. Most recently, during the forty-sixth session, it met every month, with the exception of January and June. These meetings were not envisaged in the calendar of meetings and therefore ad hoc arrangements had to be made to continue to provide adequate Secretariat services at the expense of other requirements.

Main Committees

32. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 40), in the light of the experience gained in scheduling the work of the General Assembly and making allowances for the required flexibility, the General Committee recommends to the Assembly that it examine the possibility of fixing staggered target dates for the completion of the work of the Main Committees. This would allow for better planning of meetings and processing of the reports of the Main Committees.

33. The General Committee endorsed the suggestion of the Secretary-General (ibid., para. 41) that it should undertake a review of the structure and mandates of the Main Committees with a view to making recommendations to the General Assembly on possible improvements, including merging the mandates of some Committees or changing their responsibilities in the light of the evolving agenda of the General Assembly.

Adoption of the agenda

34. The General Committee considered the draft agenda of the forty-seventh session submitted by the Secretary-General in paragraph 44 of his memorandum (see document A/BUR/47/1 above). All the items contained in the draft agenda formed part of the following documents:

(*a*) Provisional agenda of the forty-seventh session (document A/47/150 above);

(*b*) Supplementary list (document A/47/200 above);

(*c*) Requests for the inclusion of additional items (A/47/241 and A/47/242).

35. The General Committee decided to recommend, as suggested by the Secretary-General (document A/BUR/47/1 above, para. 43), that the General Assembly direct its Main Committees to review their agenda with a view to streamlining their programme of work. In particular, the Main Committees should consider:

(*a*) The grouping of related items under a single heading;

(*b*) The staggering of items over two or more years.

36. With regard to item 77 of the draft agenda (Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India), the General Committee decided to recommend that the consideration of the item should be deferred to the forty-eighth session and that the item should be included in the provisional agenda of that session.

37. In connection with item 103 of the draft agenda (Question of East Timor), the General Committee decided to recommend that the consideration of the item should be deferred to the forty-eighth session and that the item should be included in the provisional agenda of that session.

38. Taking into account paragraphs 34 to 37 above, the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following agenda:[5]

[*Same text as the draft agenda contained in paragraph 44 of document A/BUR/47/1 above, with the exception of the items listed below.*]

77. Question of the composition of the relevant organs of the United Nations (P.78).
78. Development and international economic cooperation (P.79):
    (*a*) Trade and development;
    (*b*) Food and agricultural development;
    (*c*) New and renewable sources of energy;
    (*d*) Development of the energy resources of developing countries;
    (*e*) International cooperation to mitigate the environmental consequences on Kuwait and other countries in the region resulting from the situation between Iraq and Kuwait.
79. Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (P.80).
80. Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind (P.81).
81. International cooperation for the eradication of poverty in developing countries (P.82).
82. External debt crisis and development (P.83).

[32] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 32*, para. 79.

83. Operational activities for development (P.84):
    (*a*) Operational activities of the United Nations system;
    (*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
    (*c*) United Nations Population Fund;
    (*d*) United Nations Children's Fund;
    (*e*) World Food Programme.
84. International cooperation for economic growth and development (P.85):
    (*a*) Implementation of the commitments and policies agreed upon in the Declaration on International Economic Co-operation, in particular the Revitalization of the Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries;
    (*b*) Implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade.
85. Industrial development cooperation and the diversification and modernization of productive activities in developing countries (P.86).
86. International conference on the financing of development (P.87).
87. Special economic and disaster relief assistance (P.88):
    (*a*) Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Coordinator;
    (*b*) Special programmes of economic assistance.
88. International assistance for the economic rehabilitation of Angola (P.89).
89. Training and research (P.90):
    (*a*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
    (*b*) United Nations University.
90. Strengthening of international cooperation and coordination of efforts to study, mitigate and minimize the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster (P.91).
91. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination (P.92).
92. Right of peoples to self-determination (P.93).
93. Social development (P.94):
    (*a*) Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;
    (*b*) Crime prevention and criminal justice.
94. Advancement of women (P.95).
95. Narcotic drugs (P.96).
96. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions (P.97):
    (*a*) Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
    (*b*) Questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons;
    (*c*) Humanitarian questions.
97. Human rights questions (P.98):
    (*a*) Implementation of human rights instruments;
    (*b*) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;
    (*c*) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives.
98. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations (P.99).
99. Activities of those foreign economic and other interests which impede the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa (P.100).[7]
100. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations (P.101).
101. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories (P.102).
102. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors (P.104):
    (*a*) United Nations;
    (*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
    (*c*) United Nations Children's Fund;
    (*d*) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;
    (*e*) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;
    (*f*) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;
    (*g*) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;
    (*h*) United Nations Population Fund;
    (*i*) United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation.
103. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations (P.105).
104. Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993 (P.106).
105. Programme planning (P.107).
106. Current financial crisis of the United Nations (P.108).
107. Financial emergency of the United Nations (P.109).
108. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency (P.110).
109. Joint Inspection Unit (P.111).
110. Pattern of conferences (P.112).
111. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations (P.113).
112. Personnel questions (P.114):
    (*a*) Composition of the Secretariat;
    (*b*) Respect for the privileges and immunities of officials of the United Nations and the specialized agencies and related organizations;
    (*c*) Other personnel questions.
113. United Nations common system (P.115).
114. United Nations pension system (P.116).
115. Financing of the United Nations peace-keeping forces in the Middle East (P.117):
    (*a*) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;
    (*b*) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.
116. Financing of the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group (P.118).
117. Financing of the United Nations Angola Verification Mission (P.119).
118. Financing of the United Nations Transition Assistance Group (P.120).
119. Financing of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (P.121).
120. Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 687 (1991) (P.122):
    (*a*) United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission;
    (*b*) Other activities.
121. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (P.123).
122. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (P.124).
123. Financing of the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (P.125).
124. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peace-keeping operations (P.126).
125. Observer status of national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity and/or by the League of Arab States (P.127).
126. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts (P.128).
127. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives (P.129).
128. United Nations Decade of International Law (P.130).
129. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its forty-fourth session (P.131).
130. Convention on jurisdictional immunities of States and their property (P.132).
131. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its twenty-fifth session (P.133).

132. Consideration of the draft articles on the status of the diplomatic courier and the diplomatic bag not accompanied by diplomatic courier and of the draft optional protocols thereto (P.134).
133. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization (P.135).
134. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country (P.136).
135. Additional protocol on consular functions to the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations (P.137).
136. Protection of the environment in times of armed conflict (P.138).
137. Financing of the United Nations Protection Force (P.139).
138. Observer status for the International Organization for Migration in the General Assembly (P.140).
139. Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States (S.1).
140. Coordination of the activities of the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (S.2).
141. Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan (S.3).
142. Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (A.1).
143. The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina.[8]
144. International cooperation and assistance to alleviate the consequences of war in Croatia and to facilitate its recovery (A.2).

Allocation of items

39. At the suggestion of the Secretary-General in his memorandum (document A/BUR/47/1 above, para. 45), the General Committee draws the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 4 of its decision 34/401, and to paragraph 5 of the annex to resolution 39/88 B and paragraph 6 of the annex to resolution 45/45.

40. Taking into account the recommendations contained in paragraphs 34 to 38 above regarding the inclusion of items in the agenda, the General Committee approved the allocation of items contained in the Secretary-General's memorandum (ibid., para. 59) with the following modifications:

(a) *Plenary meetings*

(i) Item 18 (Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples). The General Committee decided to recommend that the General Assembly should refer to the Fourth Committee chapters of the report of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples[10] relating to specific Territories so that the Assembly might deal in plenary meeting with the question of the implementation of the Declaration as a whole.

(ii) Item 33 (Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered directly in plenary meeting, on the understanding that the representatives of the Organization of African Unity and of national liberation movements recognized by that organization would be permitted to participate in the discussion in plenary meeting and that organizations and individuals having a special interest in the question would be permitted to be heard by the Special Political Committee.

(iii) Item 38 (Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered directly in plenary meeting, on the understanding that bodies and individuals having an interest in the question would be heard in the Fourth Committee in conjunction with the consideration of the item in plenary meeting.

(iv) Item 45 (Question of Cyprus). The General Committee decided to recommend that the General Assembly allocate the item at an appropriate time during the session.

(v) Item 138 (Observer status for the International Organization for Migration in the General Assembly). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

(vi) Item 139 (Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

(vii) Item 140 (Coordination of the activities of the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

(b) *First Committee*

(i) Item 61 (General and complete disarmament). The General Committee decided to recommend that the relevant paragraphs of the report of the International Atomic Energy Agency for 1991,[12] which is to be considered directly in plenary meeting under item 14, should be drawn to the attention of the First Committee in connection with its consideration of item 61.

(ii) Item 142 (Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be allocated to the First Committee.

(c) *Second Committee*

(i) Item 79 (Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the debate on the item should be held directly in plenary meeting, on the understanding that action on the item would be taken in the Second Committee.

(ii) Item 141 (Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be allocated to the Second Committee.

(iii) Item 144 (International cooperation and assistance to alleviate the consequences of war in Croatia and to facilitate its recovery). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be allocated to the Second Committee.

(d) *Third Committee*

(i) Item 93 (*a*) (Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that:

a. In the light of resolution 46/96 of 16 December 1991, the meetings to mark the conclusion of the United

Nations Decade of Disabled Persons should be held on Monday and Tuesday, 12 and 13 October 1992;

b. In the light of resolution 46/91 of 16 December 1991, the meetings to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the International Plan of Action on Ageing should be held on Thursday and Friday, 15 and 16 October 1992.

(ii) Item 94 (Advancement of women). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the report of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme on the operations, management and budget of the United Nations Development Fund for Women should be referred to the Second Committee for consideration under item 83 (Operational activities for development).

(iii) Item 97 (*b*) (Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that, in the light of resolution 46/128 of 17 December 1991, the opening ceremonies for the International Year for the World's Indigenous People should be held in plenary meeting on Thursday, 10 December 1992, in the morning.

(e) *Fifth Committee*

(i) Item 105 (Programme planning). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be allocated to the Fifth Committee, on the understanding that each programme of the proposed revisions to the medium-term plan should be submitted to plenary meeting or to the appropriate Main Committee for review.

(ii) Item 109 (Joint Inspection Unit). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be allocated to the Fifth Committee, on the understanding that the reports of the Joint Inspection Unit dealing with subject-matters assigned to other Main Committees would be referred also to those Committees.

41. Taking into account paragraphs 39 and 40 above, the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following allocation of items:[5]

[*Same text as paragraph 59 of document A/BUR/47/1 above, with the exception of the items listed below.*]

Plenary meetings

14. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency (P.14).[33]
18. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (P.18).[34]
33. Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa (P.33).[35]
38. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) (P.38).[36]
45. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait (P.46).
46. Restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields (P.47).
47. Commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the United Nations in 1995 (P.48).
48. Observer status for the International Organization for Migration in the General Assembly (P.138).[37]
49. Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States (P.139).[38]
50. Coordination of the activities of the United Nations and the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (P.140).[39]
51. The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina (P.143).
52. Programme planning (programmes 1 to 6, 37 and 45) (P.105).[40]

First Committee

13. General and complete disarmament (P.61):[41]
    (*a*) Notification of nuclear tests;
    (*b*) Further measures in the field of disarmament for the prevention of an arms race on the seabed and the ocean floor and in the subsoil thereof;
    (*c*) Conventional disarmament;
    (*d*) Nuclear disarmament;
    (*e*) Defensive security concepts and policies;
    (*f*) Relationship between disarmament and development;
    (*g*) Prohibition of the production of fissionable material for weapons purposes;
    (*h*) Prohibition of the development, production, stockpiling and use of radiological weapons;
    (*i*) International arms transfers;
    (*j*) Regional disarmament;
    (*k*) Prohibition of the dumping of radioactive wastes;
    (*l*) Transparency in armaments;
    (*m*) Conventional disarmament on a regional scale;
    (*n*) Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons: 1995 Conference and its Preparatory Committee.
22. Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (P.142).[42]
23. Programme planning (programmes 1, 2 and 7) (P.105).[40]

Special Political Committee

9. Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa (P.33).[35]
10. Programme planning (programmes 1, 2, 4 to 6, 8, 35, 36 and 38) (P.105).[40]

Second Committee

3. Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (P.79).[43]
7. Operational activities for development (P.83):[44]
    (*a*) Operational activities of the United Nations system;
    (*b*) United Nations Development Programme;
    (*c*) United Nations Population Fund;
    (*d*) United Nations Children's Fund;
    (*e*) World Food Programme.
15. Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan (P.141).[45]
16. International cooperation and assistance to alleviate the consequences of war in Croatia and to facilitate its recovery (P.144).[46]
17. Programme planning (programmes 11 to 24, 30 to 34, 37 and 45) (P.105).[40]

Third Committee

4. Social development (P.93):
    (*a*) Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;[47]

. . .

[33] See para. 40 (*b*) (i) of the present document.
[34] See para. 40 (*a*) (i).
[35] See para. 40 (*a*) (ii).
[36] See para. 40 (*a*) (iii).
[37] See para. 40 (*a*) (v).
[38] See para. 40 (*a*) (vi).
[39] See para. 40 (*a*) (vii).
[40] See para. 40 (*e*) (i).
[41] See para. 40 (*b*) (i).
[42] See para. 40 (*b*) (ii).
[43] See para. 40 (*c*) (i).
[44] See para. 40 (*d*) (ii).
[45] See para. 40 (*c*) (ii).
[46] See para. 40 (*c*) (iii).
[47] See para. 40 (*d*) (i).

5. Advancement of women (P.94).[44]
8. Human rights questions (P.97):

...

(*b*) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;[48]

...

9. Programme planning (programmes 11, 12, 25 to 36) (P.105).[40]

[48]See para. 40 (*d*) (iii).

Fourth Committee

6. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (P.18).[34]
7. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) (P.38).[36]
8. Programme planning (programmes 1 and 4) (P.105).[40]

Fifth Committee

4. Programme planning (P.105).[40]
8. Joint Inspection Unit (P.109).[49]

[49]See para. 40 (*e*) (ii).

DOCUMENT A/47/250/ADD.1

Second report of the General Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*5 October 1992*]

1. At its 2nd meeting, on 5 October 1992, the General Committee considered a request submitted by Pakistan (A/47/244) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled "Emergency assistance to Pakistan". In this connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

2. At the same meeting, the General Committee considered a request submitted by the Secretary-General (A/47/245) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled "Programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991". In this connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be allocated to the Fifth Committee.

DOCUMENT A/47/250/ADD.2

Third report of the General Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*14 October 1992*]

1. At its 3rd meeting, on 14 October 1992, the General Committee considered a request submitted by the Philippines (A/47/246) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled "Emergency assistance to the Philippines".

2. In that connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

DOCUMENT A/47/250/ADD.3

Fourth report of the General Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*18 November 1992*]

1. At its 4th meeting, on 18 November 1992, the General Committee considered a request submitted by the Russian Federation (A/47/247) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item. In this connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item, reworded "Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia":

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be allocated to the Third Committee.

2. At the same meeting, the General Committee considered a request submitted by Nicaragua (A/47/248) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled "International assistance for the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Nicaragua: aftermath of the war and natural disasters". In this connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

3. Also at the same meeting, the General Committee considered a request from Afghanistan (A/47/661) for the reallocation to plenary meeting of agenda item 141, entitled "Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan", which had been allocated to the Second Committee. In this connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

DOCUMENT A/47/250/ADD.4

Fifth report of the General Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*20 November 1992*]

1. At its 5th meeting, on 20 November 1992, the General Committee considered a request submitted by Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Spain, Uruguay and Venezuela (A/47/249 and Add.1) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled "Request for an advisory opinion from the International Court of Justice".

2. In that connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be allocated to the Sixth Committee.

DOCUMENT A/47/250/ADD.5

Sixth report of the General Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*16 December 1992*]

1. At its 6th meeting, on 16 December 1992, the General Committee considered a request submitted by Morocco and Senegal (A/47/780 and Add.1) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled "Convening of an international conference on Somalia".

2. In that connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be considered directly in plenary meeting on a priority basis.

DOCUMENT A/47/250/ADD.6

Seventh report of the General Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*6 April 1993*]

1. At its 7th meeting, on 6 April 1993, the General Committee considered a request submitted by the Secretary-General (A/47/907) for the inclusion in the agenda, under item 17 (Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments), of an additional sub-item entitled:

"(*f*) Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee".

In that connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the sub-item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be allocated to the Fifth Committee.

2. At the same meeting, the General Committee considered a request submitted by Barbados (A/47/917) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled "Emergency assistance to Cuba". In that connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(*a*) Should be included in the agenda;

(*b*) Should be considered directly in plenary meeting.

DOCUMENT A/47/456

Letter dated 19 September 1992 from the President of the Security Council to the President of the General Assembly

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*19 September 1992*]

I have the honour to request you to transmit to the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session resolution 777 (1992), which was adopted by the Security Council at its 3116th meeting, held on 19 September 1992:

"*The Security Council*,

"*Reaffirming* its resolution 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991 and all subsequent relevant resolutions,

"*Considering* that the State formerly known as the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia has ceased to exist,

"*Recalling* in particular its resolution 757 (1992) of 30 May 1992, in which it is noted that 'the claim by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) to continue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the United Nations has not been generally accepted',

"1. *Considers* that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) cannot continue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the United Nations, and therefore recommends to the General Assembly that it decide that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) should apply for membership in the United Nations and that it shall not participate in the work of the General Assembly;

"2. *Decides* to consider the matter again before the end of the main part of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly."

(*Signed*) José AYALA LASSO
President of the Security Council

DOCUMENT A/47/933

Letter dated 28 April 1993 from the President of the Security Council to the President of the General Assembly

[*Original: English*]
[*28 April 1993*]

At its 3204th meeting, held on 28 April 1993, in connection with the item entitled "Participation of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) in the work of the Economic and Social Council", the Security Council adopted resolution 821 (1993), which reads as follows:

"*The Security Council*,

"*Reaffirming* its resolution 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991 and all subsequent relevant resolutions,

"*Considering* that the State formerly known as the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia has ceased to exist,

"*Recalling* its resolution 757 (1992) of 30 May 1992, in which it is noted that 'the claim by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) to con-

tinue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the United Nations has not been generally accepted',

"*Recalling also* its resolution 777 (1992) of 19 September 1992, in which it recommended to the General Assembly that it decide that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) should apply for membership in the United Nations and that it shall not participate in the work of the General Assembly,

"*Recalling* that the General Assembly, by its resolution 47/1 of 22 September 1992, having received the recommendation of the Security Council of 19 September 1992, considered that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) could not continue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the United Nations, and therefore decided that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) should apply for membership in the United Nations and that it shall not participate in the work of the General Assembly,

"*Recalling further* that, in its resolution 777 (1992), the Council decided to consider the matter again before the end of the main part of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, and that, in December 1992, the members of the Council agreed to keep the subject-matter of resolution 777 (1992) under continuous review and to consider it again at a later date (S/24924),

"1. *Reaffirms* that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) cannot continue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the United Nations, and therefore recommends to the General Assembly that, further to the decisions taken in resolution 47/1, it decide that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) shall not participate in the work of the Economic and Social Council;

"2. *Decides* to consider the matter again before the end of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly."

(*Signed*) Jamsheed K. A. MARKER
President of the Security Council

DOCUMENT A/47/L.1 AND ADD.1*

Afghanistan, Albania, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Comoros, Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Italy, Jordan, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Mauritania, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Portugal, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution

[*Original: English*]
[*19 September 1992*]

Recommendation of the Security Council of 19 September 1992

The General Assembly,

Having received the recommendation of the Security Council of 19 September 1992 that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) should apply for membership in the United Nations and that it shall not participate in the work of the General Assembly (document A/47/456 above),

1. *Considers* that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) cannot continue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the United Nations; and therefore decides that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) should apply for membership in the United Nations and that it shall not participate in the work of the General Assembly;

2. *Takes note* of the intention of the Security Council to consider the matter again before the end of the main part of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly.

*Document A/47/L.1/Add.1 was issued to add 32 States to the list of sponsors.

DOCUMENT A/47/L.57 AND ADD.1*

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Comoros, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Italy, Kuwait, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Moldova, San Marino, Senegal, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution

[*Original: English*]
[*28 April 1993*]

Recommendation of the Security Council of 28 April 1993

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 47/1 of 22 September 1992,

Having received the recommendation made by the Security Council in its resolution 821 (1993) of 28 April 1993 (document A/47/933 above) that, further to the decisions taken in resolution 47/1, the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) shall not participate in the work of the Economic and Social Council,

1. *Decides* that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) shall not participate in the work of the Economic and Social Council;

2. *Takes note* of the intention of the Security Council to consider the matter again before the end of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly.

*Document A/47/L.57/Add.1 was issued to add 25 States to the list of sponsors.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 2nd, 3rd and 19th plenary meetings, on 15, 18 and 30 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendations of the Committee on Conferences (A/47/409 and Add.1) and of the General Committee as set forth in its first report (A/47/250, para. 29), decided to authorize certain subsidiary organs to hold meetings during the forty-seventh session (see decisions 47/403 A to C[50]).

At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendations of the General Committee as set forth in its first report (A/47/250, paras. 4-33), adopted a number of provisions concerning the organization of the forty-seventh session (decision 47/401[50]).

At its 3rd, 13th, 26th, 40th, 68th, 69th and 90th plenary meetings, on 18 and 25 September, 6 and 15 October, 20 and 23 November and 17 December 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendations of the Secretary-General and of the General Committee as set forth in its first (A/47/250, paras. 34-38), second (A/47/250/Add.1, paras. 1 and 2), third (A/47/250/Add.2, para. 2), fourth (A/47/250/Add.3, paras. 1-3), fifth (A/47/250/Add.4, para. 2) and sixth (A/47/250/Add.5, para. 2) reports, adopted the agenda (A/47/251 and Corr.1 and Add.1-5) and the allocation of agenda items (A/47/252 and Corr.1 and Add.1-5) for the forty-seventh session (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250, paras. 36 and 37), decided to defer consideration of the items entitled "Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India" and "Question of East Timor" and to include them in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 13th plenary meeting, on 25 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (see A/47/243), decided to include in the agenda of its

[50] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

[51] Ibid. As the General Assembly later adopted decisions 47/402 B to D, decision 47/402 should be considered as being decision 47/402 A.

forty-seventh session an item entitled "Financing of the United Nations Operation in Somalia" and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 26th plenary meeting, on 6 October 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.1, para. 1), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session an item entitled "Emergency assistance to Pakistan" and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402[51]).

At the same meeting, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.1, para. 2), also decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session the item entitled "Programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991" and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 40th plenary meeting, on 15 October 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.2, para. 2), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session an item entitled "Emergency assistance to the Philippines" and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 68th plenary meeting, on 20 November 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.3, para. 1), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session an item entitled "Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia" and to allocate it to the Third Committee (see decision 47/402[51]).

At the same meeting, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.3, para. 2), also decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session an item entitled "International assistance for the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Nicaragua: aftermath of the war and natural disasters" and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402[51]).

Also at the same meeting, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.3, para. 3), decided to consider agenda item 141, entitled "Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan", directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 69th plenary meeting, on 23 November 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.4, para. 1), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session an item entitled "Request for an advisory opinion from the International Court of Justice" and to allocate it to the Sixth Committee (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 90th plenary meeting, on 17 December 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/47/250/Add.5, para. 2), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session an item entitled "Convening of an international conference on Somalia" and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402[51]).

At its 95th plenary meeting, on 19 January 1993, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (see A/47/860), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, under item 16, entitled "Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections", two additional sub-items, as sub-items (*d*) and (*e*), entitled, respectively, "Election of a member of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme" and "Election of a member of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law", and to consider them directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

At the same meeting, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/101/Add.2, para. 4), decided to reopen consideration of agenda item 17 (*a*), entitled "Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions", and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

Also at the same meeting, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (see A/47/861), decided to reopen consideration of agenda items 18, 71, 72, 76 and 133 (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

At its 96th plenary meeting, on 11 February 1993, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (see A/47/881), decided to include in the agenda of its

[52]See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. II.

forty-seventh session, as item 153, an additional item entitled "Financing of the United Nations Operation in Mozambique" and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

At the same meeting, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (see A/47/884), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, under item 15, entitled "Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs", an additional sub-item, as sub-item (*c*), entitled "Election of a member of the International Court of Justice" (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

At its 97th plenary meeting, on 16 March 1993, the General Assembly, bearing in mind its resolution 46/240 of 22 May 1992, on the proposal of the President of the Assembly, decided to delete item 134, entitled "Financing of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America", from the preliminary list of items to be included in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

At its 98th plenary meeting, on 8 April 1993, the General Assembly, on the recommendations of the Secretary-General (A/47/907, para. 2) and the General Committee in its seventh report (A/47/250/Add.6, para. 1), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, under item 17, entitled "Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments", an additional sub-item, as sub-item (*j*), entitled "Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee", and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

At the same meeting, on the recommendation of the General Committee in its seventh report (A/47/250/Add.6, para. 2), the General Assembly decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 154, an additional item entitled "Emergency assistance to Cuba" and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 B[52]).

At its 104th plenary meeting, on 28 May 1993, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/955, para. 1), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 155, an additional item entitled "Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991" and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee (see decision 47/402 C[52]).

At the same meeting, the General Assembly, also on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/955, para. 1), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 156, an additional item entitled "Election of judges of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991" and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 C[52]).

At its 105th plenary meeting, on 15 June 1993, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/961, para. 4), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, under item 17, entitled "Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments", an additional sub-item, as sub-item (*k*), entitled "Confirmation of the appointment of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme", and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 C[52]).

At the same meeting, the General Assembly, also on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/102/Add.2, para. 3), decided to reopen consideration of agenda item 17 (*b*), entitled "Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions", and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 C[52]).

Also at the same meeting, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/907/Add.2, para. 3), decided to reopen consideration of agenda item 17 (*j*), entitled "Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee", and to consider it directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 C[52]).

At its 106th plenary meeting, on 22 June 1993, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/966, para. 1), decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 157, an additional item entitled "Financing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus" and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee (see decision 47/402 C[52]).

At its 112th meeting, on 20 September 1993, the General Assembly, at the request of the President of the Economic and Social Council (see A/47/1011), decided to reopen consideration of agenda item 12, entitled "Report of the Economic and Social Council", and agenda item 93 (*a*), entitled "Questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family", and to consider them directly in plenary meeting (see decision 47/402 D[52]).

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEM

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Observations and references*
A/47/50	Preliminary list of items to be included in the provisional agenda of the forty-seventh session	
A/47/100	Annotated preliminary list of items to be included in the provisional agenda of the forty-seventh session	
A/47/100/Add.1	Annotated agenda of the forty-seventh session	
A/47/141	Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bolivia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Honduras, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Latvia, Luxembourg, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Turkey, Uruguay, Venezuela and Viet Nam: request for the inclusion of an item in the provisional agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 138
A/47/191	Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania: request for the inclusion of a supplementary item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 139
A/47/192	Czechoslovakia: request for the inclusion of a supplementary item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 140
A/47/193	Afghanistan: request for the inclusion of a supplementary item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 141
A/47/241	Mexico: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 142
A/47/242	Croatia: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 144
A/47/243	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 145
A/47/244	Pakistan: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 146
A/47/245	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 147
A/47/246	Philippines: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 148
A/47/247	Russian Federation: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 149
A/47/248	Nicaragua: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 150
A/47/249 and Add.1 and Add.1/Corr.1	Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Spain, Uruguay and Venezuela: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 151
A/47/251 and Corr.1 and Add. 1-10	Agenda of the forty-seventh session	See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, vol. I, p. v.
A/47/252 and Corr.1 and Add.1-5	Allocation of agenda items for the forty-seventh session	Ibid., *Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I, sect. I
A/47/252/Add.6-10	_____: addenda	
A/47/409 and Add.1 and 2	Letters dated 27 and 28 August and 25 September 1992 from the Chairman of the Committee on Conferences to the President of the General Assembly	
A/47/423	Letter dated 9 September 1992 from the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the Secretary-General	
A/47/439	Letter dated 11 September 1992 from the representative of Pakistan to the Secretary-General	
A/47/447	Letter dated 15 September 1992 from the representative of Canada to the Secretary-General	
A/47/474	Letter dated 25 September 1992 from the representatives of Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia to the Secretary-General	
A/47/478-S/24599	Letter dated 28 September 1992 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	*Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for July, August and September 1992*, document S/24599
A/47/485	Note by the Secretary-General	
A/47/523	Letter dated 9 October 1992 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Observations and references*
A/47/532	Letter dated 14 October 1992 from the representative of Croatia to the Secretary-General	
A/47/566-S/24694	Letter dated 21 October 1992 from the representative of Croatia to the Secretary-General	Ibid., *Supplement for October, November and December 1992*, document S/24694
A/47/594	Letter dated 27 October 1992 from the representative of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the Secretary-General	
A/47/650	Letter dated 9 November 1992 from the representatives of Bosnia and Herzegovina and Croatia to the Secretary-General	
A/47/661	Letter dated 12 November 1992 from the representative of Afghanistan to the President of the General Assembly	
A/47/780	Senegal: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 152
A/47/780/Add.1	Letter dated 14 December 1992 from the representative of Morocco to the President of the General Assembly	Ibid.
A/47/860	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of two additional sub-items in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 16
A/47/861	Note by the Secretary-General	
A/47/881	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 153
A/47/884	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional sub-item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 15
A/47/907 and Add.1 and 2	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional sub-item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 17
A/47/917	Barbados: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 154
A/47/936-S/25707	Letter dated 30 April 1993 from the representative of Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General	
A/47/955	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of two additional items in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicles, agenda items 155 and 156
A/47/961 and Add.1	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional sub-item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 17
A/47/966	Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional item in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	See annex fascicle, agenda item 157
A/47/1022	Letter dated 17 September 1993 from the President of the Security Council to the President of the General Assembly	

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 10

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 10: Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization*

CONTENTS

	Page
Document A/47/L.50: Draft resolution submitted by the President	1
Document A/47/L.65: Draft resolution submitted by the President	4
Action taken by the General Assembly	7
List of other documents pertaining to the item	8

*For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, 31st, 32nd, 37th, 38th, 46th, 47th, 91st and 112th meetings.

DOCUMENT A/47/L.50

Draft resolution submitted by the President

[*Original: English*]
[*17 December 1992*]

AN AGENDA FOR PEACE: PREVENTIVE DIPLOMACY AND RELATED MATTERS

The General Assembly,

Recalling the statement of 31 January 1992, adopted at the conclusion of the first meeting held by the Security Council at the level of Heads of State and Government,[1] in which the Secretary-General was invited to prepare, for circulation to the States Members of the United Nations by 1 July 1992, an "analysis and recommendations on ways of strengthening and making more efficient within the framework and provisions of the Charter the capacity of the United Nations for preventive diplomacy, for peacemaking and for peace-keeping",

Welcoming the timely presentation of the forward-looking report of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace" (A/47/277-S/24111), in response to the summit meeting of the Security Council, as a set of recommendations that deserve close examination by the international community,

Recognizing the need to maintain the increased interest in and momentum for revitalization of the Organization to meet the challenges of the new phase of international relations in order to fulfil the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Stressing that the implementation of the concepts and proposals contained in "An Agenda for Peace" should be in strict conformity with the provisions of the Charter, in particular its purposes and principles,

Recalling also its resolution 2625 (XXV) of 24 October 1970, the annex to which contains the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, and its resolution 43/51 of 5 December 1988, the annex to which contains the Declaration on the Prevention and Removal of Disputes and Situations Which May Threaten International Peace and Security and on the Role of the United Nations in this Field,

Emphasizing that international peace and security must be seen in an integrated manner and that the efforts of the Organization to build peace, justice, stability and security must encompass not only military matters, but also, through its various organs within their respective areas of competence, relevant political, economic, social, humanitarian, environmental and developmental aspects,

Stressing the need for international action to strengthen the socio-economic development of Member States as one of the means of enhancing international peace and security and, in this regard, recognizing the need to complement "An Agenda for Peace" with "An Agenda for Development",

Acknowledging that timely application of preventive diplomacy is the most desirable and efficient means of easing tensions before they result in conflict,

Recognizing that preventive diplomacy may require such measures as confidence-building, early-warning, fact-finding and other measures in which consultations with Member States, discretion, confidentiality, objectivity and transparency should be combined as appropriate,

Emphasizing the need to strengthen the capacity of the United Nations in the field of preventive diplomacy,

[1] S/23500; see *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1992*, document S/23500.

through, *inter alia*, allocating appropriate staff resources and financial resources for preventive diplomacy, in order to assist Member States to resolve their differences in a peaceful manner,

Reaffirming the fundamental importance of a sound and secure financial basis for the United Nations in order, *inter alia*, to enable the Organization to play an effective role in preventive diplomacy,

Emphasizing the importance of cooperation between the United Nations and regional arrangements and organizations for preventive diplomacy within their respective areas of competence,

Emphasizing also that respect for the principles of sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of States is crucial to any common endeavour to promote international peace and security,

Recalling further other resolutions adopted by the Assembly during its forty-seventh session concerning various aspects of "An Agenda for Peace",

Emphasizing the need for all organs and bodies of the United Nations, as appropriate, to intensify their efforts to strengthen the role of the Organization in preventive diplomacy, peacemaking, peace-keeping and peace-building and to continue the discussion of the report of the Secretary-General with a view to adequate action being taken,

Stressing the need for adequate protection of personnel involved in preventive diplomacy, peacemaking, peacekeeping and humanitarian operations, in accordance with relevant norms and principles of international law,

Noting the definition of preventive diplomacy provided by the Secretary-General in his report entitled "An Agenda for Peace" (ibid.),

I

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

Emphasizing the need to promote the peaceful settlement of disputes,

1. *Invites* Member States to seek solutions to their disputes at an early stage through such peaceful means as provided for in the Charter of the United Nations;

2. *Decides* to explore ways and means for a full utilization of the provisions of the Charter whereby the General Assembly may recommend measures for the peaceful adjustment of any situation, regardless of origin, which is deemed likely to impair the general welfare or friendly relations among nations;

3. *Encourages* the Security Council to utilize fully the provisions of Chapter VI of the Charter on procedures and methods for peaceful settlement of disputes and to call upon the parties concerned to settle their disputes peacefully;

4. *Encourages* the Secretary-General and the Security Council to engage at an early stage in close and continuous consultation in order to develop, on a case-by-case basis, an appropriate strategy for the peaceful settlement of specific disputes, including the participation of other organs, organizations and agencies of the United Nations system, as well as regional arrangements and organizations as appropriate, and invites the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly on such consultations;

II

EARLY-WARNING, COLLECTION OF INFORMATION AND ANALYSIS

Recognizing the need to strengthen the capacity of the United Nations for early-warning, collection of information and analysis,

1. *Encourages* the Secretary-General to set up an adequate early-warning mechanism for situations which are likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security, in close cooperation with Member States and United Nations agencies, as well as regional arrangements and organizations, as appropriate, making use of the information available to these organizations and/or received from Member States, and to keep Member States informed of the mechanism established;

2. *Invites* the Secretary-General to strengthen the capacity of the Secretariat for the collection of information and analysis to serve better the early-warning needs of the Organization and, to that end, encourages the Secretary-General to ensure that staff members receive proper training in all aspects of preventive diplomacy, including the collection and analysis of information;

3. *Invites* Member States and regional arrangements and organizations to provide timely early-warning information, on a confidential basis when appropriate, to the Secretary-General;

4. *Encourages* the Secretary-General to continue, in accordance with Article 99 of the Charter of the United Nations, to bring to the attention of the Security Council, at his discretion, any matter which in his opinion may threaten the maintenance of international peace and security, together with his recommendations thereon;

5. *Invites* Member States to support the efforts of the Secretary-General in preventive diplomacy, including by providing assistance he may require;

6. *Encourages* the Secretary-General, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter, to notify the General Assembly, as appropriate, of any situation which is potentially dangerous or might lead to international friction or dispute;

7. *Invites* the Secretary-General to bring to the attention of Member States concerned, at an early stage, any matter which in his opinion may adversely affect relations between States;

III

FACT-FINDING

Recalling the statements made by the President of the Security Council, on behalf of the Council, on 29 October[2] and 30 November 1992,[3] and its own resolutions 1967 (XVIII) of 16 December 1963, 2104 (XX) of 20 December 1965, 2182 (XXI) of 12 December 1966 and 2329 (XXII) of 18 December 1967 on the question of methods of fact-finding,

1. *Reaffirms* its resolution 46/59 of 9 December 1991, the annex to which contains the Declaration on Fact-finding by

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[2] S/24728; see *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1992*, document S/24728.

[3] S/24872; see *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1992*, document S/24872.

the United Nations in the Field of the Maintenance of International Peace and Security, particularly its guidelines;

2. *Recommends* to the Secretary-General that he should continue to utilize the services of eminent and qualified experts in fact-finding and other missions, selected on as wide a geographical basis as possible, taking into account candidates with the highest standards of efficiency, competence and integrity;

3. *Invites* Member States to submit names of suitable individuals whom the Secretary-General might wish to use at his discretion in fact-finding and other missions;

4. *Recommends* that a request by a Member State for the dispatch of a fact-finding mission to its territory should be considered expeditiously;

5. *Invites* the Secretary-General to continue to dispatch fact-finding and other missions in a timely manner in order to assist him in the proper discharge of his functions under the Charter of the United Nations;

IV

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

Recognizing that the application of appropriate confidence-building measures, consistent with national security needs, would promote mutual confidence and good faith, which are essential to reducing the likelihood of conflicts between States and enhancing prospects for the peaceful settlement of disputes,

Recalling its resolutions 43/78 H of 7 December 1988 and 45/62 F of 4 December 1990, as well as its resolution 47/54 D of 9 December 1992 on the implementation of the guidelines for appropriate types of confidence-building measures,

Recognizing that confidence-building measures may encompass both military and non-military matters, including political, economic and social matters,

Stressing the need to encourage Member States, and regional arrangements and organizations where relevant and in a manner consistent with their mandates, to play a leading role in developing confidence-building measures appropriate to the region concerned and to coordinate their efforts in this regard with the United Nations in accordance with Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations,

1. *Invites* Member States and regional arrangements and organizations to inform the Secretary-General through appropriate channels about their experiences in confidence-building measures in their respective regions;

2. *Supports* the intention of the Secretary-General to consult on a regular basis with Member States and regional arrangements and organizations on further confidence-building measures;

3. *Encourages* the Secretary-General to consult with parties to existing or potential disputes, the continuance of which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security, and with other interested Member States and regional arrangements and organizations, as appropriate, on the possibility of initiating confidence-building measures in their respective regions and to keep Member States informed thereon in consultation with the parties concerned;

4. *Commends* such confidence-building measures as the promotion of openness and restraint in the production, procurement and deployment of armaments, the systematic exchange of military missions, the possible formation of regional risk reduction centres, arrangements for the free flow of information and the monitoring of regional arms control and disarmament agreements;

V

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

Recalling its resolution 45/100 of 14 December 1990 on humanitarian assistance to victims of natural disasters and similar emergency situations and its resolution 46/182 of 19 December 1991 on the strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations,

Welcoming the increasing role of the United Nations system in providing humanitarian assistance,

Noting that, in certain circumstances, programmes of impartially-provided humanitarian assistance and peacekeeping operations can be mutually supportive,

1. *Encourages* the Secretary-General to continue to strengthen the capacity of the Organization in order to ensure coordinated planning and execution of humanitarian assistance programmes, drawing upon the specialized skills and resources of all parts of the United Nations system, as well as those of non-governmental organizations, as appropriate;

2. *Also encourages* the Secretary-General to continue to address the question of coordination, when necessary, between humanitarian assistance programmes and peacekeeping or related operations, preserving the non-political, neutral and impartial character of humanitarian action;

3. *Invites* the Secretary-General to bring to the attention of appropriate organs of the United Nations any situation requiring urgent humanitarian assistance in order to prevent its deterioration, which might lead to international friction or dispute;

VI

RESOURCES AND LOGISTICAL ASPECTS OF PREVENTIVE DIPLOMACY

Recognizing the need for adequate resources in support of the United Nations efforts in preventive diplomacy,

1. *Invites* Member States to provide political and practical support to the Secretary-General in his efforts for the peaceful settlement of disputes, including early-warning, fact-finding, good offices and mediation;

2. *Also invites* Member States, on a voluntary basis, to provide the Secretary-General with any necessary additional expertise and logistical resources that he might require for the successful execution of these functions of increasing importance;

VII

ROLE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN PREVENTIVE DIPLOMACY

Emphasizing that, together with the Security Council and the Secretary-General, it has an important role in preventive diplomacy,

Recognizing that, having an important role in preventive diplomacy, it has to work in close cooperation and coordination with the Security Council and the Secretary-General in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and consistent with their respective mandates and responsibilities,

Decides to explore ways and means to support the recommendations of the Secretary-General in his report entitled

"An Agenda for Peace" (ibid.) to promote the utilization of the General Assembly, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter of the United Nations, by Member States so as to bring greater influence to bear in pre-empting or containing any situation which is potentially dangerous or might lead to international friction or dispute;

VIII

FUTURE WORK

Bearing in mind that owing to time constraints it could not examine all the proposals contained in the report of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace" (ibid.),

1. *Decides* to continue early in 1993 its examination of other recommendations on preventive diplomacy and related matters contained in the report of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace", including preventive deployment, demilitarized zones and the International Court of Justice, as well as implementation of the provisions of Article 50 of the Charter of the United Nations, in conformity with the Charter and taking into account the relevant developments and practices in the competent organs of the United Nations;

2. *Also decides* to discuss and consider other proposals contained in "An Agenda for Peace".

DOCUMENT A/47/L.65

Draft resolution submitted by the President

[*Original: Arabic/Chinese/English/French/Russian/Spanish*]
[*16 September 1993*]

AN AGENDA FOR PEACE

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 47/120 A of 18 December 1992 entitled "An Agenda for Peace: preventive diplomacy and related matters",

Reaffirming its resolution 46/59 of 9 December 1991, the annex to which contains the Declaration on Fact-finding by the United Nations in the Field of the Maintenance of International Peace and Security,

Recalling also its resolution 46/182 of 19 December 1991 on the strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian emergency assistance of the United Nations,

Recalling further its resolution 47/71 of 14 December 1992 on the comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects,

Emphasizing that, together with the Security Council and the Secretary-General, it has an important role in preventive diplomacy,

Recognizing that it has to work in close cooperation and coordination with the Security Council and the Secretary-General in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and consistent with their respective mandates and responsibilities,

I

ROLE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Recalling the relevant provisions of the Charter of the United Nations relating to the functions and powers of the General Assembly,

Recalling also the report of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace" (A/47/277-S/24111), which refers to the utilization of these functions and powers,

1. *Resolves* to make full and effective use of the functions and powers set out in Articles 10 and 14 of the Charter of the United Nations, in conformity with other relevant provisions of the Charter;

2. *Decides* to consider the use of existing or new machinery, including subsidiary organs under Article 22 of the Charter, to facilitate consideration of any situation coming within the scope of Article 14 of the Charter, with a view to recommending measures for the peaceful adjustment of such a situation;

3. *Also decides* to consider appropriate ways and means consistent with the Charter to improve cooperation among the competent United Nations organs in order to strengthen the role of the United Nations in the promotion of peace, including the possibility that the General Assembly receives reports, as appropriate, from the Secretary-General on matters related to the items on its agenda or on other matters within its competence;

II

PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT AND DEMILITARIZED ZONES

Taking note of paragraphs 28 to 33 on preventive deployment and demilitarized zones contained in the report of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace" (ibid.), within the larger context of preventive diplomacy, as well as the views expressed on these issues by Member States,

Stressing that the implementation of any concepts and proposals on preventive deployment and demilitarized zones contained in "An Agenda for Peace" should be undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the Charter of the United Nations, in particular its purposes and principles, and other relevant principles of international law,

Welcoming the instances of effective use of United Nations preventive deployment and the establishment of demilitarized zones,

Stressing the importance of appropriate consultations with Member States and transparency in any decision-making concerning the undertaking of preventive deployment or the establishment of a demilitarized zone,

Recognizing that a United Nations preventive deployment or the establishment of demilitarized zones could promote the prevention or containment of conflicts, the continuance of which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security,

Emphasizing that respect for the principles of sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of States and non-intervention in matters which are essen-

tially within the domestic jurisdiction of any State is crucial to any common endeavour to promote international peace and security,

Bearing in mind that, as each situation in which preventive deployment may be undertaken or a demilitarized zone established has its own special characteristics, it is of the utmost importance to make decisions on such measures on a case-by-case basis with due regard to all relevant factors and circumstances, including consultations with Member States,

Recognizing the need to preserve the impartiality of the United Nations when engaged in preventive deployment or in the establishment of demilitarized zones,

Recognizing also that preventive deployment and the establishment of demilitarized zones are evolving concepts,

1. *Acknowledges* the importance of considering, on a case-by-case basis, the use of preventive deployment and/or the establishment of demilitarized zones as a means to prevent existing or potential disputes from escalating into conflicts and to promote efforts to achieve the peaceful settlement of such disputes, the continuance of which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security;

2. *Reaffirms* that a United Nations preventive deployment and/or the establishment of a demilitarized zone should be undertaken with the consent of and, in principle, on the basis of a request by the Member State or Member States involved, having taken into account the positions of other States concerned and all other relevant factors;

3. *Also reaffirms* that a United Nations preventive deployment and/or the establishment of a demilitarized zone should be undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the Charter of the United Nations, in particular its purposes and principles and other relevant principles of international law, also taking into account relevant General Assembly and Security Council resolutions;

4. *Invites* the competent organs of the United Nations, within their respective mandates, to consider implementing preventive deployment and/or the establishment of a demilitarized zone with the objective of preventing conflict and of promoting efforts to achieve the peaceful settlement of disputes, and to continue to examine practical, operational and financial aspects of such preventive deployment and demilitarized zones with a view to increasing their efficacy and effectiveness;

III

USE OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE IN THE PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

Emphasizing the role of the International Court of Justice under the Charter of the United Nations in the peaceful settlement of disputes,

1. *Encourages* States to consider making greater use of the International Court of Justice for the peaceful settlement of disputes;

2. *Recommends* that States consider the possibility of accepting the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice, including through the dispute settlement clauses of multilateral treaties;

3. *Notes* that the use of chambers of the International Court of Justice for dealing with particular cases submitted to the Court by the parties is a means of providing increased use of the Court for the peaceful settlement of disputes;

4. *Requests* States to consider making, if possible on a regular basis, contributions to the Trust Fund of the Secretary-General to assist States in resolving their disputes through the International Court of Justice, and invites the Secretary-General to report periodically both on the financial status and the utilization of the Fund;

5. *Recalls* that the General Assembly or the Security Council may request the International Court of Justice to give an advisory opinion on any legal question, and that other organs of the United Nations and specialized agencies, which may at any time be so authorized by the General Assembly, may also request advisory opinions of the Court on legal questions arising within the scope of their activities;

6. *Decides* to keep under examination all the recommendations of the Secretary-General concerning the International Court of Justice, including those related to the use of the advisory competence of the Court;

IV

SPECIAL ECONOMIC PROBLEMS ARISING FROM THE IMPLEMENTATION OF PREVENTIVE OR ENFORCEMENT MEASURES

Recalling Article 50 of the Charter of the United Nations, which entitles States that find themselves confronted with special economic problems arising from the carrying out of preventive or enforcement measures taken by the Security Council against any other State, to consult the Council with regard to a solution to those problems,

Recalling also the recommendation of the Secretary-General in his report entitled "An Agenda for Peace" that the Security Council devise a set of measures involving the financial institutions and other components of the United Nations system that can be put in place to insulate States from such difficulties and his view that such measures would be a matter of equity and a means of encouraging States to cooperate with decisions of the Council,

Recalling further the statement made on 30 December 1992 by the President of the Security Council,[4] in which the Council expressed its determination to consider this matter further and invited the Secretary-General to consult with the heads of international financial institutions, other components of the United Nations system and Member States of the United Nations, and to report to the Council as early as possible,

Recalling its resolution 47/120 A entitled "An Agenda for Peace: preventive diplomacy and related matters", in which it decided to continue early in 1993 its examination of other recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace", including implementation of the provisions of Article 50 of the Charter, in conformity with the Charter and taking into account the relevant developments and practices in the competent organs of the United Nations,

Stressing the importance of economic and other measures not involving the use of armed forces in maintaining

[4] S/25036; see *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1992*, document S/25036.

international peace and security, in accordance with Article 41 of the Charter,

Recalling Article 49 of the Charter, which requires the Members of the United Nations to join in affording mutual assistance in carrying out the measures decided upon by the Security Council,

Noting that the implementation of Article 50 of the Charter has been addressed recently in several forums, including the General Assembly and its subsidiary organs and the Security Council,

Recognizing that, in the conditions of economic interdependence that exist today, the implementation of preventive or enforcement measures under Chapter VII of the Charter against any State continues to create special economic problems for certain other States,

Recalling that Member States have engaged previously in consultations with bodies established by the Security Council regarding special economic problems confronted by them as a result of the implementation of preventive or enforcement measures against Iraq and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro),

Concerned that certain States continue to be confronted with adverse economic problems owing to the implementation of preventive and enforcement measures under Chapter VII of the Charter,

Recognizing the need for appropriate means to find solutions to these problems as soon as possible,

1. *Decides* to continue its examination of ways to implement Article 50 of the Charter of the United Nations, with a view to finding solutions to the special economic problems of other Member States when preventive or enforcement measures are decided upon by the Security Council against a State;

2. *Invites* the Security Council to consider what could be done within the United Nations system and involving international financial institutions with regard to solutions to the special economic problems of States arising from the carrying out of the measures imposed by the Council and to consider, *inter alia*, the following measures:

(*a*) Strengthening of the consultative process for studying, reporting on and suggesting solutions to the special economic problems, with a view to minimizing such economic problems through consultations with States adversely affected or, as appropriate, with States likely to be adversely affected as a result of their implementing the preventive or enforcement measures, as well as with the Secretary-General, the principal organs, programmes and agencies of the United Nations, and international financial institutions;

(*b*) Other measures, in consultation with Member States and, as appropriate, with international financial institutions, such as voluntary funds to provide assistance to States experiencing special economic problems arising from carrying out the measures imposed by the Security Council, additional credit lines, assistance for the promotion of exports of the affected countries, assistance for technical cooperation projects in such countries and/or assistance for the promotion of investment in the affected countries;

3. *Also invites* the committees of the Security Council and other bodies entrusted with the task of monitoring the implementation of preventive and enforcement measures to take into account, in discharging their mandates, the need to avoid unnecessary adverse consequences for other Member States, without prejudice to the effectiveness of such measures;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report annually to the General Assembly on the implementation of Article 50 of the Charter;

V

POST-CONFLICT PEACE-BUILDING

Noting that post-conflict peace-building is a new and evolving concept,

Recognizing the need for sustained cooperative efforts by the United Nations to deal with the underlying economic, social, cultural and humanitarian causes and effects of conflicts in order to promote a durable foundation for peace,

Recalling the provisions of Article 55 of the Charter of the United Nations,

Recognizing also that the concept of post-conflict peace-building is aimed at the creation of a new environment to forestall the recurrence of conflicts,

Bearing in mind that each situation in which post-conflict peace-building may be undertaken is unique and therefore should be considered on a case-by-case basis,

Bearing in mind also that post-conflict peace-building should complement efforts at peacemaking and peace-keeping in order to consolidate peace and advance a sense of confidence and well-being among people and States,

1. *Acknowledges* the usefulness of the proposals of the Secretary-General contained in paragraphs 55 to 59 of his report entitled "An Agenda for Peace" (ibid.), particularly in relation to the range of activities for post-conflict peace-building;

2. *Emphasizes* that post-conflict peace-building should be carried out in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, in particular the principles of sovereign equality and political independence of States, territorial integrity, and non-intervention in matters that are essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of any State;

3. *Recalls* that each State has the right freely to choose and develop its political, social, economic and cultural systems;

4. *Stresses* that activities related to post-conflict peace-building should be carried out within a well-defined time-frame;

5. *Also stresses* that post-conflict peace-building be undertaken on the basis of agreements ending conflicts or reached after conflicts, or at the request of the Government or Governments concerned;

6. *Emphasizes* the need for measures to promote peace and cooperation among previously conflicting parties;

7. *Stresses* the need for coordinated action by relevant components of the United Nations system, including the contributions that the international financial institutions can make in the area of socio-economic development in post-conflict peace-building;

8. *Also stresses* the importance for post-conflict peace-building of contributions from diverse sources, including components of the United Nations system, regional organizations, Member States and non-governmental organizations;

9. *Requests* the Secretary-General to inform the General Assembly of requests relating to post-conflict peace-building by the Government or Governments concerned, or emanating from peace agreements ending conflicts or reached after conflicts by parties concerned;

10. *Affirms* its readiness to support, as appropriate, post-conflict peace-building;

VI

COOPERATION WITH REGIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND ORGANIZATIONS

Recognizing the importance of the role of regional organizations and arrangements in dealing with such matters relating to the maintenance of international peace and security as are appropriate for regional action, and the need to enhance, in this respect, cooperation between such organizations and arrangements and the United Nations,

Recalling Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations and its acknowledgement of the role of regional arrangements and agencies in dealing with such matters relating to the maintenance of international peace and security as are appropriate for regional action, provided that such arrangements or agencies and their activities are consistent with the purposes and principles of the United Nations,

Taking into account the experience gained and the favourable results achieved by regional organizations in the peaceful settlement of disputes in different parts of the world,

1. *Recognizes* that regional organizations, arrangements and agencies can, in their fields of competence and in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, make important contributions to the maintenance of international peace and security, preventive diplomacy, peacemaking, peace-keeping and post-conflict peace-building;

2. *Encourages* regional organizations, arrangements and agencies to consider, as appropriate, in their fields of competence, ways and means for promoting closer cooperation and coordination with the United Nations with the objective of contributing to the fulfilment of the purposes and principles of the Charter;

3. *Also encourages* the Secretary-General to continue his efforts at promoting cooperation between the United Nations and regional organizations, arrangements and agencies, in accordance with the Charter;

VII

SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

Recalling its resolution 47/72 of 14 December 1992 on protection of peace-keeping personnel, and all other relevant resolutions,

Bearing in mind the concern expressed by the Secretary-General over the safety of United Nations personnel in his report entitled "An Agenda for Peace" (ibid.),

Also recalling the relevant resolutions of the Security Council,

Taking note with appreciation of the statement made on 31 March 1993 by the President of the Security Council on the protection of United Nations forces and personnel,[5]

Noting with appreciation the work done by the Special Committee on Peace-keeping Operations on the issue of the status and safety of United Nations peace-keeping personnel,

Gravely concerned about the growing number of fatalities and injuries among United Nations peace-keeping and other personnel resulting from deliberate hostile actions in dangerous areas of deployment,

1. *Welcomes* the report of the Secretary-General on the security of United Nations operations;[6]

2. *Decides* to consider further steps to enhance the status and safety of United Nations personnel involved in United Nations operations, taking into account the need for concerted action by all relevant bodies of the United Nations in this regard.

[5] S/25493; see *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1993*, document S/25493.

[6] A/48/349-S/26358; see *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for July, August and September 1993*, document S/26358.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 47th plenary meeting, on 27 October 1992, the General Assembly took note of the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization (see decision 47/407[7]).

At its 91st plenary meeting, on 18 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted draft resolution A/47/L.50. For the final text, see resolution 47/120.[8]

At its 94th plenary meeting, on 23 December 1992, the General Assembly decided to retain item 10 on its agenda (see decision 47/467[7]).

At its 112th plenary meeting, on 20 September 1993, the General Assembly adopted draft resolution A/47/L.65. For the final text, see resolution 47/120 B.[9]

[7] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

[8] Ibid. In view of the subsequent adoption by the General Assembly of resolution 47/120 B, resolution 47/120 becomes resolution 47/120 A.

[9] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. II.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEM

Symbol	Title or description	Observations and references
A/47/1	Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization	*Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 1*
A/47/277-S/24111	An Agenda for Peace: preventive diplomacy, peacemaking and peace-keeping: report of the Secretary-General	*Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-seventh Year, Supplement for April, May and June 1992*, document S/24111
A/47/302	Letter dated 30 June 1992 from the representative of Portugal to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement on preventive diplomacy, issued by the European Community and its member States on 30 June 1992	
A/47/386	Special report of the Special Committee on Peace-keeping Operations	
A/47/575-S/24816	Letter dated 11 November 1992 from the representative of Indonesia to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the final documents of the Tenth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Jakarta from 1 to 6 September 1992	
A/47/748	Letter dated 1 December 1992 from the representative of Latvia to the Secretary-General	
A/47/760	Letter dated 6 December 1992 from the representative of Argentina to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Declaration of the Heads of State and Government of the Rio Group, signed at Buenos Aires on 2 December 1992	
A/47/910-S/25463	Letter dated 22 March 1993 from the representative of Kazakhstan to the Secretary-General	
A/47/947-S/25763	Note verbale dated 6 May 1993 from the mission of Uruguay to the Secretary-General	Ibid., *Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for April, May and June 1993*, document S/25763
A/47/952-S/25839	Note verbale dated 21 May 1993 from the mission of Egypt to the Secretary-General	Ibid., document S/25839
A/47/962-S/25910	Note verbale dated 1 June 1993 from the mission of Ukraine to the Secretary-General	Ibid., document S/25910
A/47/965-S/25944	Implementation of the recommendations contained in "An Agenda for Peace": report of the Secretary-General	Ibid., document S/25944

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 12

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 12:* Report of the Economic and Social Council**

CONTENTS

	Page
Documents A/47/717 and Add.1: Report of the Second Committee	2
Document A/47/772: Report of the Third Committee	15
Document A/47/834: Report of the Fifth Committee	21
Action taken by the General Assembly	21
List of other documents pertaining to the item	22

*For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Second Committee*, 3rd to 9th, 34th to 37th, 40th, 42nd, 43rd, 45th, 46th and 48th to 51st meetings, and corrigendum; ibid., *Third Committee*, 52nd and 60th meetings, and corrigendum; ibid., *Fifth Committee*, 35th meeting, and corrigendum; and ibid., *Plenary Meetings*, 76th, 92nd to 94th and 112th meetings.

**For the questions dealt with in the report and considered under other agenda items, see the annex fascicles relating to the following agenda items: items 78 to 85, 87, 90 and 103 to 105. For the questions considered in connection with the preceding report, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 12.

NOTE

Allocation of the chapters (I-IX) of the report of the Economic and Social Council for the year 1992 (A/47/3/Rev.1)

PLENARY MEETINGS:

Chapters I, V (sections C and G), VIII and IX (chapter I was also referred to the Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees; section C of chapter V and chapter IX were also referred to the Second, Third and Fifth Committees).

SECOND COMMITTEE:

Chapters I to IV, V (sections A to C and E), VI and IX (chapter I was also referred to plenary meetings and the Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees; section B of chapter V was also referred to the Third, Fourth and Fifth Committees; section C of chapter V and chapter IX were also referred to plenary meetings and the Third and Fifth Committees; section E of chapter V was also referred to the Third Committee).

THIRD COMMITTEE:

Chapters I, V (sections B, C, E, F and H), VII and IX (chapter I was also referred to plenary meetings and the Second, Fourth and Fifth Committees; section B of chapter V was also referred to the Second, Fourth and Fifth Committees; section C of chapter V and chapter IX were also referred to plenary meetings and the Second and Fifth Committees; section E of chapter V was also referred to the Second Committee).

FOURTH COMMITTEE:*

Chapters I and V (section B) (chapter I was also referred to plenary meetings and the Second, Third and Fifth Committees; section B of chapter V was also referred to the Second, Third and Fifth Committees).

FIFTH COMMITTEE:

Chapters I, V (sections B to D) and IX (chapter I was also referred to plenary meetings and the Second, Third and Fourth Committees; section B of chapter V was also referred to the Second, Third and Fourth Committees; section C of chapter V and chapter IX were also referred to plenary meetings and the Second and Third Committees).

*For the consideration of agenda item 12 in the context of the Fourth Committee, see annex fascicle, agenda items 100 and 12.

DOCUMENTS A/47/717 AND ADD.1

Report of the Second Committee

DOCUMENT A/47/717

PART I OF THE REPORT

[*Original: English*]
[*27 November 1992*]

1. At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 12, the item entitled "Report of the Economic and Social Council" and to allocate to the Second Committee, for consideration and report, chapters I to IV, V (sections A to C and E), VI and IX of the report of the Economic and Social Council for the year 1992 (A/47/3/Rev.1).

2. In accordance with General Assembly resolution 34/212 of 19 December 1979, some of the questions dealt with in chapters and sections of the report of the Economic and Social Council allocated to the Second Committee were dealt with under agenda items 78 to 85, 87 and 90, which were also allocated to it. In the context of item 12, the Second Committee considered the following questions:

(*a*) International cooperation in tax matters;

(*b*) Transnational corporations;

(*c*) International Conference on Population and Development;

(*d*) Consumer protection;

(*e*) Prevention and control of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS);

(*f*) Permanent sovereignty over national resources in the occupied Palestinian and other Arab territories;

(*g*) Public administration and finance;

(*h*) Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa (1991-2000);

(*i*) Combating aridity, soil erosion, salinity, waterlogging, desertification and the effects of drought in South Asia.

3. The Committee considered the item at its 34th to 37th, 40th, 42nd and 46th meetings, on 10, 11, 16, 18 and 25 November 1992. An account of the Committee's discussion of the item is contained in the relevant summary records (see A/C.2/47/SR.34-37, 40, 42 and 46). Attention is also drawn to the general debate held by the Committee, on all the items allocated to it, at its 3rd to 9th meetings, from 5 to 8 October 1992 (see A/C.2/47/SR.3-9).

4. For its consideration of the item, the Committee had before it the following documents:

[*See the list of documents at the end of the present fascicle.*]

5. At the 34th meeting, introductory statements were made by the Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Development and the Acting Director of the Office of the World Health Organization at the United Nations in New York. The Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund made a statement in her capacity as Secretary-General of the International Conference on Population and Development (1994).

6. At the 46th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop (Senegal), Vice-Chairman of the Committee, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.54), submitted on the basis of informal consultations, entitled "Prevention and control of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS)".

7. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote (see para. 8 below).

Recommendation of the Second Committee

8. The Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft resolution:

PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF ACQUIRED IMMUNODEFICIENCY SYNDROME (AIDS)

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 46/203 of 20 December 1991, previous resolutions of the General Assembly and relevant resolutions of other organizations of the United Nations system,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Director-General of the World Health Organization on the implementation of the global strategy for the prevention and control of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) (A/47/289, annex);

2. *Endorses* the action taken by the Economic and Social Council in resolution 1992/33 of 30 July 1992 on prevention and control of AIDS;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to invite the Director-General of the World Health Organization, in close collaboration with all other appropriate bodies, organs and programmes of the United Nations system, to report, through the Secretary-General, to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, and biennially thereafter, through the Economic and Social Council, on progress in the implementation of the global strategy for the prevention and control of AIDS.

DOCUMENT A/47/717/ADD.1

PART II OF THE REPORT

[*Original: English*]
[*17 December 1992*]

1. The Second Committee held a substantive debate on item 12 (see A/47/717, para. 3). Action to be taken on the item was further considered at the 40th, 42nd, 43rd, 45th and 48th to 51st meetings, on 16, 18, 19 and 24 November and 7, 9, 11 and 16 December 1992. An account of the Committee's consideration of the item is contained in the relevant summary records (see A/C.2/47/SR.40, 42, 43, 45 and 48-51).

Consideration of proposals

Draft resolution contained in document A/C.2/47/L.2

2. By its decision 45/436 of 21 December 1990, the General Assembly had decided to defer until its forty-seventh session consideration of the draft resolution entitled "Implementation of section II of the annex to General Assembly resolution 32/197 on the restructuring of the economic and social sectors of the United Nations system" (see A/C.2/47/L.2).[1]

[1] For the printed text of the draft resolution, see General Assembly decision 35/439, annex.

3. At its 49th meeting, the Committee had before it the draft resolution contained in document A/C.2/47/L.2 for its consideration. At the same meeting, the Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that it defer until its forty-eighth session consideration of the draft resolution (see para. 53 below, draft decision I).

Draft resolution contained in documents A/C.2/47/L.5 and Rev.1

4. By its resolution 1992/58 of 31 July 1992, the Economic and Social Council had recommended to the General Assembly the adoption of a draft resolution entitled "Assistance to the Palestinian people". The document containing the text of the draft resolution was circulated (see A/C.2/47/L.5).

5. At the 50th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, informed the Committee of the results of informal consultations held on the draft resolution contained in document A/C.2/47/L.5 and drew its attention to a revised version (see A/C.2/47/L.5/Rev.1) of the draft resolution. In introducing the revised draft resolution, the Vice-Chairman orally revised it by replacing, in paragraph 4, the words "to accept *de jure* the applicability" by the words "to accept *de jure* applicability".

6. The Committee was informed that the draft resolution had no programme budget implications.

7. Before action was taken on the draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of Israel, the United States of America and Spain.

8. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution contained in document A/C.2/47/L.5/Rev.1, as orally revised, by a recorded vote of 107 to 2, with 2 abstentions (see para. 52 below, draft resolution I). The voting was as follows:[2]

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Denmark, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Spain, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zimbabwe.

Against: Israel, United States of America.

Abstaining: Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of).

[2]Subsequently, the delegations of Bolivia, Kuwait, Jordan, Sri Lanka and Zambia informed the Committee that they had intended to vote in favour of the draft resolution.

9. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, on behalf of the States members of the European Community, Austria, Australia and Norway. The observer for Palestine also made a statement.

Draft resolutions A/C.2/47/L.23 and L.78

10. At the 40th meeting, the representative of the United States of America, on behalf also of Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Marshall Islands, Mongolia, the Netherlands, Norway, Peru, Poland, Portugal, the Republic of Korea, the Republic of Moldova, Romania, the Russian Federation, Samoa, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, subsequently joined by Thailand, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.23) entitled "Privatization", which read as follows:

"*The General Assembly*,

"*Reaffirming* its resolution S-18/3 of 1 May 1990, the annex to which contains the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries, and its resolution 45/199 of 21 December 1990, the annex to which contains the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade, as well as other relevant United Nations resolutions,

"*Taking note* of the Cartagena Commitment, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its eighth session,[3] and Trade and Development Board decision 398 (XXXVIII) of 7 May 1992 (see A/47/15, vol. I, sect. II);

"*Taking note also* of Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/36 of 30 July 1992 on privatization and foreign investment in the context of economic restructuring,

"*Recognizing* the sovereign right of each State to decide on the development of its private and public sectors, taking into account the comparative advantages of each sector, and the work of the Ad Hoc Working Group on Comparative Experiences with Privatization, established by the Trade and Development Board in its decision 398 (XXXVIII) of 7 May 1992,

"*Noting* that the private sector plays a positive role in mobilizing resources and promoting economic growth and sustainable development,

"*Noting also* that many countries are attaching growing importance to the privatization of enterprises, demonopolization and administrative deregulation of economic activities, as well as market-oriented reforms, increased competition, the elimination of price-distorting mechanisms, and open markets, all as a means to increase economic efficiency, growth and sustainable development, in the context of their economic restructuring policies,

"*Noting further* the difficulties these countries encounter in those policies,

[3]TD/364, part one, sect. A.

"1. *Welcomes* the activities being undertaken by relevant organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system in supporting national policies aimed at increasing economic efficiency, growth and sustainable development through privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation of economic activities and other relevant policies, and urges them:

"(*a*) To support, when requested, the national efforts of countries in implementing privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation and other relevant policies in the context of their economic reforms and the opening of their economies;

"(*b*) To strengthen their communication and cooperation in supporting the national efforts of countries in privatizing enterprises, demonopolizing and deregulating their economic activities and implementing other relevant policies, and invites the Secretary-General to give due attention and focus to coordination of the United Nations system in this field, through, *inter alia*, the Economic and Social Council and other relevant United Nations bodies;

"(*c*) To take into account, in implementing their respective mandates, the work already undertaken by the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, in order to maximize the efficiency of the system, mindful of the ongoing process of restructuring the system;

"2. *Calls upon* Member States to enhance the exchange of information among themselves and all relevant organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system on their activities, programmes and experiences concerning privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation and other relevant policies in order to increase the efficiency and coordination of technical cooperation in this field;

"3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to improve, within existing resources, research activities on privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation and other relevant policies, and to include pertinent findings in relevant United Nations publications, including the *World Economic Survey*;

"4. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to include in his report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, to be submitted pursuant to its resolution 46/166 on entrepreneurship, recommendations for action by the United Nations system in support of the present resolution."

11. At the 50th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.78) entitled "Privatization in the context of economic restructuring, economic growth and sustainable development", submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.23.

12. The Committee was informed that the draft resolution had no programme budget implications.

13. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.78 without a vote (see para. 52 below, draft resolution II).

14. In the light of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.78, draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.23 was withdrawn by the sponsors.

Draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.29 and Rev.1

15. At the 43rd meeting, the representative of Malaysia, on behalf also of Afghanistan, Algeria, Cuba, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mauritania, Saudi Arabia, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.29) entitled "Economic and social repercussions of the Israeli settlements on the Palestinian people in the Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, occupied since 1967, and on the Arab population of the Syrian Golan". Subsequently, Djibouti, Indonesia, Kuwait, Morocco, Pakistan, the United Arab Emirates and Yemen joined in sponsoring the draft resolution, which read as follows:

"*The General Assembly*,

[*Text of the first to fifth preambular paragraphs and paragraphs 1 and 3 to 6 identical to the corresponding paragraphs of draft resolution III in paragraph 52 below.*]

"2. *Deplores* the establishment of settlements by Israel in the Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, and other Arab territories occupied since 1967, and regards the settlements as unlawful and without any legal basis;".

16. At the 50th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, informed the Committee of the results of informal consultations held on the draft resolution and drew the Committee's attention to a revised version (A/C.2/47/L.29/Rev.1) of the draft resolution, submitted by the same sponsors.

17. The Committee was informed that the draft resolution had no programme budget implications.

18. Before action was taken on the revised draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of Israel, the United States of America and the Russian Federation.

19. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.29/Rev.1 by a recorded vote of 101 to 3, with 5 abstentions (see para. 52 below, draft resolution III). The voting was as follows:[4]

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Benin, Bhutan, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Canada, Cape Verde, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Denmark, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Myanmar, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Spain, Sudan, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zimbabwe.

Against: Israel, Micronesia (Federated States of), United States of America.

Abstaining: Belarus, Croatia, Marshall Islands, Russian Federation, Uruguay.

20. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, on behalf

[4]Subsequently, the delegations of Kuwait, Jordan, Sri Lanka and Zambia informed the Committee that they had intended to vote in favour of the draft resolution.

of the States members of the European Community, and Canada. The observer for Palestine also made a statement.

Draft resolutions A/C.2/47/L.34 and L.66

21. At the 40th meeting, the representative of Pakistan, on behalf of the States Members that are members of the Group of 77, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.34) entitled "Implications of the application of the new criteria for identifying the least developed countries in the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s", which read as follows:

"*The General Assembly*,

"*Recalling* its resolution 45/206 of 21 December 1990, in which it endorsed the Paris Declaration and the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s, adopted by the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries,[5] resolution 46/156 of 19 December 1991 on the implementation of the Programme of Action and resolution 46/206 of 20 December 1991 on the report of the Committee for Development Planning: criteria for identifying the least developed countries,

"*Taking note* of the document entitled 'A New Partnership for Development: The Cartagena Commitment',[3] adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its eighth session,

"*Reiterating* the need to strengthen international cooperation for sustainable development in order to support and complement the efforts of the least developed countries,

"*Noting* the donors' determination, reflected in the Cartagena Commitment, to implement the commitments that they undertook in the Programme of Action with regard to official development assistance to the forty-one countries which were included in the list of the least developed countries at the time of the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries,

"*Noting also* that the Trade and Development Board, at the first part of its thirty-ninth session (see A/47/15, vol. II), conducted the second annual review of progress in the implementation of the Programme of Action and also reviewed the question of appropriate adjustment of commitments in respect of targets and levels of official development assistance to the least developed countries in the light of the addition of six countries to the list of those countries after the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries,

"*Noting further* that, at the same session of the Trade and Development Board, donors expressed their intention to examine the effects that the countries newly added to the list of the least developed countries were having on the additional resource requirements of the least developed country group as a whole,

"1. *Reaffirms* that the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s should be implemented fully, effectively and on a timely basis by all parties;

"2. *Also reaffirms* that a significant and substantial increase in the aggregate level of external support should be made available to the least developed countries, taking into account those countries recently added to the list of the least developed countries;

"3. *Invites* the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme to consider, at its session in February 1993, the allocation of indicative planning figures to the least developed countries in the light of the additions to the list of the least developed countries;

"4. *Welcomes* the outcome of the second annual review of progress in the implementation of the Programme of Action undertaken by the Trade and Development Board at the first part of its thirty-ninth session (ibid.), and in particular the decision, *inter alia*, that the Board, at the second part of its thirty-ninth session, should:

"(*a*) Review in depth two special issues, namely, domestic and external resource mobilization, including debt situation and management, and improvement of trading opportunities;

"(*b*) Consider the question of appropriate adjustment of the commitments, as requested by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its eighth session;

"5. *Invites* the least developed countries and their development partners, including international organizations and financial institutions, to participate adequately and effectively in the second part of the thirty-ninth session of the Trade and Development Board, to be held at Geneva from 15 to 26 March 1993;

"6. *Urges* donors to consider providing, pursuant to its resolution 46/156, extrabudgetary resources to facilitate the participation of representatives of the least developed countries at future reviews of the Programme of Action by the Trade and Development Board;

"7. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session a report on the implementation of the present resolution, including an assessment of the outcome of the third annual review of the Programme of Action by the Trade and Development Board."

22. At the 48th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.66), submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.34.

23. The Committee was informed that the draft resolution had no programme budget implications.

24. At the same meeting, the representative of Japan orally amended the draft resolution by inserting, in paragraph 5, the word "notes" after the words "thirty-ninth session, and".

25. Also at the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.66, as orally amended, without a vote (see para. 52 below, draft resolution IV).

26. In the light of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.66, draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.34 was withdrawn by the sponsors.

Draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.39

27. At the 42nd meeting, the representative of Belgium, on behalf also of Algeria, Angola, Barbados, Belarus, Benin, Colombia, Czechoslovakia, Ecuador, Egypt, Guatemala, Italy, Jamaica, Jordan, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Mongolia, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Peru, Senegal, Spain, Sri Lanka, Turkey, the United Republic of

[5] *Report of the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries, Paris, 3-14 September 1990* (A/CONF.147/18), part one.

Tanzania and Zaire, subsequently joined by Bangladesh, Lesotho, Namibia, the Philippines and the Sudan, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.39) entitled "Summit on the Economic Advancement of Rural Women".

28. At the 45th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, informed the Committee of the results of informal consultations held on the draft resolution and orally revised it by replacing, in the sixth preambular paragraph, the word "President" by the word "sponsor".

29. The Committee was informed that the draft resolution had no programme budget implications.

30. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution, as orally revised, without a vote (see para. 52 below, draft resolution V).

Draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.40 and Rev.1

31. At the 43rd meeting, the representative of Pakistan, on behalf of the States Members that are members of the Group of 77 and of Japan, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.40) entitled "Impact of the recent evolution of East-West relations on the growth of the world economy, in particular on the economic growth and development of the developing countries, as well as on international economic cooperation", which read as follows:

"*The General Assembly*,

"*Reaffirming* its resolution S-18/3 of 1 May 1990, the annex to which contains the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries, as well as its resolution 45/199 of 21 December 1990, the annex to which contains the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade,

"*Recalling* its resolutions 45/182 of 21 December 1990 and 46/202 of 20 December 1991,

"*Taking note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the impact of the evolution of East-West relations on global growth and development (A/47/403), which, *inter alia*, indicates that the Central and Eastern European countries and the Commonwealth of Independent States will need international assistance over a longer period of time and on a much larger scale than originally envisaged and that preferential access obtained by many of these countries to western markets may harm the interests of developing countries,

"*Taking note also* of the Declaration of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of Seventy-seven adopted on the occasion of their sixteenth annual meeting, held in New York on 1 October 1992 (A/47/499, annex), in which the Ministers recalled the conclusions of the Special High-level Meeting of the Economic and Social Council held at Geneva on 4 and 5 July 1991,

"1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the impact of the evolution of East-West relations on global growth and development (A/47/403);

"2. *Urges* the developed countries and multilateral financial institutions to ensure that the resources allocated to Central and Eastern European countries and the Commonwealth of Independent States do not reduce or divert official development assistance allocated to the developing countries, and that the needs of those countries should be met from new and additional resources;

"3. *Requests* the Special Committee on Preferences of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to review at its next session the impact on the trade of developing countries of the preferential treatment given to Central and Eastern European countries and the Commonwealth of Independent States, and requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to submit a report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

"4. *Urges* the international community, as well as the United Nations system, to assist developing countries whose economies have been adversely affected by the recent changes in their economic relations with Central and Eastern European countries and the Commonwealth of Independent States to adapt to those changes;

"5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to monitor the impact of the recent evolution of East-West relations on the growth of the world economy, in particular on the economic growth and development of the developing countries, as well as on international economic cooperation, and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, including an assessment of the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution."

32. At the 50th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, informed the Committee of the results of informal consultations held on the draft resolution and drew the Committee's attention to a revised version (A/C.2/47/L.40/Rev.1) of the draft resolution, entitled "Impact of the recent evolution of the economies in transition on the growth of the world economy, in particular on the economic growth and development of the developing countries, as well as on international economic cooperation", submitted by the same sponsors.

33. The Committee was informed that the draft resolution had no programme budget implications.

34. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.40/Rev.1 without a vote (see para. 52 below, draft resolution VI).

Draft resolutions A/C.2/47/L.42 and L.73

35. At the 43rd meeting, the representative of Pakistan, on behalf of the States Members that are members of the Group of 77, and of China and Japan, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.42) entitled "International Conference on Population and Development", which read as follows:

"*The General Assembly*,

"*Recalling* its resolutions 3344 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974 on the World Population Conference, 39/228 of 18 December 1984 on the International Conference on Population, 44/210 of 22 December 1989 on future needs in the field of population, including the development of resource requirements for international population assistance, S-18/3 of 1 May 1990, the annex to which contains the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries, 45/199 of 21 December 1990, the annex to which contains the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade, 45/206 of 21 December 1990 on the

implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s and 45/216 of 21 December 1990 on population and development,

"*Recalling also* Economic and Social Council resolution 1989/91 of 26 July 1989, in which the Council decided, in principle, to convene in 1994, under the auspices of the United Nations, an international meeting on population,

"*Recalling further* Economic and Social Council resolution 1991/93 of 26 July 1991, in which the Council decided that the international meeting on population should thenceforth be called the International Conference on Population and Development,

"*Endorsing fully* the objectives of the Conference, as decided by the Economic and Social Council in its resolution 1991/93, and its overall theme of population, sustained economic growth and sustainable development, as stated in that resolution,

"*Recognizing* the important contribution that regional conferences will play in preparations for the Conference, particularly through evaluation and updating of regional population plans of action,

"*Noting with satisfaction* the appointment by the Secretary-General of the United Nations of the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund as Secretary-General of the International Conference on Population and Development, and of the Director of the Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Development of the Secretariat as the Deputy Secretary-General of the Conference,

"*Emphasizing* the national sovereignty of all countries in formulating, adopting and implementing policies relating to population, mindful of their cultures, values and traditions, as well as of their social, economic and political conditions, and consistent with human rights and with the responsibilities of individuals, couples and families,

"*Conscious* of the important contribution made by research and information dissemination institutions to a clear understanding of the interrelationship between population and development,

"*Recognizing* the importance of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development[6] in the preparations for the International Conference on Population and Development,

"1. *Emphasizes* the need to increase and strengthen the level of awareness of population issues in the international agenda and their treatment as an integral part of development;

"2. *Also emphasizes* the need for comprehensive national population policies based on national priorities and compatible with sustained economic growth and sustainable development;

"3. *Welcomes* Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/37 of 30 July 1992, in which the Council decided to convene the International Conference on Population and Development at Cairo from 5 to 13 September 1994;

"4. *Accepts with deep appreciation* the generous offer of the Government of Egypt to act as host to the Conference;

"5. *Recommends* that the Conference be convened at the ministerial level;

"6. *Invites* the Economic and Social Council, at its organizational session for 1993, to designate the host country to the Conference, Egypt, ex officio an officer of the Preparatory Committee for the International Conference on Population and Development;

"7. *Also invites* the Economic and Social Council, at its organizational session for 1993, taking fully into consideration the views expressed during the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, to consider the possibility of adjusting the proposed timing and duration of the second and third sessions of the Preparatory Committee so as to ensure adequate intergovernmental preparations for the Conference;

"8. *Calls upon* all organs, organizations and programmes of the United Nations system, as well as other relevant intergovernmental organizations, to contribute fully to the preparations for the Conference;

"9. *Welcomes* the decision of the Secretary-General of the United Nations to ensure the necessary coordination of contributions within the United Nations system through the Administrative Committee on Coordination;

"10. *Invites* all States to take an active part in the preparations for the Conference and to promote broad-based national preparatory processes;

"11. *Recognizes* the important contribution that relevant and concerned non-governmental organizations can make to the preparations for the Conference, particularly those organizations from the developing countries, according to agreed practices;

"12. *Stresses* the significance of the various regional perspectives that exist on issues of population and development, and welcomes in this context the convening by the regional commissions and the United Nations Population Fund of regional population conferences, whose outcome will contribute significantly to the preparations for the International Conference on Population and Development;

"13. *Notes* the establishment of voluntary trust funds in support of the Conference and for the purpose of assisting developing countries, in particular the least developed among them, to participate fully and effectively in the Conference and in its preparatory process;

"14. *Expresses its appreciation* to contributors to the funds, and invites Governments in a position to do so to contribute generously to those funds;

"15. *Calls upon* the Secretary-General of the International Conference on Population and Development to continue to make every effort to raise extrabudgetary resources for the Conference;

"16. *Requests* the Secretary-General of the Conference, in the light of the need for thorough preparation for the Conference, to ensure the timely circulation of the documentation for the Preparatory Committee;

"17. *Requests* the Secretary-General of the United Nations to take appropriate steps, as part of the preparatory process, to ensure that the Conference and the issues to be discussed at it are widely publicized;

[6] See *Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992* (A/CONF.151/26/Rev.1 (Vol. I and Vol. I/Corr.1, Vol. II, Vol. III and Vol. III/Corr.1)), (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8, and corrigenda), vol. I: *Resolutions adopted by the Conference.*

"18. *Also requests* the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in close consultation with the Secretary-General of the Conference, to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Economic and Social Council, a progress report on the implementation of the present resolution;

"19. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session an item entitled 'International Conference on Population and Development'."

36. At the 49th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.73), submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.42.

37. At the same meeting, statements were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Luxembourg. The Director of the Economic and Social Council Affairs and Interagency Coordination Division of the Department of Economic and Social Development also made a statement.

38. The Committee was informed that the draft resolution had no programme budget implications.

39. Also at the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.73 without a vote (see para. 52 below, draft resolution VII).

40. After the adoption of the draft resolution, a statement was made by the representative of Egypt.

41. In the light of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.73, draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.42 was withdrawn by the sponsors.

Draft resolutions A/C.2/47/L.50 and L.79

42. At the 45th meeting, the representative of Benin, on behalf of the Group of African States, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.50) entitled "Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa (1991-2000)", which read as follows:

"*The General Assembly*,

"*Recalling* its resolution 44/237 of 22 December 1989, by which it proclaimed the period 1991-2000 the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa, and its decision 46/458 of 20 December 1991 on the programme for the Second Decade,

"*Recalling also* its resolution 46/151 of 18 December 1991, by which it adopted the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, which identifies the Second Decade as a major programme for African regional economic integration,

"*Recalling further* Economic and Social Council resolution 1991/81 of 26 July 1991 on the Second Decade,

"*Stressing* the need to integrate the programme for the Second Decade into the overall framework of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, in particular the commitment of African countries and the international community to promote domestic and foreign direct investment in Africa, as reflected in the relevant paragraphs of the New Agenda,

"*Recalling* the relevant provisions of Agenda 21, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development,[7]

"*Considering* resolution GC.4/Res.8 of 22 November 1991 of the fourth General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, in which the General Conference adopted the programme for the Second Decade as one of the top priority programmes of that organization and recommended its adoption by the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session, through the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992,[8]

"*Considering also* resolution 739 (XXVII) of 22 April 1992 of the Conference of Ministers of the Economic Commission for Africa,[9] in which the Conference of Ministers adopted the programme for the Second Decade, and decision 1 (XXVII) of 22 April 1992,[10] in which the Conference of Ministers recommended the adoption of the programme by the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session, through the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992, and the provision to the Economic Commission for Africa of adequate resources to enable it to support the African countries and subregional organizations in the implementation of their programmes for the Second Decade,

"*Cognizant* of the appeal made to the General Assembly by the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity in its resolution CM/Res. 1399 (LVI) of 28 June 1992 to adopt, at its forty-seventh session, the programme for the Second Decade (see A/47/558, annex I), and of the endorsement of the programme by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity in its decision AHG/Dec.2 (XXVIII) of 1 July 1992 (ibid., annex II),

"*Considering* Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/44 of 31 July 1992, in which the Council endorsed the programme for the Second Decade and recommended, *inter alia*, that the General Assembly, at its forty-seventh session, adopt the programme,

"1. *Adopts* the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa, including the national, subregional and regional components contained therein;

"2. *Decides* to adjust the period for the programme for the Second Decade, established in its resolution 44/237, to cover the years 1993-2002;

"3. *Takes note* of the efforts already undertaken in Africa to establish an environment to attract domestic and foreign investment, calls for further efforts in this regard and urges the international community to take the necessary steps to encourage direct foreign investment and support the policy changes undertaken in African countries;

"4. *Urges* the African countries, financial institutions and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to adopt an integrated approach to the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, taking full account of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;[11]

"5. *Urges* the Director-General of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Africa, the institutions and agencies of the United Nations system and the

[7] Ibid., vol. I: *Resolutions adopted by the Conference*, resolution 1, annex II.

[8] See GC.4/INF.4.

[9] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 13* (E/1992/33), chap. IV, sect. A.

[10] Ibid., sect. B.

[11] Resolution 46/151, annex, sect. II.

African States and subregional and regional organizations to integrate the relevant provisions of Agenda 21, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development,[7] in the implementation of the Second Decade;

"6. *Appeals* to the international community, particularly bilateral and multilateral funding institutions, to increase significantly their contributions to the industrial sector in African countries so as to ensure the successful and sustained implementation of the programme for the Second Decade;

"7. *Urges* international financial institutions, in particular the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund and the African Development Bank, to ensure full support for the programme for the Second Decade and the effective implementation of the programme at the national and subregional levels;

"8. *Decides* to provide the Economic Commission for Africa with adequate resources to enable it to assist African countries and organizations effectively in the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade;

"9. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in cooperation with the Director-General of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the relevant institutions and agencies of the United Nations system and the African States and subregional and regional organizations to undertake a mid-term evaluation of the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, in 1998, and to submit a report thereon to the General Assembly at its fifty-fourth session, and also to submit to the Assembly biennial progress reports on the implementation of the present resolution."

43. At the 50th meeting, Miss Maymouna Diop, Vice-Chairman of the Committee, introduced a draft resolution (A/C.2/47/L.79), submitted on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.50.

44. At the same meeting, the Secretary of the Committee read out a statement on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution.

45. Also at the same meeting, the Committee adopted draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.79 without a vote (see para. 52 below, draft resolution VIII).

46. In the light of the adoption of draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.79, draft resolution A/C.2/47/L.50 was withdrawn by the sponsors.

Documents relating to the report of the Economic and Social Council

47. At its 51st meeting, upon the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that it take note of the reports under item 12 on which no draft proposals had been submitted (see para. 53 below, draft decision II).

Consideration of the draft biennial programme of work of the Second Committee for 1993-1994

48. At the 51st meeting, the Chairman of the Committee drew its attention to a note by the Secretariat (A/C.2/47/L.80) on the draft biennial programme of work of the Second Committee for 1993-1994.

49. At the same meeting, the Secretary of the Committee made a statement.

50. Also at the same meeting, the representatives of Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia made statements and raised questions, to which the Chairman responded.

51. At its 51st meeting, the Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that it defer further consideration of the draft biennial programme of work of the Second Committee for 1993-1994 (see para. 53 below, draft decision III).

Recommendations of the Second Committee

52. The Second Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft resolutions I to VIII below:

Draft resolution I

ASSISTANCE TO THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 46/201 of 20 December 1991,

Taking into account the *intifadah* of the Palestinian people in the occupied Palestinian territory against the Israeli occupation, including Israeli economic and social policies and practices,

Rejecting Israeli restrictions on external economic and social assistance to the Palestinian people in the occupied Palestinian territory,

Concerned about the economic losses of the Palestinian people as a result of the Gulf crisis,

Aware of the increasing need to provide economic and social assistance to the Palestinian people,

Affirming that the Palestinian people cannot develop their national economy as long as the Israeli occupation persists,

Welcoming the Middle East peace process started at Madrid on 30 October 1991 and expressing the hope that, despite the difficulties, all sides will pursue this path,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/212);

2. *Expresses its appreciation* to the States, United Nations bodies and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations that have provided assistance to the Palestinian people;

3. *Requests* the international community, the United Nations system and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to sustain and increase their assistance to the Palestinian people, in close cooperation with the Palestine Liberation Organization, taking into account the economic losses of the Palestinian people as a result of the Gulf crisis;

4. *Urges* the Government of Israel to accept *de jure* applicability of the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949,[12] to all territories occupied by Israel since 1967 and to abide scrupulously by the provisions of that Convention;

5. *Calls* for treatment on a transit basis of Palestinian exports and imports passing through neighbouring ports and points of exit and entry;

6. *Also calls* for the granting of trade concessions and concrete preferential measures for Palestinian exports on the basis of Palestinian certificates of origin;

[12] United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, No. 973.

7. *Further calls* for the immediate lifting of Israeli restrictions and obstacles hindering the implementation of assistance projects by the United Nations Development Programme, other United Nations bodies and others providing economic and social assistance to the Palestinian people in the occupied Palestinian territory;

8. *Reiterates its call* for the implementation of development projects in the occupied Palestinian territory, including the projects referred to in its resolution 39/223 of 18 December 1984;

9. *Calls* for facilitation of the establishment of Palestinian development banks in the occupied Palestinian territory, with a view to promoting investment, production, employment and income therein;

10. *Recognizes* the need for convening a seminar on assistance to the Palestinian people in the occupied Palestinian territory, and, in this regard, suggests to the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People to consider, in its programme for 1992-1993, convening such a seminar, taking into account the assistance needs of the Palestinian people in the light of the developments in the region;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Economic and Social Council, on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.

Draft resolution II

PRIVATIZATION IN THE CONTEXT OF ECONOMIC RESTRUCTURING, ECONOMIC GROWTH AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolution S-18/3 of 1 May 1990, the annex to which contains the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries, and its resolution 45/199 of 21 December 1990, the annex to which contains the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade, as well as other relevant United Nations resolutions,

Taking note of the Cartagena Commitment, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its eighth session,[3] and Trade and Development Board decision 398 (XXXVIII) of 7 May 1992 (see A/47/15, vol. I, sect. II), by which, *inter alia*, the Ad Hoc Working Group on Comparative Experiences with Privatization was established, and looking forward to the contribution of the Ad Hoc Working Group,

Taking note also of Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/36 of 30 July 1992 on privatization and foreign investment in the context of economic restructuring,

Recognizing the sovereign right of each State to decide on the development of its private and public sectors, taking into account the comparative advantages of each sector,

Noting that the private sector plays a positive role in mobilizing resources and promoting economic growth and sustainable development,

Noting also that many countries are attaching growing importance, in the context of their economic restructuring policies, to the privatization of enterprises and the demonopolization and administrative deregulation of economic activities, as well as market-oriented reforms, increased competition, the elimination of price-distorting mechanisms, and open markets, all as a means to increase economic efficiency, growth and sustainable development,

Noting further the difficulties these countries encounter in those policies and that various practical modalities and approaches towards privatization can be considered by them,

1. *Welcomes* the activities being undertaken by relevant organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system in supporting national efforts aimed at increasing economic efficiency, growth and sustainable development through privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation of economic activities and other relevant policies, and urges them:

(*a*) To support, when requested, the national efforts of countries in implementing privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation and other relevant policies in the context of their economic reforms and the opening of their economies;

(*b*) To strengthen their communication and cooperation in supporting the national efforts of countries in privatizing enterprises, demonopolizing and deregulating their economic activities and implementing other relevant policies, and invites the Secretary-General to give due attention to coordination of the United Nations system in this field, through, *inter alia*, the Economic and Social Council and other relevant United Nations bodies;

(*c*) To take into account, in implementing their respective mandates, the work already undertaken by the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system in order to maximize the efficiency of the system, mindful of the ongoing process of restructuring the system;

2. *Calls upon* interested Member States to enhance the exchange of information among themselves and all relevant organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system on their activities, programmes and experiences concerning privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation and other relevant policies in order to increase the efficiency and coordination of technical cooperation in this field;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to improve, within existing resources, research activities on all areas of privatization, demonopolization, administrative deregulation and other relevant policies, to enhance cooperation with national and international research institutions, and to include all pertinent findings in relevant United Nations publications, including the *World Economic Survey*;

4. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to include in his report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, to be submitted pursuant to its resolution 46/166 of 19 December 1991 on entrepreneurship, recommendations for action by the United Nations system in support of the present resolution.

Draft resolution III

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL REPERCUSSIONS OF THE ISRAELI SETTLEMENTS ON THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE IN THE PALESTINIAN TERRITORY, INCLUDING JERUSALEM, OCCUPIED SINCE 1967, AND ON THE ARAB POPULATION OF THE SYRIAN GOLAN

The General Assembly,

Taking note of Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/57 of 31 July 1992,

Recalling its resolution 46/199 of 20 December 1991,

Guided by the principles of the Charter of the United Nations, affirming the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by force and recalling Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) of 22 November 1967 and 497 (1981) of 17 December 1981,

Recalling also Security Council resolution 465 (1980) of 1 March 1980 and other resolutions affirming the applicability of the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949,[12] to the occupied Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, and other Arab territories occupied by Israel since 1967,

Expressing its concern at the establishment by Israel, the occupying Power, of settlements in the occupied Palestinian territory and other Arab territories occupied since 1967, including the settlements of new immigrants therein,

Welcoming the Middle East peace process started at Madrid on 30 October 1991 and recognizing that a complete freeze of settlement activity would significantly enhance the prospects for progress in this process,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General (A/47/294);

2. *Deplores* the establishment of settlements by Israel in the Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, and other Arab territories occupied since 1967, and regards the settlements as illegal and an obstacle to peace;

3. *Recognizes* the economic and social repercussions of the Israeli settlements on the Palestinian people in the Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, occupied by Israel since 1967, and on the Arab population of the Syrian Golan;

4. *Strongly deplores* Israel's practices in the occupied Palestinian territory and other Arab territories occupied since 1967, in particular its confiscation of land, its appropriation of water resources, its depletion of other economic resources and its displacement and deportation of the population of those territories;

5. *Reaffirms* the inalienable right of the Palestinian people and the population of the Syrian Golan to their natural and all other economic resources, and regards any infringement thereof as being without any legal validity;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Economic and Social Council, a report on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.

Draft resolution IV

IMPLICATIONS OF THE APPLICATION OF THE NEW CRITERIA FOR IDENTIFYING THE LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME OF ACTION FOR THE LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES FOR THE 1990s

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 45/206 of 21 December 1990, in which it endorsed the Paris Declaration and the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s, adopted by the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries,[5] resolution 46/156 of 19 December 1991 on the implementation of the Programme of Action and resolution 46/206 of 20 December 1991 on the report of the Committee for Development Planning: criteria for identifying the least developed countries,

Taking note of the document entitled "A New Partnership for Development: The Cartagena Commitment",[3] adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its eighth session,

Reaffirming that the least developed countries have the primary responsibility for the formulation and effective implementation of national policies and priorities for their growth and development, and should continue to implement the commitments they undertook at the Paris Conference, and that the international community, in particular the donor countries, should implement fully and expeditiously their commitments in all areas, as set out in the Programme of Action,

Reiterating the need to strengthen international cooperation for sustainable development in order to support and complement the efforts of the least developed countries,

Noting the donors' determination, reflected in the Cartagena Commitment, to implement the commitments that they undertook in the Programme of Action with regard to official development assistance to the forty-one countries which were included in the list of the least developed countries at the time of the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries,

Noting also that the Trade and Development Board, at the first part of its thirty-ninth session (see A/47/15, vol. II), conducted the second annual review of progress in the implementation of the Programme of Action and also reviewed the question of appropriate adjustment of commitments in respect of targets and levels of official development assistance to the least developed countries in the light of the addition of six countries to the list of those countries after the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries,

Noting further that, at the same session of the Trade and Development Board, donors expressed their intention to examine the effects that the countries newly added to the list of the least developed countries were having on the additional resource requirements of the least developed country group as a whole,

1. *Reaffirms* that the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s should be implemented fully, effectively and on a timely basis by all parties;

2. *Also reaffirms* that all least developed countries should continue to enhance the implementation of national policies and measures in line with the Programme of Action, including through macroeconomic policies conducive to long-term, sustained growth and sustainable development, the promotion of individual initiative and broad-based popular participation in the development process, the enhancement of human and institutional capacities and the expansion and modernization of the economic base, and that their development partners should effectively and expeditiously implement the commitments undertaken or the measures proposed in the Programme of Action in all areas of international support, including official development assistance, debt relief and external trade;

3. *Further reaffirms* that a significant and substantial increase in the aggregate level of external support should be made available to the least developed countries, taking into account those countries recently added to the list of the least developed countries;

4. *Takes note* of decision 92/30 of 26 May 1992 of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme concerning adjustment of the allocation of indicative planning figures to the least developed countries in the light of the additions to the list of the least developed countries;[13]

5. *Welcomes* the outcome of the second annual review of progress in the implementation of the Programme of Action undertaken by the Trade and Development Board at the first part of its thirty-ninth session (see A/47/15, vol. II), and notes the decision, *inter alia*, that the Board, at the second part of its thirty-ninth session, should:

(*a*) Review in depth two special issues, namely, domestic and external resource mobilization, including debt situation and management, and improvement of trading opportunities;

(*b*) Consider the question of appropriate adjustment of the commitments, as requested by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its eighth session, taking into account the views expressed and the decisions made at the first part of the thirty-ninth session of the Trade and Development Board;

6. *Invites* the least developed countries and their development partners, including international organizations and financial institutions, to participate adequately and effectively in the second part of the thirty-ninth session of the Trade and Development Board, to be held at Geneva from 15 to 26 March 1993;

7. *Urges* donors to consider providing, pursuant to its resolution 46/156, extrabudgetary resources to facilitate the participation of representatives of the least developed countries at future reviews of the Programme of Action by the Trade and Development Board;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session a report on the implementation of the present resolution, including an assessment of the outcome of the third annual review of the Programme of Action by the Trade and Development Board.

Draft resolution V

SUMMIT ON THE ECONOMIC ADVANCEMENT OF RURAL WOMEN

The General Assembly,

Recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1991/64 of 26 July 1991 and taking note of Council resolution 1992/53 of 31 July 1992 on the Summit on the Economic Advancement of Rural Women,

Recognizing the critical role of rural women as food producers and architects of household food security,

Noting with deep concern the continuing rise in the number of rural women living in poverty,

Reaffirming its commitment to helping to improve the living conditions of rural women,

Welcoming the holding of the Summit on the Economic Advancement of Rural Women at Geneva on 25 and 26 February 1992, with the participation of a large number of wives of head of State or government and high-level delegations,

Expressing its appreciation to the sponsor of the Summit and the core group of wives of head of State or government who launched the initiative to convene the Summit, as well as to the International Fund for Agricultural Development and other institutions that provided support for it,

1. *Welcomes* the adoption by the Summit on the Economic Advancement of Rural Women of the Geneva Declaration for Rural Women (A/47/308, annex);

2. *Urges* all States to work for the achievement of the goals endorsed in the Geneva Declaration;

3. *Urges* all organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to take into account the goals of the Geneva Declaration in carrying out their programmes, and invites the relevant governing bodies to consider, in the light of the Geneva Declaration, the adoption of specific measures, within their respective fields of competence, with a view to meeting the special needs of rural women.

Draft resolution VI

IMPACT OF THE RECENT EVOLUTION OF THE ECONOMIES IN TRANSITION ON THE GROWTH OF THE WORLD ECONOMY, IN PARTICULAR ON THE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, AS WELL AS ON INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolutions S-18/3 of 1 May 1990, the annex to which contains the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries, and 45/199 of 21 December 1990, the annex to which contains the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade, and taking note of the Cartagena Commitment, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its eighth session,[3]

Recalling its resolutions 45/182 of 21 December 1990 and 46/202 of 20 December 1991,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the impact of the evolution of East-West relations on global growth and development (A/47/403),

Taking note also of the Declaration of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of Seventy-seven adopted on the occasion of their sixteenth annual meeting, held in New York on 1 October 1992 (A/47/499, annex), in which the Ministers recalled the conclusions of the Special High-level Meeting of the Economic and Social Council held at Geneva on 4 and 5 July 1991,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the impact of the evolution of East-West relations on global growth and development (A/47/403);

2. *Urges* the developed countries and multilateral financial institutions to continue to ensure that the resources allocated to the economies in transition do not reduce or divert official development assistance allocated to the developing countries;

3. *Calls upon* the international community to consider assisting the developing countries whose economies have been most affected by the changes in their economic relations with the economies in transition to adapt to those changes;

[13] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 8* (E/1992/28), annex I.

Requests the Secretary-General to continue to re- and analyse, in close consultation and coordination the United Nations Conference on Trade and Develop-, the impact of the evolution of the economies in tran- on the growth of the world economy, in particular on economic growth and development of the developing tries, as well as on international economic coopera- and to submit to the General Assembly at its forty- th session a report containing, *inter alia*, an assess- of the progress made in the implementation of the ent resolution.

Draft resolution VII

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT

e General Assembly,

calling its resolutions 3344 (XXIX) of 17 Decem- 1974 on the World Population Conference, 39/228 of December 1984 on the International Conference on lation, 44/210 of 22 December 1989 on future needs e field of population, including the development of arce requirements for international population assist-, S-18/3 of 1 May 1990, the annex to which contains Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in cular the Revitalization of Economic Growth and De- pment of the Developing Countries, 45/199 of 21 De- ber 1990, the annex to which contains the International elopment Strategy for the Fourth United Nations De- pment Decade, 45/206 of 21 December 1990 on the ementation of the Programme of Action for the Least eloped Countries for the 1990s, 45/216 of 21 Decem- 1990 on population and development and 40/108 of December 1985 on the implementation of the Nairobi ard-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women,

calling also Economic and Social Council resolu- 1989/91 of 26 July 1989, in which the Council de- d, in principle, to convene in 1994, under the auspices e United Nations, an international meeting on popula-

calling further Economic and Social Council resolu- 1991/93 of 26 July 1991, in which the Council decided the international meeting on population should thence- be called the International Conference on Population Development,

dorsing fully the objectives of the Conference, as de- d by the Economic and Social Council in its resolu- 1991/93, and its overall theme of population, sustained omic growth and sustainable development, as stated in resolution,

cognizing the important contribution that regional erences will play in preparations for the Conference, cularly through evaluation and updating of regional lation plans of action,

oting with satisfaction the appointment by the Secretary- eral of the United Nations of the Executive Director of United Nations Population Fund as Secretary-General e International Conference on Population and Devel- ent, and of the Director of the Population Division of Department of Economic and Social Development of ecretariat as the Deputy Secretary-General of the Con- ce,

Emphasizing the national sovereignty of all countries in formulating, adopting and implementing policies relating to population, mindful of their cultures, values and traditions, as well as of their social, economic and political conditions, and consistent with human rights and with the responsibilities of individuals, couples and families,

Conscious of the important contribution made by research and information dissemination institutions to a clear understanding of the interrelationship between population and development,

Recognizing the importance of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, including those sections of Agenda 21[7] concerning population, in the preparations for the International Conference on Population and Development,

1. *Emphasizes* the need for comprehensive national population policies based on national priorities and compatible with sustained economic growth and sustainable development;

2. *Also emphasizes* the need to increase and strengthen the level of awareness of population issues in the international agenda and their treatment as an integral part of sustained economic growth and sustainable development;

3. *Endorses* Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/37 of 30 July 1992, in which the Council decided to convene the International Conference on Population and Development at Cairo from 5 to 13 September 1994;

4. *Accepts with deep appreciation* the generous offer of the Government of Egypt to act as host to the Conference;

5. *Recommends* that the Conference be convened at the ministerial level;

6. *Stresses* the importance of the active participation of Member States in the Preparatory Committee for the International Conference on Population and Development and, in this context, invites the Preparatory Committee at its second session to elect its officers with due regard to equitable geographical representation;

7. *Decides* that the host country to the Conference, Egypt, shall be ex officio an officer of the Preparatory Committee;

8. *Invites* the Economic and Social Council, at its organizational session for 1993, taking fully into consideration the views expressed during the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly, to consider the possibility of adjusting, within existing budgetary resources and without prejudice to the utilization of resources available through voluntary contributions to the trust funds, the proposed timing and duration of the second and third sessions of the Preparatory Committee, taking fully into account the need to ensure the success of the Conference in fulfilling its mandate and, for this purpose, to ensure an adequate intergovernmental preparatory process for it;

9. *Calls upon* all organs, organizations and programmes of the United Nations system, as well as other relevant intergovernmental organizations, to contribute fully to the preparations for the Conference;

10. *Welcomes* the decision of the Secretary-General of the United Nations to ensure the necessary coordination of contributions within the United Nations system through the Administrative Committee on Coordination;

11. *Invites* all States to take an active part in the preparations for the Conference and to promote broad-based national preparatory processes;

12. *Recognizes* the importance of the participation in the Conference and its preparatory process of all relevant non-governmental organizations from developed and developing countries;

13. *Requests* the Economic and Social Council, at its organizational session for 1993, to formulate and adopt modalities to ensure the participation in and contribution to the Conference and its preparatory process of relevant non-governmental organizations, in particular those from developing countries, taking into account the procedures followed in the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development process and the experience gained in this regard during previous United Nations population conferences;

14. *Stresses* the significance of the various regional perspectives that exist on issues of population and development, and welcomes in this context the convening by the regional commissions and the United Nations Population Fund of regional population conferences, whose outcome will contribute significantly to the preparations for the International Conference on Population and Development;

15. *Notes* the establishment of voluntary trust funds in support of the Conference and for the purpose of assisting developing countries, in particular the least developed among them, to participate fully and effectively in the Conference and in its preparatory process;

16. *Expresses its appreciation* to contributors to the funds, and invites Governments in a position to do so to contribute generously to those funds;

17. *Calls upon* the Secretary-General of the International Conference on Population and Development to continue to make every effort to raise extrabudgetary resources for the Conference;

18. *Requests* the Secretary-General of the Conference, in the light of the need for thorough preparation for the Conference, to ensure the timely circulation of the documentation for the regional conferences, expert meetings and the Preparatory Committee;

19. *Requests* the Secretary-General of the United Nations to take appropriate steps, as part of the preparatory process, to ensure that the Conference and the issues to be discussed at it are widely publicized;

20. *Also requests* the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in close consultation with the Secretary-General of the Conference, to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, through the Economic and Social Council, a progress report on the implementation of the present resolution;

21. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session an item entitled "International Conference on Population and Development".

Draft resolution VIII

Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa (1991-2000)

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 44/237 of 22 December 1989, by which it proclaimed the period 1991-2000 the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa, and its decision 46/458 of 20 December 1991 on the programme for the Second Decade,

Recalling also its resolution 46/151 of 18 December 1991, by which it adopted the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, which identifies the Second Decade as a major programme for African regional economic integration,

Recalling further Economic and Social Council resolution 1991/81 of 26 July 1991 on the Second Decade,

Stressing the need to integrate the programme for the Second Decade into the overall framework of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, in particular the commitment of African countries and the international community to promote domestic and foreign direct investment in Africa, as reflected in the relevant paragraphs of the New Agenda,

Recalling the relevant provisions of Agenda 21, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development,[7]

Considering resolution GC.4/Res.8 of 22 November 1991 of the fourth General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, in which the General Conference adopted the programme for the Second Decade as one of the top priority programmes of that organization and recommended its adoption by the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session, through the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992,[8]

Considering also resolution 739 (XXVII) of 22 April 1992 of the Conference of Ministers of the Economic Commission for Africa,[9] in which the Conference of Ministers adopted the programme for the Second Decade, and decision 1 (XXVII) of 22 April 1992,[10] in which the Conference of Ministers recommended the adoption of the programme by the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session, through the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1992, and the provision to the Economic Commission for Africa of adequate resources to enable it to support the African countries and subregional organizations in the implementation of their programmes for the Second Decade,

Taking into account the industrial development aspects of the Special Programme for Africa of the World Bank,

Cognizant of the appeal made to the General Assembly by the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity in its resolution CM/Res.1399 (LVI) of 28 June 1992 to adopt, at its forty-seventh session, the programme for the Second Decade (see A/47/558, annex I), and of the endorsement of the programme by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity in its decision AHG/Dec.2 (XXVIII) of 1 July 1992 (ibid., annex II),

Considering Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/44 of 31 July 1992, in which the Council endorsed the programme and recommended, *inter alia*, that the General Assembly, at its forty-seventh session, adopt the programme,

1. *Adopts* the programme for the Second Industrial Development Decade for Africa, including the national, subregional and regional components contained therein;

2. *Decides* to adjust the period for the programme for the Second Decade, established in its resolution 44/237, to cover the years 1993-2002;

3. *Takes note* of the efforts already undertaken in Africa to establish an environment to attract domestic and foreign investment, calls for further efforts in this regard and urges the international community to take the necessary steps to encourage direct foreign investment and support the policy changes undertaken in African countries;

4. *Urges* the African countries, financial institutions and specialized agencies of the United Nations system to adopt an integrated approach to the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, taking full account of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s;[11]

5. *Urges* the Director-General of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Africa, the institutions and agencies of the United Nations system and the African States and subregional and regional organizations to integrate the relevant provisions of Agenda 21, adopted by the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development,[7] in the implementation of the Second Decade;

6. *Appeals* to the international community, particularly bilateral and multilateral funding institutions, to increase significantly their contributions to the industrial sector in African countries so as to ensure the successful and sustained implementation of the programme for the Second Decade;

7. *Urges* international financial institutions, in particular the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund and the African Development Bank, to ensure full support for the programme for the Second Decade and the effective implementation of the programme at the national and subregional levels;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide the Economic Commission for Africa with adequate resources to enable it to assist African countries and organizations effectively in the implementation of the current programme for the Second Decade;

9. *Also requests* the Secretary-General, in cooperation with the Director-General of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the relevant institutions and agencies of the United Nations system and the African States and subregional and regional organizations to undertake a mid-term evaluation of the implementation of the programme for the Second Decade, in 1998, and to submit a report thereon to the General Assembly at its fifty-fourth session, and also to submit to the Assembly biennial progress reports on the implementation of the present resolution.

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53. The Second Committee also recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft decisions I to III below:

Draft decision I

IMPLEMENTATION OF SECTION II OF THE ANNEX TO GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 32/197 ON THE RESTRUCTURING OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL SECTORS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM

The General Assembly decides to defer until its forty-eighth session consideration of the draft resolution entitled "Implementation of section II of the annex to General Assembly resolution 32/197 on the restructuring of the economic and social sectors of the United Nations system" (see A/C.2/47/L.2).

Draft decision II

DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE REPORT OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

The General Assembly decides to take note of the following documents:

(*a*) Report of the Secretary-General on products harmful to health and the environment (A/47/222 and Corr.1);

(*b*) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund on the United Nations Population Award (A/47/338);

(*c*) Note by the Secretary-General submitting the report of the President of the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session on the outcome of consultations aimed at achieving an agreement on a code of conduct for transnational corporations (A/47/446).

Draft decision III

BIENNIAL PROGRAMME OF WORK FOR THE SECOND COMMITTEE FOR 1993-1994

The General Assembly decides to defer further consideration of the draft biennial programme of work for the Second Committee for 1993-1994.

DOCUMENT A/47/772

Report of the Third Committee

[*Original: English*]
[*11 December 1992*]

1. At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 12, the item entitled "Report of the Economic and Social Council". At the same meeting, the Assembly decided to allocate to the Third Committee for consideration and report chapters I, V (sections B, C, E, F and H), VII and IX of the report of the Economic and Social Council for the year 1992 (A/47/3/Rev.1)).

2. The chapters of the report of the Economic and Social Council relating to other agenda items allocated to the Third Committee were considered by the Committee under those items.

3. The Committee considered item 12 at its 52nd and 60th meetings on 1 and 9 December 1992. An account of the Committee's discussion is contained in the summary records of the meetings (A/C.3/47/SR.52 and 60).

4. For its consideration of the item, the Committee had before it the following documents:

[*See the list of documents at the end of the present fascicle.*]

Consideration of proposals

Organization of work of the Third Committee and draft biennial programme of work of the Committee for 1993-1994, contained in document A/C.3/47/L.50

5. At its 60th meeting, the Committee had before it a note by the Secretariat (A/C.3/47/L.50), entitled "Organization of work of the Third Committee and draft biennial programme of work of the Committee for 1993-1994", which had been orally revised at an informal meeting.

6. At the same meeting, the Committee approved the organization of work and draft biennial programme of work, as contained in annexes I and II to document A/C.3/47/L.50, as orally revised (see para. 8 below, draft decision I).

Documents relating to the report of the Economic and Social Council

7. At its 60th meeting, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that it should take note of the documents relating to the report of the Economic and Social Council (see para. 8 below, draft decision II).

Recommendation of the Third Committee

8. The Third Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of draft decisions I and II below:

Draft decision I

ORGANIZATION OF WORK OF THE THIRD COMMITTEE AND BIENNIAL PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE COMMITTEE FOR 1993-1994

The General Assembly, pursuant to its resolutions 45/175 of 18 December 1990 and 46/140 of 17 December 1991, approves the organization of work of the Third Committee and the biennial programme of work of the Committee for 1993-1994, as contained in annexes I and II to the present decision.

ANNEX I

Organization of work of the Third Committee

A. GUIDELINES CONCERNING TIME-LIMITS OF STATEMENTS

1. In accordance with rule 106 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly and paragraph 22 of decision 34/401 on the rationalization of the procedures and organization of the General Assembly, at the beginning of each session, the Chairman of the Third Committee should propose to the Committee the limitation of the time to be allowed to speakers.

2. Further to General Assembly resolutions 45/175 of 18 December 1990 and 46/140 of 17 December 1991, on the rationalization of the work of the Third Committee, statements made by delegations or on behalf of groups of delegations and by Secretariat officials, unless decided otherwise by the Committee at the beginning of the session, should not exceed 15 minutes. This time-limit will have to be applied with a degree of flexibility towards all speakers. With a view to saving time, all speakers are encouraged to exercise self-discipline, in particular delegations associated with group statements. For practical reasons, group statements are encouraged for the first day of the discussion of an item or sub-item. In this connection, it is important to emphasize the timely distribution of documentation in accordance with the rules of procedure of the Assembly, in order to enable delegations to inscribe themselves on the list of speakers at an early stage.

B. DRAFT RESOLUTIONS ON REPORTS OF TREATY BODIES AND REPORTS OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE STATUS OF THE TREATIES

3. Reports of all treaty bodies will be submitted to the General Assembly in accordance with their respective legislative mandates. Substantive resolutions on those reports should be adopted biennially, in accordance with the programme of work of the Third Committee. Where possible, it is recommended that separate draft resolutions on the status of the treaties should not be submitted but should be incorporated in the draft resolution relating to the report of the treaty body. In alternate years, the Committee should simply take note of the reports unless more substantive action is deemed appropriate.

C. DRAFT PROPOSALS EMANATING FROM SUBSIDIARY ORGANS OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

4. The Economic and Social Council, in transmitting draft proposals to the General Assembly should, to the extent possible, bear in mind the programme of work of the Third Committee.

D. PROGRAMME OF WORK

5. An informal meeting of the Third Committee should be held immediately after the election of the members of its Bureau in order to consider the programme of work of the Committee based on a draft to be prepared by the Secretariat and to consider other organizational aspects relating to the Committee's work, especially the status of documentation.

6. The items allocated to the Third Committee for consideration during the forty-eighth session of the General Assembly should be taken up in the following order:

Item 2. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination[14]

Item 3. Right of peoples to self-determination[14]

Item 4. Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family[15]

Item 5. Crime prevention and criminal justice[15]

Item 6. Advancement of women

Item 7. International drug control

Item 8. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Item 9. Human rights questions[16, 17]

(*a*) Implementation of human rights instruments;

(*b*) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

(*c*) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives

Item 1. Report of the Economic and Social Council (item 12)

7. This arrangement may be reviewed at the organizational meeting of the Third Committee particularly in the light of the status of documentation at that time.

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[14]Items 2 and 3 are to be discussed jointly. Delegates may make two separate statements, i.e., one on each item, if they so wish.

[15]Items 4 and 5 are to be discussed jointly. Delegates that wish to make two statements under item 4 may do so.

[16]Sub-item (*a*) is to be discussed separately; sub-items (*b*) and (*c*) are to be discussed jointly.

[17]Delegations that wish to make two statements under the item may do so, but should not make two statements on any one sub-item.

E. PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF DRAFT RESOLUTIONS

8. In drawing up draft resolutions, delegations are requested to adhere to the programme of work of the Third Committee agreed to in General Assembly resolutions 45/175 and 46/140 and as reproduced below.

9. Delegations are invited to take into account the general guidelines agreed upon in resolutions 45/175 and 46/140 regarding the submission of draft proposals and as set out below:[18]

Item 1. Report of the Economic and Social Council

Matters calling for action by the General Assembly (Third Committee) or brought to its attention

—Questions that do not fall within the purview of the other items on the agenda of the General Assembly allocated to the Third Committee

Item 2. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Annual

Third Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination

Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination

Status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid

Biennial

Status of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (even years)

Item 3. Right of peoples to self-determination

Annual

Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights

Universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination

Use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of people to self-determination (to be considered biennially after the entry into force of the International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries)

Item 4. Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family

Annual

World social situation[19]

World Summit for Social Development

Biennial

Implementation of the World Programme of Action concerning Disabled Persons and the United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons (1993 and odd years)

Implementation of the International Plan of Action on Ageing, International Year of Older Persons (1999) and related activities (1993 and odd years)

Policies and programmes involving youth (even years)

National experience in promoting the cooperative movement (even years)

Popular participation in its various forms as an important factor in development and in the full realization of all human rights (odd years)

Implementation of the Guiding Principles for Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes in the Near Future (odd years)

International Year of the Family (1993 and 1994; thereafter, biennially, if necessary)

Quinquennial

Anniversary of the Declaration on Social Progress and Development (1994)

International Literacy Year (1995)

Item 5. Crime prevention and criminal justice

Annual

United Nations African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

Biennial

International cooperation in combating organized crime (even years)

Crime prevention and criminal justice (odd years)

Quinquennial

Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders (1995)

Item 6. Advancement of women

Annual

Implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women

Improvement of the status of women in the Secretariat

Fourth World Conference on Women (to 1995)

Violence against migrant women workers

Biennial

Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (even years)

International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (odd years)

United Nations Development Fund for Women (odd years)

National experience relating to the improvement of the situation of women in rural areas (odd years)

Item 7. International drug control

Annual

Implementation of the United Nations System-Wide Action Plan on Drug Abuse Control and the Global Programme of Action against illicit production, supply, demand, trafficking and distribution of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances

International action to combat drug abuse and illicit trafficking

Respect for the principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and international law in the fight against drug abuse and illicit trafficking

United Nations International Drug Control Programme

Biennial

Implementation of the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (even years)

Item 8. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Annual

Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

International Conference on Central American Refugees

Assistance to refugees, returnees and displaced persons in Africa

Biennial

New international humanitarian order (even years)

Quinquennial

Extension of the mandate of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (1997)

[18] Reference to "even" or "odd" years relate to calendar years.

[19] 1993—Report on the world social situation and report of the Commission for Social Development.

1994—General debate on the basis of the report of the Economic and Social Council.

1995—Interim report on the world social situation and report of the Commission for Social Development.

1996—General debate on the basis of the report of the Economic and Social Council.

Item 9. Human rights questions

(a) *Implementation of human rights instruments*

Annual

Effective implementation of international instruments on human rights, including reporting obligations under international instruments of human rights

International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of the Their Families (biennially after the entry into force of the Convention)

Biennial

Convention on the Rights of the Child (even years)

Report of the Committee against Torture and status of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (even years)

United Nations Voluntary Fund for Victims of Torture (even years)

Status of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (even years)

International Covenants on Human Rights (odd years)

(b) *Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms*

Annual

Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms

Right to development

Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance

Respect for the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes

Enhancing the effectiveness of the principle of periodic and genuine elections (biennially after the forty-ninth session)

World Conference on Human Rights (1993)

Strengthening of the Centre for Human Rights of the Secretariat

Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities

International Year of the World's Indigenous People (1992, 1993 and 1994)

Strengthening of United Nations action in the field of human rights through the promotion of international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity

United Nations year for tolerance (1993)

Plight of street children

Biennial

Summary or arbitrary executions (even years)

Development of public information activities in the field of human rights (even years)

Regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights (even years)

Regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights in the Asian and Pacific region (even years)

United Nations Voluntary Fund for Indigenous Populations (even years)

Question of enforced or involuntary disappearances (even years)

Human rights and extreme poverty (even years)

Human rights and mass exoduses (odd years)

Human rights in the administration of justice (odd years)

Human rights and scientific and technological progress (odd years)

National institutions for the protection and promotion of human rights (odd years)

Quinquennial

Award of human rights prizes

(c) *Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives*

ANNEX II

Biennial programme of work of the Third Committee for 1993-1994

1993[20]

Item 1. Report of the Economic and Social Council

Matters calling for action by the General Assembly (Third Committee) or brought to its attention

Documentation

Relevant chapters of the report of the Economic and Social Council on questions that do not fall within the purview of the other items on the agenda of the General Assembly allocated to the Third Committee

Item 2. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (resolution 2106 A (XX))

Report of the Secretary-General on the draft programme of action for the third decade to combat racism and racial discrimination (resolution 47/77)

Report of the Secretary-General on the financial situation of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (resolution 47/79)

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid (resolutions 3380 (XXX) and 47/81)

Item 3. Right of peoples to self-determination

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination (resolution 47/83)

Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights on the use of mercenaries as a means to violate human rights and to impede the exercise of the right of peoples to self-determination (resolution 47/84)

Questions for consideration for which no advance documentation has been requested

Importance of the universal realization of the right of peoples to self-determination and of the speedy granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples for the effective guarantee and observance of human rights

Item 4. Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family[21]

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report on the world social situation (resolutions 44/56, 44/57 and 45/87 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/26)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on the progress achieved in the implementation of and follow-up action to the Guiding Principles for Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes in the Near Future (resolution 46/90)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on preparation for and observance of the International Year of the Family (resolution 46/92)

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[20]The programme of work and documentation for 1993 will be revised in the light of the relevant decisions taken by the Economic and Social Council in 1993.

[21]General debate on the basis of the report on the world social situation and the report of the Commission for Social Development.

[22]Report submitted to the General Assembly through the Economic and Social Council.

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the International Plan of Action on Ageing (resolution 47/86)

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the resolution on the full integration of persons with disabilities into society (resolution 47/88)

Report of the Preparatory Committee for the World Summit for Social Development (resolution 47/92)

Item 5. Crime prevention and criminal justice

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders (resolution 47/89)

Item 6. Advancement of women

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council, including the draft declaration on the elimination of violence against women (Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/18)

Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (resolution 34/180)[22]

Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme on the activities of the United Nations Development Fund for Women (resolutions 39/125 and 46/99)

Preliminary version of the *World Survey on the Role of Women in Development* (resolutions 44/77 and 44/171)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on the improvement of the situation of women in rural areas (resolution 44/78)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (resolution 45/124)

Report of the Secretary-General on the activities of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (resolution 46/99)

Report of the Secretary-General on the improvement of the status of women in the Secretariat (resolution 47/93)

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women (resolution 47/95, para. 26)

Report of the Secretary-General on the state of preparation for the Fourth World Conference on Women (resolution 47/95, para. 27)

Oral report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the resolution on violence against migrant women workers (resolution 47/96)

Item 7. International drug control[23]

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council, including comments of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on the report of the Secretary-General submitted to it pursuant to paragraph 4 of resolution 47/99

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Global Programme of Action against illicit production, supply, demand, trafficking and distribution of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances (resolutions 45/148, 46/102, 47/100, para. 8, and 47/102, sect. II)

Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations International Drug Control Programme, including a section on respect for the principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and international law in the fight against drug abuse and illicit trafficking (resolutions 47/98 and 47/101)

Report of the Administrative Committee on Coordination on an update of the United Nations System-Wide Action Plan on Drug Abuse Control (resolution 47/100, para. 5)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on international action to combat drug abuse and illicit trafficking (resolution 47/102, sect. I, and sect. II, para. 6)

Item 8. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

Report of the Secretary-General on the International Conference on Central American Refugees (resolution 47/103)

Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to refugees, returnees and displaced persons in Africa (resolution 47/107)

Item 9. Human rights questions

(a) *Implementation of human rights instruments*

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Human Rights Committee (resolution 2200 A (XXI))[22]

Report of the Committee against Torture (resolution 39/46)

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the Optional Protocols to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (resolution 46/113)

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (resolution 47/110)

Report of the Secretary-General on effective implementation of international instruments on human rights, including reporting obligations under international instruments on human rights (resolution 47/111)

Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the updated report of the independent expert on possible long-term approaches to enhancing the effective operation of human rights bodies (resolution 47/111, para. 2)

(b) *Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms*

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council, including information on popular participation in its various forms as an important factor in development and in the full realization of all human rights (resolution 44/53) and the recommendations of the Council on the proposed United Nations year for tolerance (resolution 47/124, para. 3)

Report of the Secretary-General on human rights in the administration of justice (resolution 46/120)

Report of the Secretary-General on national institutions for the protection and promotion of human rights (resolution 46/124)

Report of the Secretary-General on the outcome of the World Conference on Human Rights (resolution 47/122)

Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report on the right to development (resolution 47/123)

Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on the observance of the proposed United Nations year for tolerance (resolution 47/124, para. 2)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on strengthening the Centre for Human Rights (resolution 47/127)

[23] Pursuant to resolution 47/99, the General Assembly is to hold four plenary meetings at a high level, at its forty-eighth session, in order to examine the status of international cooperation against the illicit production, sale, demand, traffic and distribution of narcotic drugs, on the basis of comments of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs to be included in the report of the Economic and Social Council to the General Assembly.

Report of the Secretary-General on respect for the principles of national sovereignty and non-interference in the internal affairs of States in their electoral processes (resolution 47/130)

Report of the Secretary-General on the Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic, Religious and Linguistic Minorities (resolution 47/135)

Report of the Secretary-General on enhancing the effectiveness of the principle of periodic and genuine elections (resolution 47/138)

Questions for consideration for which no advance documentation has been requested

Human rights and scientific and technological progress (resolution 46/126)

Strengthening of United Nations action in the human rights field through the promotion of international cooperation and the importance of non-selectivity, impartiality and objectivity (resolutions 46/129 and 47/131)

Plight of street children (resolution 47/126)

Elimination of all forms of religious intolerance (resolution 47/129)

Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms (resolution 47/137)

(c) *Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives*[24]

Item 10. Situation of human rights in Estonia and Latvia

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General (resolution 47/115)

1994

Item 1. Report of the Economic and Social Council

Matters calling for action by the General Assembly (Third Committee) or brought to its attention

Documentation

Relevant chapters of the report of the Economic and Social Council on questions that do not fall within the purview of the other items on the agenda of the General Assembly allocated to the Third Committee

Item 2. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (resolution 2106 A (XX))

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the International Convention on the Suppression and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid (resolution 3380 (XXX))

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (resolutions 2106 A (XX) and 47/78)

Item 3. Right of peoples to self-determination

No advance documentation requested

Item 4. Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the resolution on policies and programmes involving youth (resolution 47/85)

Report of the Secretary-General on the status and role of cooperatives in the light of new economic and social trends (resolution 47/90)

Report of the Preparatory Committee for the World Summit for Social Development (resolution 47/92)

Questions for consideration for which no advance documentation has been requested

Twenty-fifth anniversary of the Declaration on Social Progress and Development (resolution 44/57)

Item 5. Crime prevention and criminal justice

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council, including the views of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice on strengthening international cooperation in combating organized crime (resolution 47/87)

Item 6. Advancement of women

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (resolution 34/180)[22]

Final version of the *World Survey on the Role of Women in Development* (resolutions 44/77 and 44/171)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (resolution 45/124)

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the resolution on the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (resolution 47/94)

Item 7. International drug control

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Global Programme of Action against illicit production, supply, demand, trafficking and distribution of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances (resolutions 45/148, 46/102 and 47/100)

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (resolution 47/97)

Item 8. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

Report of the Secretary-General on the new international humanitarian order (resolution 47/106)

Item 9. Human rights questions

(a) *Implementation of human rights instruments*

Documentation

Relevant chapter of the report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the Human Rights Committee (resolution 2200 A (XXI))[22]

Report of the Committee against Torture (resolution 39/46)

Report of the Committee on the Rights of the Child (resolution 44/25)[22]

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (resolution 47/108)

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the Convention on the Rights of the Child (resolution 47/112)

[24]To be determined by the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-ninth session and the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 1993.

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (resolution 47/113)

(b) *Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms*

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on the state of regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights (resolution 47/125)

Report of the Secretary-General on the development of public information activities in the field of human rights (resolution 47/128)

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the United Nations Voluntary Fund for Indigenous Populations (decision 47/430)

Questions for consideration for which no advance documentation has been requested

Question of enforced or involuntary disappearances (resolutions 47/132 and 47/133)

Human rights and extreme poverty (resolution 47/134)

(c) *Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives*

Draft decision II

DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE REPORT OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

The General Assembly takes note of the following documents:

(*a*) Chapters I, V (sections B, C, E, F and H), VII and IX of the report of the Economic and Social Council (A/47/3/Rev.1);

(*b*) Report of the Secretary-General on regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights in the Asian and Pacific region (A/47/184-E/1992/44);

(*c*) Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/39, entitled "Review of the conditions necessary for the effective functioning of the Non-Governmental Organizations Unit of the Department of Economic and Social Development" (A/C.3/47/13).

DOCUMENT A/47/834

Report of the Fifth Committee

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*22 December 1992*]

1. At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 12, the item entitled "Report of the Economic and Social Council" and to allocate to the Fifth Committee for consideration and report chapters I, V (sections B to D) and IX of the report of the Economic and Social Council (A/47/3/Rev.1).

2. The Committee noted various chapters of the report of the Economic and Social Council in the context of its consideration of other items, notably, item 103 (Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations), item 104 (Programme budget for the biennium 1992-1993) and item 105 (Programme planning).

3. At its 35th meeting, on 1 December 1992, the Committee decided, without objection, to recommend to the General Assembly that it take note of the chapters of the report of the Economic and Social Council that had been allocated to the Fifth Committee (see para. 4 below).

Recommendation of the Fifth Committee

4. The Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following draft decision:

REPORT OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

The General Assembly takes note of chapters I, V (sections B to D) and IX of the report of the Economic and Social Council (A/47/3/Rev.1).

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 76th plenary meeting, on 1 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted the draft resolution submitted by the Second Committee in part I of its report (A/47/717, para. 8). For the final text, see resolution 47/40.[25]

At its 92nd plenary meeting, on 18 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted draft decisions I and II submitted by the Third Committee in its report (A/47/772, para. 8). For the final texts, see decisions 47/432 and 47/433.[25]

At its 93rd plenary meeting, on 22 December 1992, the General Assembly took action on draft resolutions I to VIII and draft decisions I to III submitted by the Second Committee in part II of its report (A/47/717/Add.1, paras. 52 and 53): draft resolution I was adopted by 155 votes to 2, with 3 abstentions;* draft resolution II was adopted

* Recorded vote.

[25] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

without a vote; draft resolution III was adopted by 150 votes to 3, with 5 abstentions;* draft resolutions IV to VIII were adopted without a vote; draft decisions I to III were adopted without a vote. For the final texts, see resolutions 47/170 to 47/177 and decisions 47/438 to 47/440.[25]

At its 94th plenary meeting, on 23 December 1992, the General Assembly adopted the draft decision submitted by the Fifth Committee in its report (A/47/834, para. 4). For the final text, see decision 47/461.[25]

Also at its 94th plenary meeting, the General Assembly took note of chapters I, V (sections C and G), VIII and IX of the report of the Economic and Social Council (see decision 47/462[25]).

At its 112th plenary meeting, on 20 September 1993, the General Assembly, in the context of agenda item 12 and sub-item (*a*) of agenda item 93, adopted a draft resolution contained in document A/47/1011, which had been recommended by the Economic and Social Council. For the final text, see resolution 47/237.[26]

[26]Ibid., vol. II.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEM

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Observations and references*
A/47/3	Report of the Economic and Social Council for the year 1992	For the final text, see A/47/3/Rev.1
A/47/3/Rev.1	*Idem*	*Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 3*
A/47/15, vols. I and II	Report of the Trade and Development Board on the second part of its thirty-eighth session and first part of its thirty-ninth session	Ibid., *Supplement No. 15*, vols. I and II
A/47/82-S/23512	Letter dated 30 January 1992 from the representative of Sri Lanka to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Colombo Declaration, issued at the Sixth Meeting of the Heads of State or Government of the member countries of the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation, held at Colombo on 21 December 1991	
A/47/83	Letter dated 3 February 1992 from the representative of Ukraine to the Secretary-General	
A/47/132	Letter dated 23 March 1992 from the representative of Ukraine to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the "Appeal of the Heads of State of Belarus, the Russian Federation and Ukraine to the United Nations concerning provision of Assistance in Mitigating the Consequences of the Chernobyl Catastrophe", issued at Kiev on 20 March 1992	
A/47/184-E/1992/44	Regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights in the Asia and Pacific region: report of the Secretary-General	
A/47/212-E/1992/54	Assistance to the Palestinian people: report of the Secretary-General	
A/47/222-E/1992/57 and Corr.1	Products harmful to health and the environment: report of the Secretary-General	
A/47/225-S/23998	Letter dated 22 May 1992 from the representatives of Indonesia and Yugoslavia to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the communiqué issued at the conclusion of the Ministerial Meeting of the Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries held on Bali from 14 to 16 May 1992	
A/47/267	Letter dated 11 June 1992 from the representatives of Poland and Ukraine to the Secretary-General transmitting information concerning the Treaty on Good Neighbourliness, Friendly Relations and Cooperation, signed by Poland and Ukraine on 18 May 1992	
A/47/278-E/1992/77	Note by the Secretary-General of the United Nations transmitting the note by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development on the resource and other implications of the application of the new criteria for identifying the least developed countries on the implementation of the Programme of Action for those countries for the 1990s	
A/47/283-E/1992/83	The unification of Yemen—Support of the international community for its economic and social infrastructure—Assistance to Yemen: report of the Secretary-General	
A/47/289-E/1992/68	Report of the Director-General of the World Health Organization on the implementation of the global strategy for the prevention and control of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS): note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	

Symbol	Title or description	Observations and references
A/47/294-E/1992/84	Economic and social consequences of the establishment of settlements by Israel in the Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, and the Syrian Golan: report of the Secretary-General	
A/47/308-E/1992/97	Letter dated 30 June 1992 from the representative of Belgium to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the Geneva Declaration for Rural Women, adopted at the Summit on the economic advancement of rural women, held at Geneva on 25 and 26 February 1992	
A/47/338	Report of the Executive Director of the United Nations Population Fund on the United Nations Population Award: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	
A/47/375-S/24429	Letter dated 11 August 1992 from the representative of Germany to the Secretary-General transmitting the texts of the final documents of the Munich Economic Summit, held at Munich from 6 to 8 July 1992	
A/47/403	Impact of the evolution of East-West relations on global growth and development: report of the Secretary-General	
A/47/407	Note by the Secretary-General on the annual overview report of the Administrative Committee on Coordination for 1991, contained in documents E/1992/11 and Add.1 and 2	
A/47/408	Note by the Secretary-General on the report of the Chairmen of the Committee for Programme and Coordination and the Administrative Committee on Coordination on the twenty-sixth series of Joint Meetings of the two Committees, contained in document E/1991/143	
A/47/411	Letter dated 25 August 1992 from the representative of Mauritius to the Secretary-General	
A/47/445	Note by the Secretary-General regarding resolution 5.6 of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, entitled "Consultations with the United Nations with a view to declaring 1995 United Nations year for tolerance"	
A/47/446	Report of the President of the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session on the outcome of consultations aimed at achieving an agreement on a code of conduct for transnational corporations: note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report	
A/47/499	Letter dated 2 October 1992 from the representative of Pakistan to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the declaration adopted by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77 at their sixteenth annual meeting, held in New York on 1 October 1992	
A/47/558	Letter dated 16 October 1992 from the representative of Mauritania to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the resolutions adopted by the Council of Ministers of the Organization of African Unity at its fifty-sixth ordinary session, held at Dakar from 22 to 28 June 1992 (annex I), and the resolutions adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at its twenty-eighth ordinary session, held at Dakar from 29 June to 1 July 1992 (annex II)	
A/47/627	Position papers submitted by delegations or groups of delegations to the ad hoc open-ended working group of the Economic and Social Council on enhancing international cooperation for development—the role of the United Nations, and the compendium of position papers prepared by the Secretariat: note by the Secretary-General	
A/47/1011	Letter dated 2 September 1993 from the President of the Economic and Social Council to the President of the General Assembly transmitting a draft resolution	See annex fascicle, agenda item 93
A/C.2/47/L.2	Note by the Secretariat transmitting a draft resolution	See A/47/717/Add.1, para. 2
A/C.2/47/L.5	*Idem*	Replaced by A/C.2/47/L.5/Rev.1
A/C.2/47/L.5/Rev.1	Note by the Secretariat transmitting a revised draft resolution	See A/47/717/Add.1, paras. 5 and 52, draft resolution I
A/C.2/47/L.23	Draft resolution	Ibid., para. 10
A/C.2/47/L.29	*Idem*	Ibid., para. 15
A/C.2/47/L.29/Rev.1	Revised draft resolution	Ibid., paras. 15, 16 and 52, draft resolution III
A/C.2/47/L.34	Draft resolution	Ibid., para. 21
A/C.2/47/L.39	*Idem*	Ibid., paras. 27, 28 and 52, draft resolution V
A/C.2/47/L.40	*Idem*	Ibid., para. 31
A/C.2/47/L.40/Rev.1	Revised draft resolution	Ibid., paras. 31, 32 and 52, draft resolution VI
A/C.2/47/L.42	Draft resolution	Ibid., para. 35
A/C.2/47/L.50	*Idem*	Ibid., para. 42
A/C.2/47/L.54	*Idem*	See A/47/717, paras. 6 and 8
A/C.2/47/L.66	*Idem*	See A/47/717/Add.1, paras. 22, 24 and 52, draft resolution IV

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Observations and references*
A/C.2/47/L.73	*Idem*	Ibid., paras. 36 and 52, draft resolution VII
A/C.2/47/L.78	*Idem*	Ibid., paras. 11 and 52, draft resolution II
A/C.2/47/L.79	*Idem*	Ibid., paras. 43 and 52, draft resolution VIII
A/C.2/47/L.80	Note by the Secretariat on the draft biennial programme of work of the Second Committee for 1993-1994	
A/C.3/47/13	Implementation of Economic and Social Council resolution 1992/39, entitled "Review of the conditions necessary for the effective functioning of the Non-governmental Organizations Unit of the Department of Economic and Social Development": report of the Secretary-General	
A/C.3/47/L.50	Organization of work of the Third Committee and draft biennial programme of work of the Committee for 1993-1994: note by the Secretariat	See A/47/772, paras. 5 and 8, draft decision I
E/1992/11 and Add.1 and 2	Annual overview report of the Administrative Committee on Coordination for 1991	

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 14

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 14: Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency*

CONTENTS

Page

Document A/47/L.9/Rev.1 and Add.1: Albania, Argentina, Australia, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, Togo, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: revised draft resolution ... 1

Action taken by the General Assembly ... 2

List of other documents pertaining to the item ... 2

*For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, 44th and 45th meetings. For the prior consideration of the question, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 14.

DOCUMENT A/47/L.9/REV.1 AND ADD.1**

Albania, Argentina, Australia, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, Togo, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: revised draft resolution

[*Original: English*]
[*20 October 1992*]

The General Assembly,

Having received the report of the International Atomic Energy Agency to the General Assembly for the year 1991 (see A/47/374),

Taking note of the statement of the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency of 21 October 1992,[1] which provides additional information on the main developments in the activities of the Agency during 1992,

Recognizing the importance of the work of the Agency to promote further the application of atomic energy for peaceful purposes, as envisaged in its statute,

Also recognizing the special needs of the developing countries for technical assistance by the Agency in order to benefit effectively from the application of nuclear technology for peaceful purposes as well as from the contribution of nuclear energy to their economic development,

Conscious of the importance of the work of the Agency in the implementation of safeguards provisions of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons[2] and other international treaties, conventions and agreements designed to achieve similar objectives, as well as in ensuring, as far as it is able, that the assistance provided by the Agency or at its request or under its supervision or control is not used in such a way as to further any military purpose, as stated in article II of its statute,

Further recognizing the importance of the work of the Agency on nuclear power, applications of nuclear methods and techniques, nuclear safety, radiological protection and radioactive waste management, including its work directed towards assisting developing countries in planning for the introduction of nuclear power in accordance with their needs,

Again stressing the need for the highest standards of safety in the design and operation of nuclear plants so as to minimize risks to life, health and the environment,

Noting the statements and actions of the Agency concerning non-compliance by Iraq with its non-proliferation obligations,

Bearing in mind resolutions GC(XXXVI)/RES/577 on the nuclear capabilities of South Africa, GC(XXXVI)/RES/579 on non-compliance by Iraq with its safeguards obligations, GC(XXXVI)/RES/582 on measures to strengthen international cooperation in matters relating to nuclear safety and radiological protection, GC(XXXVI)/RES/583 on revision of the Basic Safety Standards for Radiation Protection, GC(XXXVI)/RES/584 on education and training in radiation protection and nuclear safety, GC(XXXVI)/RES/585 on liability for nuclear damage, GC(XXXVI)/RES/586 on strengthening the effectiveness and improving the efficiency of the safeguards system, GC(XXXVI)/RES/587 on strengthening of the main activities of the Agency, GC(XXXVI)/RES/588 on practical

**Document A/47/L.9/Rev.1/Add.1 was issued to add 10 States to the list of sponsors.

[1] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, 44th meeting.

[2] United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 729, No. 10485.

utilization of food irradiation in developing countries, GC(XXXVI)/RES/592 entitled "Plan for producing potable water economically", and GC(XXXVI)/RES/601 on the application of safeguards of the Agency in the Middle East, adopted on 25 September 1992 by the General Conference of the Agency at its thirty-sixth regular session,[3]

1. *Takes note* of the report of the International Atomic Energy Agency;

2. *Affirms* its confidence in the role of the Agency in the application of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes;

3. *Urges* all States to strive for effective and harmonious international cooperation in carrying out the work of the Agency, pursuant to its statute; in promoting the use of nuclear energy and the application of the necessary measures to strengthen further the safety of nuclear installations and to minimize risks to life, health and the environment; in strengthening technical assistance and cooperation for developing countries; and in ensuring the effectiveness and efficiency of the safeguards system of the Agency;

4. *Welcomes* the decisions taken by the Agency to strengthen its safeguards system;

5. *Welcomes also* the decisions taken by the Agency to strengthen its technical assistance and cooperation activities;

6. *Commends* the Director General of the Agency and his staff for their strenuous efforts in the implementation of Security Council resolutions 687 (1991) of 3 April 1991, 707 (1991) of 15 August 1991 and 715 (1991) of 11 October 1991, in particular the detection and destruction or otherwise rendering harmless of equipment and material which could be used for nuclear weapons;

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit to the Director General of the Agency the records of the forty-seventh session of the General Assembly relating to the activities of the Agency.

[3] See *International Atomic Energy Agency, Resolutions and Other Decisions of the General Conference, Thirty-sixth Regular Session, 21-25 September 1992* (GC(XXXVI)/RESOLUTIONS (1992)).

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 45th plenary meeting, on 22 October 1992, the General Assembly took action on draft resolution A/47/L.9/Rev.1. The eighth preambular paragraph of the draft resolution was adopted by 123 votes to 1, with 10 abstentions;* paragraph 6 was adopted by 124 votes to 1, with 10 abstentions;* and the draft resolution as a whole was adopted by 146 votes to none, with 5 abstentions.* For the final text, see resolution 47/8.[4]

*Recorded vote.

[4] See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEM

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Observations and references*
A/47/132	Letter dated 23 March 1992 from the representative of Ukraine to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the "Appeal of the Heads of State of Belarus, the Russian Federation and Ukraine to the United Nations concerning Provision of Assistance in Mitigating the Consequences of the Chernobyl Catastrophe", issued at Kiev on 20 March 1992	
A/47/301	Letter dated 30 June 1992 from the representative of Portugal to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of a statement of the European Community and its member States on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, issued at Lisbon and Brussels on 29 June 1992	
A/47/320-S/24262	Note by the Secretary-General	
A/47/347	Letter dated 27 July 1992 from the representative of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Secretary-General	
A/47/374	Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the thirty-sixth report of the International Atomic Energy Agency	For the report, see International Atomic Energy Agency, *The Annual Report for 1991* (Austria, July 1992), GC(XXXVI/1004)
A/47/803	Letter dated 17 December 1992 from the representatives of Argentina and Brazil to the Secretary-General	
A/47/L.9	Australia, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russian Federation, Sweden, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution	Replaced by document A/47/L.9/Rev.1

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 15

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 15: Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:*

(*a*) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;

(*b*) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council;

(*c*) Election of a member of the International Court of Justice

CONTENTS

	Page
Document A/47/884: Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional sub-item of item 15 of the agenda of the forty-seventh session	1
Document A/47/940-S/25726: List of candidates nominated by national groups: note by the Secretary-General	2
Action taken by the General Assembly	2
List of other documents pertaining to the item	2

*For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, 48th, 50th and 103rd meetings.

DOCUMENT A/47/884

Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional sub-item of item 15 of the agenda of the forty-seventh session

[*Original: English*]
[*8 February 1993*]

1. The Registrar of the International Court of Justice, by a letter dated 14 January 1993, informed the Secretary-General of the death of Judge Manfred Lachs (Poland) on 14 January 1993 and of the occurrence of a vacancy in the Court as a result of Judge Lachs' death.

2. Judge Lachs was elected as a member of the Court as from 6 February 1967, was re-elected as from 6 February 1976 and again, as from 6 February 1985. His present term of office would have expired on 5 February 1994. In accordance with the terms of the Statute of the International Court of Justice, the General Assembly and the Security Council will therefore have to elect a member of the Court to serve for the remainder of Judge Lachs' term, that is, until 5 February 1994.

3. By a letter dated 19 January 1993 and a note dated 1 February 1993,[1] the Secretary-General informed the Security Council of the occurrence of this vacancy in the Court. Pursuant to Article 14 of the Statute of the International Court of Justice, the Security Council is to fix the date of the election.

4. At its 3170th meeting, on 4 February 1993, the Security Council, by its resolution 805 (1993), the text of which is annexed hereto, decided that the election to fill the vacancy should take place on 10 May 1993 at a meeting of the Security Council and at a meeting of the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session.

5. It is therefore appropriate that the General Assembly include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, pursuant to rule 15 of its rules of procedure, an additional sub-item under item 15, entitled "Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs", as sub-item (*c*), entitled "Election of a member of the International Court of Justice".

6. Accordingly, this sub-item would be considered by the General Assembly on 10 May 1993, the date fixed therefor by the Security Council.

[1] S/25224.

ANNEX

Resolution 805 (1993) adopted by the Security Council at its 3170th meeting, on 4 February 1993

The Security Council,

Noting with regret the death of Judge Manfred Lachs on 14 January 1993,

Noting further that a vacancy in the International Court of Justice for the remainder of the term of office of the deceased Judge has thus occurred and must be filled in accordance with the terms of the Statute of the Court,

Noting that, in accordance with Article 14 of the Statute, the date of the election to fill the vacancy shall be fixed by the Security Council,

Decides that the election to fill the vacancy shall take place on 10 May 1993 at a meeting of the Security Council and at a meeting of the General Assembly at its forty-seventh session.

DOCUMENT A/47/940-S/25726

List of candidates nominated by national groups: note by the Secretary-General

[*Original: English*]
[*5 May 1993*]

1. By a communication dated 4 February 1993, addressed to States parties to the Statute of the International Court of Justice, the Secretary-General drew attention to the vacancy in the International Court of Justice caused by the death of Judge Manfred Lachs (Poland) on 14 January 1993. In the same communication, the Secretary-General, in accordance with Article 5, paragraph 1, of the Statute of the Court, invited the national groups of States parties to the Statute to undertake the nomination of persons in a position to accept the duties of a member of the Court. The Secretary-General further requested that nominations should be received no later than 4 May 1993.

2. In accordance with Article 7 of the Statute of the Court, the Secretary-General has the honour to submit to the General Assembly and to the Security Council a list in alphabetical order of all the persons thus nominated (see annex).

3. The composition of the Court and the procedure to be followed in the General Assembly and in the Security Council for filling the vacancy are contained in a memorandum by the Secretary-General (A/47/931-S/25657). The curricula vitae of the candidates are contained in a note by the Secretary-General (A/47/941-S/25727).

ANNEX
List of candidates

Name and nationality	*Nominated by the national group of*
Herczegh, Géza (Hungary)	France Hungary Sweden Venezuela
Skubiszewski, Krzysztof (Poland)	Austria Belgium France Greece Italy Luxembourg Poland Spain Switzerland United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland United States of America

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 48th plenary meeting, on 27 October 1992, the General Assembly elected Brazil, Djibouti, New Zealand, Pakistan and Spain non-permanent members of the Security Council for a two-year term beginning on 1 January 1993 (see decision 47/308[2]).

At its 50th plenary meeting, on 28 October 1992, the General Assembly elected the Bahamas, Bhutan, Canada, China, Cuba, Denmark, Gabon, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mexico, Nigeria, Norway, the Republic of Korea, Romania, the Russian Federation, Sri Lanka, Ukraine, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Zaire members of the Economic and Social Council for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1993 (see decision 47/309[2]).

At its 103rd plenary meeting, on 10 May 1993, the General Assembly and, at its 3209th meeting, on the same date, the Security Council elected Mr. Géza Herczegh (Hungary) a member of the International Court of Justice for a term ending on 5 February 1994 (see decision 47/326[3]).

[2]See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.
[3]Ibid., vol. II.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEM

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Observations and references*
A/47/391	Letter dated 17 August 1992 from the representative of Solomon Islands to the Secretary-General transmitting the text of the final communiqué of the Twenty-third South Pacific Forum, held at Honiara on 8 and 9 July 1992	
A/47/564	Letter dated 25 August 1992 from the representative of China to the Secretary-General	
A/47/931-S/25657	Memorandum by the Secretary-General	
A/47/941-S/25727	Curricula vitae of candidates nominated by national groups: note by the Secretary-General	

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 16

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 16: Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:*

(*a*) Election of twelve members of the World Food Council;

(*b*) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(*c*) Election of the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(*d*) Election of a member of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(*e*) Election of a member of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law

CONTENTS

	Page
Document A/47/860: Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of two additional sub-items in the agenda of the forty-seventh session	1
Action taken by the General Assembly	1
List of other documents pertaining to the item	2

*For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Plenary Meetings*, 44th, 80th and 95th meetings.

DOCUMENT A/47/860

Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of two additional sub-items in the agenda of the forty-seventh session

[*Original: English*]
[*11 January 1993*]

By a letter dated 10 December 1992, the Permanent Representative of the former Czech and Slovak Federal Republic to the United Nations informed the Secretary-General that the former Czech and Slovak Federal Republic would cease to exist on 31 December 1992.

In consequence, the seats that had been occupied by the former Czech and Slovak Federal Republic in the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme and the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law became vacant as at 1 January 1993.

The General Assembly will therefore be required at its forty-seventh session to elect a member of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme for the unexpired portion of the term of office of the former Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, that is, until 31 December 1995, as well as to elect a member of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law for the unexpired portion of the term of office of the former Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, that is, until the day prior to the beginning of the thirty-first session of the Commission in 1998.

Accordingly, it will be necessary to include in the agenda of the forty-seventh session under item 16, entitled "Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections", two additional sub-items entitled "Election of a member of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme" and "Election of a member of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law", respectively.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

At its 44th plenary meeting, on 21 October 1992, the General Assembly, on the basis of the nominations by the Economic and Social Council in its decision 1992/216 of 29 and 30 April 1992 and in accordance with paragraph 8 of Assembly resolution 3348 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974, elected Ecuador, France, Guinea-Bissau, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Japan, Nigeria, Norway, Peru and Tunisia members of the World Food Council for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993 (see decision 47/306[1]).

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[1]See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 49*, vol. I.

At its 44th plenary meeting, on 21 October 1992, the General Assembly, on the basis of the nominations by the Economic and Social Council in its decision 1992/216 of 29 and 30 April 1992 and in accordance with the annex to Council resolution 2008 (LX) of 14 May 1976 and paragraph 1 of Council resolution 1987/94 of 4 December 1987, elected China, Egypt, Japan, Kenya, Nicaragua, the Republic of Korea and Togo members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993 (see decision 47/307[1]).

At its 80th plenary meeting, on 8 December 1992, the General Assembly, on the proposal of the Secretary-General (A/47/752, para. 3), elected Ms. Elizabeth Dowdeswell, Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme, for a four-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993 (see decision 47/310[1]).

At its 95th plenary meeting, on 19 January 1993, the General Assembly, after consultation with the Chairman of the Group of Eastern European States, elected Slovakia as a member of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme, for a term of office beginning on 19 January 1993 and expiring on 31 December 1995, to fill the seat vacated by the former Czechoslovakia (see decision 47/318[2]).

At its 95th plenary meeting, on 19 January 1993, the General Assembly, after consultation with the Chairman of the Group of Eastern European States, elected Slovakia as a member of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law, for a term of office beginning on 19 January 1993 and expiring on the day prior to the beginning of the thirty-first session of the Commission in 1998, to fill the seat vacated by the former Czechoslovakia (see decision 47/319[2]).

[2]Ibid., vol. II.

LIST OF OTHER DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE ITEM

Symbol	*Title or description*	*Agenda item*	*Observations and references*
A/47/401 and Add.1	Note by the Secretary-General	16 (*a*)	
A/47/402	*Idem*	16 (*b*)	
A/47/752	*Idem*	16 (*c*)	

United Nations

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Official Records

Agenda item 17

ANNEXES

FORTY-SEVENTH SESSION

NEW YORK, 1992/1993

Agenda item 17: Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:*

- **(*a*) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;**
- **(*b*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;**
- **(*c*) Appointment of a member of the Board of Auditors;**
- **(*d*) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;**
- **(*e*) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal;**
- **(*f*) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission;**
- **(*g*) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences;**
- **(*h*) Appointment of a member of the Joint Inspection Unit;**
- **(*i*) Confirmation of the appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development;**
- **(*j*) Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee;**
- **(*k*) Confirmation of the appointment of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme**

CONTENTS

	Page
Document A/47/907: Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional sub-item in item 17 of the agenda of the forty-seventh session	1
Document A/47/961: Secretary-General: request for the inclusion of an additional sub-item in item 17 of the agenda of the forty-seventh session	2
Documents A/47/464 and Add.1: Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*a*)	2
Documents A/47/836 and Add.1: Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*b*)	3
Document A/47/837: Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*c*)	4
Document A/47/838: Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*d*)	5
Document A/47/839: Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*e*)	5
Document A/47/840: Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*f*)	5
Document A/47/929: Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*j*)	6
Action taken by the General Assembly	7
List of other documents pertaining to the item	8

* At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 18 September 1992, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee, decided to include in the agenda of its forty-seventh session, as item 17, the question relating to appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments. At the same meeting, the Assembly decided to allocate sub-items (*a*) to (*f*) to the Fifth Committee for consideration and report and also decided that sub-items (*g*) to (*i*) would be considered directly in plenary meeting. At its 98th plenary meeting, on 8 April 1993, the Assembly decided to include in item 17 an additional sub-item, (*f*), and to allocate it to the Fifth Committee for consideration and report. At its 105th plenary meeting, on 15 June 1993, the Assembly decided to include in item 17 an additional sub-item, (*k*), and to consider it directly in plenary meeting.

For the records of the relevant meetings, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Fifth Committee*, 2nd, 18th, 21st, 26th, 48th and 65th meetings, and corrigendum; and ibid., *Plenary Meetings*, 11th, 93rd to 95th, 97th, 98th, 100th, 105th and 112th meetings. For the prior consideration of the question, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-sixth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 18.

DOCUMENT A/47/907

Secretary-General: request for inclusion of an additional sub-item in item 17 of the agenda of the forty-seventh session

[*Original: English*]
[*17 March 1993*]

NOTE BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

1. Article 6 of the regulations of the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Fund provides as follows:

"Article 6

"*Staff pension committees*

"(*a*) The United Nations Staff Pension Committee shall consist of four members and four alternate members elected by the General Assembly, . . .

"(*b*) The elected members and alternate members of the Committee shall hold office for three years or until the election of their successors, and shall be eligible for re-election; in the event that such a member or alternate member ceases, during his term of office, to be a member of the Committee, another member or alternate member may be elected to hold office during the remainder of his term.

"(*c*) . . ."

2. The Secretary-General has received notification of the resignation of Mr. Mohamed Férid Belhaj (Tunisia) as an alternate member of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee. The General Assembly will therefore be required at its current session to appoint a person to fill the unexpired portion of the term of office of Mr. Belhaj, that is, until 31 December 1994. Accordingly, it will be necessary to include in the agenda of the forty-seventh session under item 17, entitled "Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments", an additional sub-item entitled "Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee".

3. At previous sessions, the Fifth Committee submitted to the General Assembly a draft decision containing the name of a person recommended for appointment. It is suggested that a similar procedure be followed at the forty-seventh session.

DOCUMENT A/47/961

Secretary-General: request for inclusion of an additional sub-item in item 17 of the agenda of the forty-seventh session

[*Original: English*]
[*3 June 1993*]

NOTE BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

1. The Secretary-General has accepted, with regret, the resignation of Mr. William H. Draper III as Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme, effective 15 July 1993.

2. The Secretary-General, in accordance with the procedure established on the basis of General Assembly resolution 1240 (XIII) of 14 October 1958 on the establishment of the Special Fund, will appoint the Administrator after consultation with the members of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme.

3. The General Assembly, pursuant to the established procedure, will be required, at its current session, to confirm the appointment of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme.

4. Accordingly, the Secretary-General has the honour to request, pursuant to rule 15 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, the inclusion in the agenda of the forty-seventh session, under agenda item 17, entitled "Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments", of an additional sub-item entitled "Confirmation of the appointment of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme".

DOCUMENTS A/47/464 AND ADD.1

Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*a*)

DOCUMENT A/47/464

PART I OF THE REPORT

[*Original: English*]
[*23 September 1992*]

1. At its 2nd meeting, on 23 September 1992, the Fifth Committee considered a note by the Secretary-General (A/47/101/Add.1) concerning a vacancy that had arisen in the membership of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions as a result of the resignation of Mr. Yogesh Kumar Gupta.

2. Mr. Ranjit Rae (India) was nominated by his Government to fill the unexpired portion of the term of office of Mr. Gupta, that is, until 31 December 1992.

3. The Fifth Committee decided, by acclamation, to recommend to the General Assembly that it should appoint Mr. Ranjit Rae (India) as a member of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for a term of office beginning on _____ 1992[1] and ending on 31 December 1992.

[1] Date of adoption of the decision by the General Assembly.

Recommendation of the Fifth Committee

4. The Fifth Committee recommends that the General Assembly should appoint the following person as a member of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for a term of office beginning on 1992[1] and ending on 31 December 1992:

Mr. Ranjit Rae.

DOCUMENT A/47/464/ADD.1

PART II OF THE REPORT

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*22 December 1992*]

1. At its 18th meeting, on 3 November 1992, the Fifth Committee considered a note by the Secretary-General (A/47/101) concerning the vacancies that would occur in the membership of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions as a result of the expiration of the term of office of six of its members on 31 December 1992.

2. The Fifth Committee also had before it a note by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/30) containing the names of nine persons nominated by their respective Governments for appointment or reappointment to the Advisory Committee for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993.

3. At the same meeting, the Fifth Committee was informed that the Government of Belgium had decided to withdraw the candidature of Mr. Adrien Teirlinck for appointment to the Advisory Committee.

4. The Fifth Committee decided, by acclamation, to recommend to the General Assembly the appointment to the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993, of Mr. Tadanori Inomata (Japan), Mr. Ranjit Rae (India) and Mr. Yu Mengjia (China).

5. The Fifth Committee proceeded to elect by secret ballot one person from the candidates proposed by Member States from the Group of Latin American and Caribbean States. The result of the voting was as follows:

Number of ballot papers:	166
Invalid ballots:	19
Number of valid ballots:	147
Abstentions:	None
Number of members voting:	147
Required majority:	74
Number of votes obtained:	
Mr. Jorge José Duhalt	84
Mr. Carlos Casap	63

6. Mr. Jorge José Duhalt (Mexico), having obtained the required majority, the Fifth Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly his appointment as a member of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993.

7. The Fifth Committee then proceeded to elect by secret ballot two persons from the candidates proposed by Member States from the Group of Western European and Other States. The result of the voting was as follows:

Number of ballot papers:	169
Invalid ballots:	11
Number of valid ballots:	158
Abstentions:	None
Number of members voting:	158
Required majority:	80
Number of votes obtained:	
Mr. Gérard Biraud	117
Mr. Wolfgang Münch	102
Mr. Russell Merifield	87

8. Mr. Gérard Biraud (France) and Mr. Wolfgang Münch (Germany), having obtained the required majority and the highest number of votes, the Fifth Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly their appointment as members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993.

Recommendation of the Fifth Committee

9. The Fifth Committee recommends that the General Assembly should appoint the following persons as members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993:

Mr. Gérard Biraud,
Mr. Jorge José Duhalt,
Mr. Tadanori Inomata,
Mr. Wolfgang Münch,
Mr. Ranjit Rae,
Mr. Yu Mengjia.

DOCUMENTS A/47/836 AND ADD.1

Report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 17 (*b*)

DOCUMENT A/47/836

PART I OF THE REPORT

[*Original: Spanish*]
[*18 December 1992*]

1. At its 21st meeting, on 6 November 1992, the Fifth Committee considered a note by the Secretary-General (A/47/102) concerning the vacancies that would occur in the membership of the Committee on Contributions as a result of the expiration of the term of office of six of its members on 31 December 1992.

2. The Fifth Committee also had before it a note by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/47/31) containing the names of seven persons nominated by their respective Governments for appointment or reappointment to the Committee on Contributions for a three-year term of office, beginning on 1 January 1993.

3. The Fifth Committee decided, by acclamation, to recommend to the General Assembly that it should appoint to the Committee on Contributions, for a three-year term of office beginning on 1 January 1993, Mr. Tarak Ben Hamida (Tunisia), Mr. Peter Gregg (Australia), Mr. Mohamed Mahmoud Ould El Ghaouth (Mauritania) and Mr. Dimitri Rallis (Greece).